

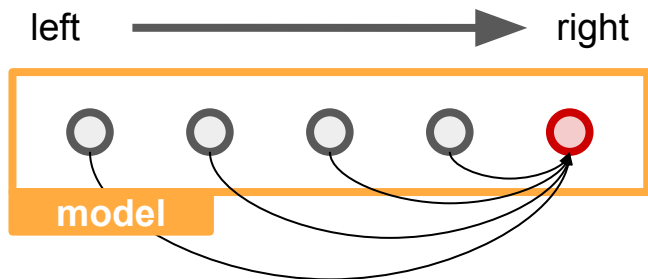
# Discovering Non-Monotonic Autoregressive Orderings with Variational Inference

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# Non-Monotonic Sequence Generation

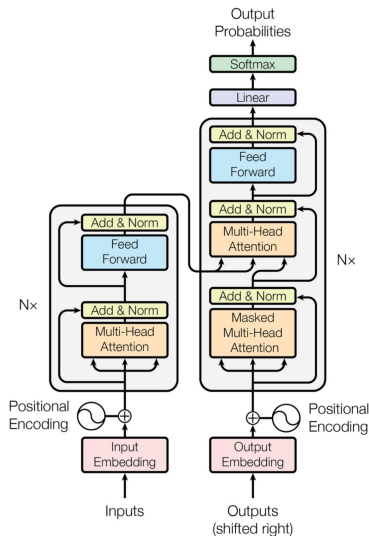


A pine tree sways in the spring breeze.



Un pin se balance dans la brise printanière.

**Machine Translation**



many domains have natural structure

```
class StreamingBuffer(object):  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.vals = []
```

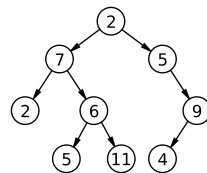
**Code Generation**

**Problem Statement:** Given a sequence generation dataset, find the *generation order* that most *naturally* describes the data.

# Discovering Generation Orders

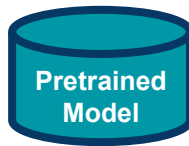
Suppose we know in advance the right generation order.

Suppose we know a generation order that can be fine-tuned.



choosing the right loss function

$$+ \mathcal{L}_{\text{fixed}}(\theta)$$



$$+ \mathcal{L}_{\text{adapt}}(\theta)$$

often must be domain-specific



Can we find a natural generation order efficiently without domain-specific knowledge?

Yes: Our approach, **Variational Order Inference (VOI)**, does exactly this!

# Variational Order Inference

natural  highly probable to co-occur with y

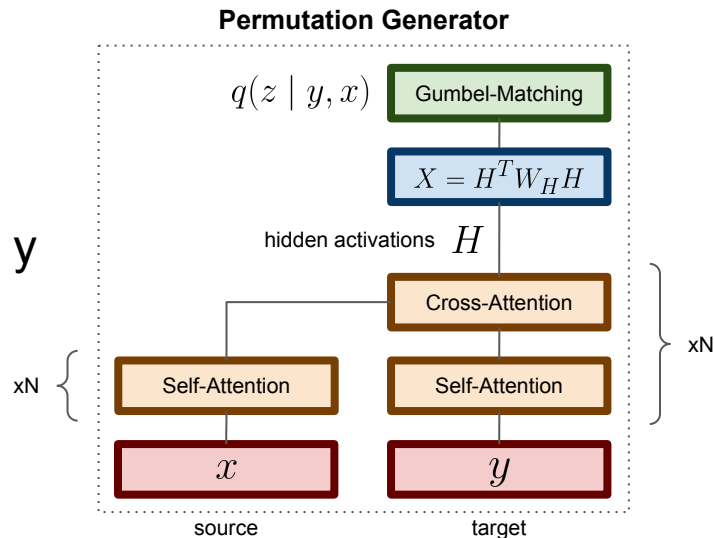
$x$  - input variable (such as an image)

$y$  - target sequence

$z$  - generation order of y

$$\max_{\theta} \mathbb{E}_{y,x} [\log p_{\theta}(y | x)] \geq$$

$$\max_{\theta} \max_q \mathbb{E}_{y,x,z \sim q(z | y,x)} [\log p_{\theta}(y, z | x)] + \mathcal{H}(q)$$



**Approximate density  
with Bethe permanent**

# Results

Order	MS-COCO				Django		Gigaword			WMT16 Ro-En		
	BLEU	Meteor	R-L	CIDEr	BLEU	Accuracy	R-1	R-2	R-L	BLEU↑	Meteor↑	TER↓
InDIGO - SAO <sup>1</sup>	29.3	24.9	54.5	92.9	42.6	32.9	—	—	—	32.5	53.0	49.0
Ours - Random	28.9	24.2	55.2	92.8	21.6	26.9	30.1	11.6	27.6			
Ours - L2R	30.5	25.3	54.5	95.6	40.5	33.7	35.6	17.2	33.2	32.7	54.4	50.2
Ours - Common	28.0	24.8	55.5	90.3	37.1	29.8	33.9	15.0	31.1	27.4	50.1	53.9
Ours - Rare	28.1	24.5	52.9	91.4	31.1	27.9	34.1	15.2	31.3	26.0	48.5	55.1
Ours - VOI	<b>31.0</b>	<b>25.7</b>	<b>56.0</b>	<b>100.6</b>	<b>44.6</b>	<b>34.3</b>	<b>36.6</b>	<b>17.6</b>	<b>34.0</b>	32.9	54.6	49.3

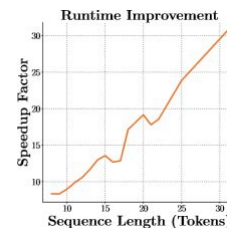
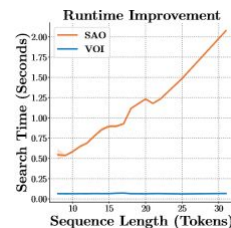
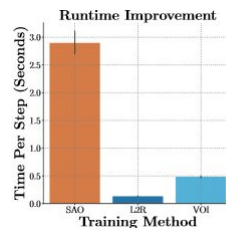
- **Better performance** than fixed generation orders.
- Training is **highly efficient** and readily parallelizable.
- Prioritizes **descriptive** tokens first, **modifier** tokens last.

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people  
 people snow  
 two people snow  
 two people standing snow  
 two people standing in snow  
 two people standing in snow snowboards  
 two people standing in snow on snowboards  
 two people standing in the snow on snowboards

Example Generation: COCO 2017



Time Complexity of SAO:  $O(Ndl^3)$  Time Complexity of VOI:  $O(NKdl^2)$

For more details read our paper and check out our poster.