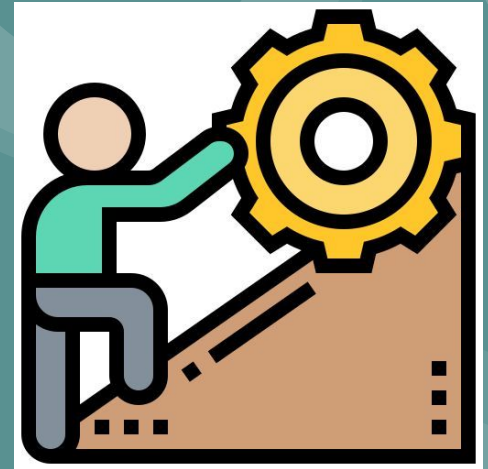


Tools for Thoughtful Assessment: Explaining Solutions

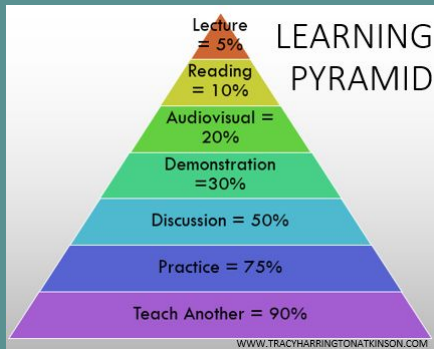
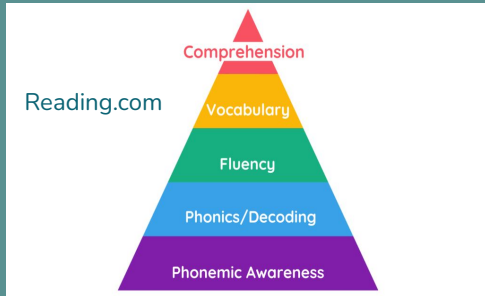
Sarah Thorpe
6th Grade Math Teacher/Deeper Learning Couch
Lee County Middle High School

Challenges in the Classroom

- ❑ Foundational skills to build on
- ❑ Understanding math vocabulary
- ❑ Writing and verbalizing accurate descriptions
- ❑ Using vocabulary to explain reasoning



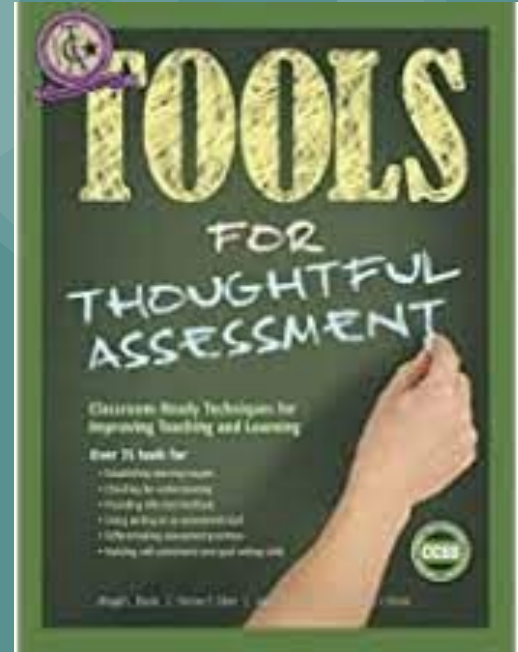
Why these challenges?



- ❑ Gaps between developmental writing skills and application of knowledge
- ❑ Critical thinking deficits
- ❑ Strong teaching strategies
- ❑ Structural family support missing
- ❑ Unidentified learning disabilities

Addressing Challenges

- ❑ *Explaining Solutions, Tools for Thoughtful Assessment, pg. 90*



Strengths of the Tool

- ❑ Enhances proficiency of vocabulary
- ❑ Broadens vocabulary cache
- ❑ Utilizes critical thinking skills
- ❑ Develops writing skills and handwriting
- ❑ Solving and explaining word problems in Math
- ❑ Increases focus and retention
- ❑ Boosts confidence
- ❑ Identifies deficits
- ❑ Allows for reflection of understanding
- ❑ Provides room for feedback
- ❑ Increased performance
- ❑ Bridges gaps between writing and application across subjects

Research in Action



I will use the Explaining Solutions tool to increase the amount of math terminology and the accuracy of solution in descriptive reasoning processes

Goals for Utilizing Explaining Solutions

- ❑ Increased use of Mathematical vocabulary when explaining reasoning
- ❑ Accurate descriptions and use of words
- ❑ Development of fundamental writing skills
- ❑ Deeper understanding of subject
- ❑ Applicable critical thinking skills
- ❑ Accurate solutions

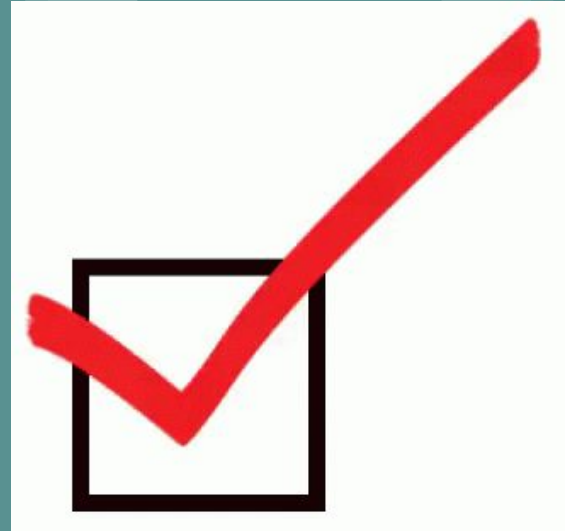


Implementation of Tool

- ❑ When:
 - ❑ Utilize strategy in the first two weeks of February
- ❑ Frequency:
 - ❑ Every day for 2 weeks
- ❑ Students will solve a word problem and explain their reasoning using as many accurate Mathematical vocabulary words as possible and correct sentence structure
- ❑ Record data by tallying number of vocabulary words used in explanation when used accurately to describe their solution or understanding
- ❑ Discuss anonymous examples with class for feedback
- ❑ Privately read through explanations daily for next steps and assessment

Assessment of Tool

- ❑ Observe measurable data
- ❑ Graph measurable data
- ❑ Share measurable data with co-workers and deeper learning coaches
- ❑ Reflect on problem areas, improvements, and successes
- ❑ Implement changes



Style of Questioning



| | "Explain your reasoning" Questions |
|-----------|---|
| 2/5/2024 | Tariq drew a tape diagram to help figure out the weight of each fox. Explain how the tape diagram is like the equations. |
| 2/6/2024 | Add objects to both sides of this hanger to make an equation. Explain how the equation is like the hanger. |
| 2/7/2024 | Here is a new equation: $x+2.01=3.5$. Describe how you could figure out what value of x makes this equation true. |
| 2/8/2024 | Examine the table. Describe how to determine the cost of any number of pounds of apples. |
| 2/9/2024 | Here is a new equation: $12+y=20$. Describe a situation that could represent this equation. |
| 2/12/2024 | Write two things you know about $(1/2)^3$. |
| 2/13/2024 | Amir says that $(x+3)^2$ and x^2+3^2 are equivalent. Help him understand why they are not equivalent. |
| 2/14/2024 | Here is Jayden's table and Rebecca's graph. Show or explain how you know these represent the same relationship. |
| 2/15/2024 | Nathan determined that the equation $d=60t$ represents this situation. Explain how the parts of his equation relate to the situation. |
| 2/20/2024 | Here is a problem and its solution. $4(3)^2$. Explain how you go from the problem to the solution. |

Student Response Examples from Experimental Group



| | Student Examples |
|-----------|---|
| 2/5/2024 | Student G, 2/05/2024 - "Your doing the same process and the x represents the unknown number like the equation." |
| 2/9/2024 | Student N, 2/9/2024 - "The blocks split in half when you go from $(1/2)^2$ to $(1/2)^3$. Also, the blocks double every time." |
| 2/12/2024 | Student D, 2/12/2024 - "There are two reasons these 2 equations are not equivalent . One reason they are not equivalent is the first equation is in parenthesis and the first one only has one number to a power and the second one is not it parentheses and both of the numbers have a power ." |
| 2/14/2024 | Student B, 2/14/2024 - "Every time the side length goes up by one the Area of purple rectangles, p goes up by 4." |
| 2/20/2024 | Student P 2/20/2024 - "You would use PEMDAS but since the parentheses are solved you do 3 to the power of 2 which is 9 then multiply it by 4." |

Results of Data

| Control Group | | This graph displays the tally of appropriate uses of mathematical terminology in a given 'explain your reasoning' question for the day. | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|--------------------|
| 5th/6th Period | 2/5 | 2/6 | 2/7 | 2/8 | 2/9 | 2/12 | 2/13 | 2/14 | 2/15 | 2/20 | 2 Week Tally Total |
| Thorpe | Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Tue | |
| 2A | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| 2B | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 10 |
| 2C | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 15 |
| 2D | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| 2E | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 11 |
| 2F | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| 2G | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2H | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 10 |
| 2I | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 16 |
| 2J | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 2K | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2L | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2M | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2N | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 12 |
| 2O | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| 2P | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 10 |
| Total terms used per day | 9 | 9 | 9 | 14 | 9 | 12 | 16 | 13 | 14 | 13 | 118 |

| Experimental Group | This graph displays the tally of appropriate uses of mathematical terminology in a given 'explain your reasoning' question for the day. | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|---------|------|------|--------------------|
| 1st/2nd Period | 2/5 | 2/6 | 2/7 | 2/8 | 2/9 | 2/12 | 2/13 | /14/202 | 2/15 | 2/16 | 2 Week Tally Total |
| Thorpe | Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | |
| B | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 25 |
| C | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 19 |
| D | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 26 |
| E | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 18 |
| F | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 17 |
| G | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 26 |
| H | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 15 |
| I | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 19 |
| J | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 23 |
| K | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 |
| L | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 12 |
| M | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 20 |
| N | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 23 |
| O | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 19 |
| P | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 25 |
| Total terms used per day | 16 | 10 | 17 | 26 | 32 | 32 | 36 | 31 | 49 | 48 | 301 |



Interpreting the Results...



- ❑ Students who took a vested interest increased their use of accurate math terminology to explain their reasoning by **up to 5 terms per response**
- ❑ Implementation of this tool is **vital** for engaging and applying knowledge
- ❑ This tool works in conjunction with **Bloom's Taxonomy** and increases skill level and proficiency of critical thinking ability in students
- ❑ **Explaining Solutions tool works!**