



**Day: 1** 

**Session: 01-06** 

# Sanitary Design Requirements and the Checklists

NBC 208:2003 & Construction Management Guideline 2074

(Level-up Training)

The Project for

Promotion of Nepal National Building Code Compliance for Safer Building Construction

**JICA EXPERT TEAM** 

# NBC 208:2003 & Construction Management Guidelines



### NEPAL NATIONAL BUILDING CODE

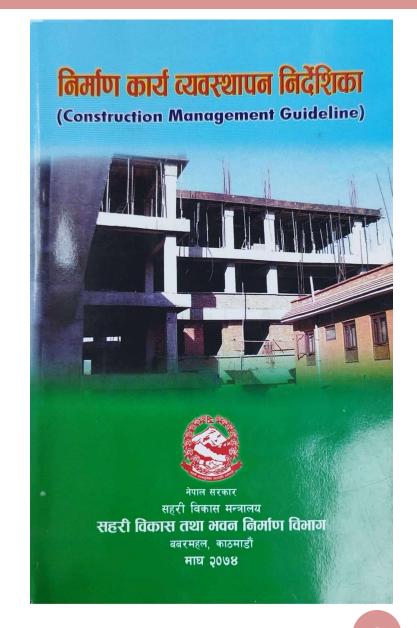
NBC 208: 2003



### SANITARY AND PLUMBING DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Government of Nepal
Ministry of Physical Planning and Works
Department of Urban Development and Building Construction
Babar Mahal, Kathmandu, NEPAL
Reprinted: 2064

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# Outline

- Sanitary Checklist
  - Underground water Tank
  - Overhead water Tank
  - Fire Hydrant System
  - Fixtures
  - Rainwater Disposal
- Basic information about Sanitary Desing

# Sanitary Checklist

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### Forms for

### NBC 208: 2003: Sanitary and Plumbing Design Requirements

Description	Design C		Water cons per capita p per submitt	er day as ed design	Water storage Capacity		Remarks
	Capacity	Units	Per capita	Units	Capacity	Units	
1. Underground Water Tank							
1.1) Auditorium		person		Litres		Litres	
1.2) Hospital including laundry							
per bed							
a) Number of beds <100 Bed		Bed.		Litres			
b) Number of beds >100 bed		Bed.		Litres		Litres	
1.3) Office building		person		Litres		Litres	
1.4) Residential building		person		Litres		Litres	
2. Overhead water tank for Lava	tory						
2.1) Residential Building		User		Litres		Litres	
2.2) Auditorium / Office Building		W.C.		Litres		Litres	
2.3) Hospital		Urinal		Litres		Litres	
· -		W.C.		Litres		Litres	
3. Fire Hydrant System. Hospital	/ Auditoriu	m (Indoo	r)	•	•	'	
3.1) No of floors		Floor					
3.2) Floor area		m <sup>2</sup>		wet			
•				risers			
3.3) Capacity of wet riser for				Litres			
underground water tank							
Description	Design C	apacity	Fixtures pe	er capita	Fixtures provided as per submitted design		Remarks
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units	
4. Fixtures	•	•			•		
4.1) Office Building	_						
i) Gents Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.	
c) Basin				Users		Nos.	
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	

# Sanitary Checklist

Description	Design Ca	Design Capacity		er capita	Fixtures p as per sul desi	bmitted	Remarks
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units	
4. Fixtures					!		
4.2) Auditorium							
i) Public Toilet (Gents Toilet)		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.	
c) Basin				Users		Nos.	
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
iii) Staff (Ladies/ Gents) toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
4.3) Hospital indoor patient ward							
i) For Ladies and Gent Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
b) Wash basin				Users		Nos.	
c) Bath (Shower)				Users		Nos.	
d) Cleaner (Kitchen) Sink				Users		Nos.	
5.Rainwater disposal							
a) Roof area		m <sup>2</sup>					
b) Roof type							
c) Coefficient of runoff							
d) Average rainfall in the area				mm			
e) Diameter of Pipe used				mm			
f) Roof area covered by one				m <sup>2</sup>			
pipe							
e) No. of pipes required						Nos.	

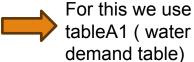
# Underground Water Tank

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### Forms for

### NBC 208: 2003: Sanitary and Plumbing Design Requirements

Description	Design Capacity		Water con per capita per submit	per day as ted design	Water storage Capacity		Remarks
	Capacity	Units	Per capita	Units	Capacity	Units	
1. Underground Water Tank							
1.1) Auditorium		person		Litres		Litres	
1.2) Hospital including laundry							
per bed							
a) Number of beds <100 Bed		Bed.		Litres			
b) Number of beds >100 bed		Bed.		Litres		Litres	
1.3) Office building		person		Litres		Litres	
1.4) Residential building		person		Litres		Litres	
2. Overhead water tank for Lava	tory						
2.1) Residential Building		User		Litres		Litres	
2.2) Auditorium / Office Building		W.C.		Litres		Litres	
2.3) Hospital		Urinal		Litres		Litres	
		W.C.		Litres		Litres	
3. Fire Hydrant System. Hospital	/ Auditoriu	m (Indoc	r)	•			
3.1) No of floors		Floor					
3.2) Floor area		m <sup>2</sup>		wet			
				risers			
3.3) Capacity of wet riser for				Litres			
underground water tank							
Description	Design C			Fixtures per capita Fixtures provided as per submitted design		mitted gn	Remarks
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units	
4. Fixtures	•	•					
4.1) Office Building				-			
i) Gents Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.	
e) Basin				Users		Nos.	
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	



# Underground water tank

### 1. Water Supply Requirements for Buildings:

The water supply requirement for buildings (excluding fire fighting need ) should be based on following:

### Table- A 1

S.N	Type of Buildings	Minimum requirement per head per day
1	Apartment Buildings	100 lit
2	Auditorium (per seat)	15 lit
3	Hospitals (including l	undry) per bed
	a) Number of beds <	
	b) Number of beds >	00 450 lit
4	Cold Storage	45 lit
5	Buildings Higher than	4-Storey 45 lit
	Commercial & Indust	
	Recommended	
6	Residences	100 lit
	Office	45 lit
7 8 9	Hostels (including qua	rters for nurses etc.) 100 lit
9	Hotels (per bed)	100 lit
10	Restaurants (per seat)	50 lit
11	Schools and colleges	
	<ul> <li>a) Day schools</li> </ul>	15 lit
	<ul><li>b) Boarding Sci</li></ul>	iools 100 lit
12	Cinemas, Theatre Hal	s, Concert hall (per seat) 15 lit
13	Factories	
	a) With bathing	facilities 45 lit
	b) Without bath	ing facilities 30 lit
14	Terminal Stations (Bu	s and Railways) 15 lit
15	Airports (Internations	
16	Airports (Domestic )	20 lit

# 2.1.Underground Water Tank

Example #:

Calculate underground water requirement for a 150 bed hospital.

### Solution

Number of beds are more than 100, So

Minimum water requirement per head per day- 450 Ltr [3b]

Total quantity of water required = 150 Bed x 450 Ltrs

=67,500 Ltrs

We need to construct the underground tank having capacity 67,500 Ltrs

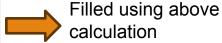
# Underground Water Tank

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### Forms for

### NBC 208: 2003: Sanitary and Plumbing Design Requirements

Description	Design Capacity  Capacity Units		p er capita p	ater consumption capita per day as submitted design		torage city	Remarks			
	Capacity	Units	Per capita	Units	Capacity	Units				
1. Underground Water Tank										
1.1) Auditorium		person		Litres		Litres				
1.2) Hospital including laundry										
per bed										
a) Number of beds <100 Bed		Bed.		Litres						
b) Number of beds >100 bed	150	Bed.	450	Litres	67500	Litres	24 hr storage			
1.3) Office building		person		Litres		Litres				
1.4) Residential building		person		Litres		Litres				
2. Overnead water tank for Lavat	ory									
2.1) Residential Building		User		Litres		Litres				
2.2) Auditorium / Office Building		W.C.		Litres		Litres				
2.3) Hospital		Urinal		Litres		Litres				
		W.C.		Litres		Litres				
	3. Fire Hydrant System. Hospital / Auditorium (Indoor)									
3.1) No of floors		Floor					_			
3.2) Floor area		m <sup>2</sup>		wet						
				risers						
3.3) Capacity of wet riser for				Litres						
underground water tank		L	50							
Description	Design Ca		Fixtures pe	•	Fixtures p as per sub desig	mitted gn	Remarks			
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units				
4. Fixtures					•					
4.1) Office Building										
i) Gents Toilet		Users								
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.				
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.				
c) Basin				Users		Nos.				
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users								
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.				



# Design consideration for Underground Tank

- 1. Should be at least 16 ft. 5 inches (5m) away from Septic Tank and Soak Pit.
- 2. Should not be in construct in water logged area. Tank cover should be higher than ground level.
- 3. The size of the underground water tank should be designed so that it can supply the Average daily demand for 12 to 24 hrs for residential building.
- 4. The slab of the tank should be designed so that it can bear the probable load over it.
- 5. Should be leakage proof so that there will be no leakage if tank is full and no seepage if tank is empty.

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### Forms for

### NBC 208: 2003: Sanitary and Plumbing Design Requirements

Description	Design C	apacity	Water cons per capita per submitt	er day as	Water s Capa		Remarks	
	Capacity	Units	Per capita	Units	Capacity	Units		
1. Underground Water Tank								<b>-</b>
1.1) Auditorium		person		Litres		Litres		_
1.2) Hospital including laundry								
per bed								_
a) Number of beds <100 Bed		Bed.		Litres				
b) Number of beds >100 bed		Bed.		Litres		Litres		_
1.3) Office building		person		Litres		Litres		_
1.4) Residential building		person		Litres		Litres		_
2. Overhead water tank for Lava	tory		•					For the we use
2.1) Residential Building		User		Litres		Litres		For the we use table A2
2.2) Auditorium / Office Building		W.C.		Litres		Litres		table A2
2.3) Hospital		Urinal		Litres		Litres		table / tz
· ·		W.C.		Litres		Litres		
3. Fire Hydrant System. Hospital	/ Auditoriu	m (Indoc	or)		•			
3.1) No of floors		Floor						
3.2) Floor area		m <sup>2</sup>		wet				_
				risers				
3.3) Capacity of wet riser for				Litres				_
underground water tank								
Description	Design Ca	apacity	Fixtures p	er capita	Fixtures p as per sul desi	mitted	Remarks	
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units		
4. Fixtures			1		-			_
4.1) Office Building								
i) Gents Toilet		Users						_
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.		_
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.		_
e) Basin				Users		Nos.		_
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users						_
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.		_
								_

Table-A 2

Type of Building	Unit	Unit storage
1. Apartments (Domestic use)	Residence	360 lit
2. Auditoriums	WC	500lit
3. Hospitals	Urinal	150 lit
	WC	300 lit
4. Cold Storage	Urinal	75 lit
	WC/Urinal	300
5. Buildings more than 4 Stories (Commercial & Industrial)	Residental	360 lit

7 December 1993

Recom	mended	_ •
i) Dwelling Units	Resident	360 lit
ii) Hostels	22	360 lit
iii) Hotels	73	135 lit
iv) Commercial Building without canteen	Head	50 lit
v) Commercial Building with canteens	Head	70lit
vi) Restaurants	Meal	12lit
vii) Day Schools	Head	12 lit
viii) Boarding Schools	Resident	90 lit
ix) Nurse's Hostels and Medical quarter	Resident	135 lit
Flushing Purpose		
i) For tenants having common convenience	WC	500 lit
ii) For residential premises other than (i)	WC	270 lit
	Additional WC in the same flat	180 lit
iii) For factories and workshops	WC	500 lit
	Urinal seat	180 lit
iv) For cinema halls, public	WC	500 lit
Assembly halls etc.	urinal seat	350lit

Example #:

Calculate size of overhead tank required for an apartment building for 4 residence.

### Solution

Number of residents – 4

Unit Storage per Residence – 360 Ltrs.

Minimum requirement =  $4 \times 360$  Ltrs.

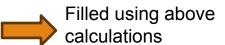
= 1,440 Ltrs

Should be Used Nearest of 1,440 Lit, which is available in Market 1500 liters

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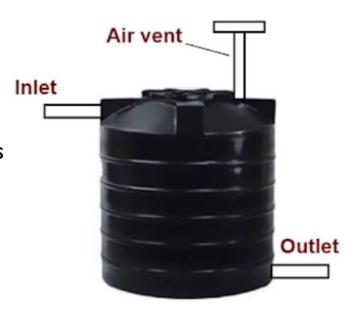
Description	Design C	apacity	Water cons per capita p per submitt	er day as	Water s Capa		Remarks
	Capacity	Units	Per capita	Units	Capacity	Units	
1. Underground Water Tank							7)
1.1) Auditorium		person		Litres		Litres	
1.2) Hospital including laundry							
per bed							
a) Number of beds <100 Bed		Bed.		Litres			
b) Number of beds >100 bed		Bed.		Litres		Litres	
1.3) Office building		person		Litres		Litres	
1.4) Residential building		person		Litres		Litres	
2. Overhead water tank for Lav							
2.1) Apartment(domestic use)	4	Resid	360	Litres	1440	Litres	Provide 1500
		ence					
2.2) Auditorium		W.C.		Litres		Litres	
2.3) Hospital		Urinal		Litres		Litres	
		W.C.		Litres		Litres	
3. Fire Hydrant System. Hospita	i / Auditoria	m (Indoc	<del>11)</del>				
3.1) No of floors		Floor					
3.2) Floor area		m <sup>2</sup>		wet			
				risers			
3.3) Capacity of wet riser for				Litres			
underground water tank							
Description	Design Ca	apacity	Fixtures pe	er capita	Fixtures p as per sub design	mitted	Remarks
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units	
4. Fixtures	•				•	•	•
4.1) Office Building							
i) Gents Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.	
e) Basin				Users		Nos.	
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
							ļ



# OVERHEAD STORAGE TANK

### **Consideration During Construction:**

- Modern fixtures requires a minimum head of 5m for proper operation.
- Sometimes if that head is not available top floor metal stand is used for increasing head (or pumps can be used for increasing pressure)
- Tank shall be properly ventilated, by providing air vent
- Tank made by fabricating steel shall be painted inside and outside for preventing corrosion.



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### Forms for

### NBC 208: 2003: Sanitary and Plumbing Design Requirements

Description		per capit per subn		per capita per day as Capacity per submitted design		Capacity			
	Capacity	Units	Per capita	Units	Capacity	Units			
1. Underground Water Tank					•	<u> </u>		<b>-</b>	
1.1) Auditorium		person		Litres		Litres		_	
1.2) Hospital including laundry per bed								_	
a) Number of beds <100 Bed		Bed.		Litres					
b) Number of beds >100 bed		Bed.		Litres		Litres		_	
1.3) Office building		person		Litres		Litres		_	
1.4) Residential building		person		Litres		Litres		_	
2. Overhead water tank for Lava	tory							_	
2.1) Residential Building		User		Litres		Litres			
2.2) Auditorium / Office Building		W.C.		Litres		Litres		_	
2.3) Hospital		Urinal		Litres		Litres		_	
		W.C.		Litros		Litres		1	
3. Fire Hydrant System. Hospital	/ Auditoriu	m (Indoc	or)	•	•				
3.1) No of floors		Floor							For this we use
3.2) Floor area		m <sup>2</sup>		wet					tableA3
				risers					labieAs
3.3) Capacity of wet riser for				Litres					
underground water tank									
Description	Design C	apacity	Fixtures p	er capita	Fixtures provided as per submitted design		Remarks		
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units			
4. Fixtures	•	•	•		-	-		-	
4.1) Office Building									
i) Gents Toilet		Users							
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.		_	
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.		<del>-</del> -	
e) Basin				Users		Nos.		_	
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users						_	
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.		_	
									1
		ı		1				_	

Table- A 3

Sn				Requireme	nt		
		Wat	er supply	Pump capacity			
	Type of building occupancy	Type of installation	Undergro und static tank	Terrace tank	Near underground tank	At the terrace level	
I	Residential building  a) lodging or room houses dormitories & hotels. (No provision is needed for dormitories housing less than 25 person.  *upto 15 mt. In height.  * above 15 m. height but not exceeding 24 m.	Nil One wet riser cum down comer per 1000 m.sq. floor area. The riser shall be fully automatic in operation.	50000 ltr. 100000 ltr.	Nil Nil	Nil  2400 lit/min at pressure not less than 0.3 N/mm.sq. (3kg./cm.sq) at the topmost hydrant	Nil Nil	

NBC108V2.RV9 7 December 1993

2	One or two family private dwelling & apartment houses (flat)  i) Upto 15 m. height  ii) Above 15 m. height but not exceeding 24 m.	Nil One wet riser cum down comer with a provision of fire service inlet at only ground level per 1000 m.sq. floor area.	Nil 50000Ltr.	Nil Nil	2400 lit/min at pressure not less than 0.3 N/mm.sq. (3kg./cm.sq) at the topmost hydrant	Nil Nil
3	Educational & Institutional building i) Up to 15 m. height ii) Above 15 m. in height but not exceeding 24 m.	Nil One wet riser cum down comer per 1000-m. sq. floor area.	50000 ltr 50000 ltr	Nil Nil	Nil 2400 lit/min at pressure not less than 0.3 N/mm.sq. (3kg./cm.sq) at the topmost hydrant	Nil Nil
4	Storage & Hazardous. Buildings. i) Upto 15 m. height	One wet riser com down comer per 1000 m. sq. floor area. The riser shall be fully automatic in operation.	100000 ltr	Nil.	1800 ltr/minute at pressure not less than 0.3 N/mm.sq. (3kg./cm.sq.) at the topmost hydrant.	Nil.
	ii) Above 15 m. in height but not exceeding 24 m.	One wet riser com down comer per 100 m. sq. floor area. The riser shall be fully automatic in operation.	100000 ltr	NIL	2400 ltr/minute at pressure not less than 0.3 N/mm.sq. (3kg./cm.sq.) at the toppest hydrant.	Nil

# FIRE FIGHTING PROVISION

# Some provisions in code

- Separate domestic tank and fire tank
- Quality of water should be such that no sprinkle is clogged
- The capacity of fire tank should be such that, storage should last for 90-120 minutes at normal pumping rate of 2400 lit/min
- No part of the floor is more than 6 meters from the nozzle when nozzle is fully extended.
- A pressure of 3kg/cm2 should be available at top hydrant outlet.

# 2.3. Fire Fighting Provision

Example #:

Calculate Capacity of wet riser for 6 stories apartment building having average floor area 1500 sqm and height 18m.

Solution:-

Number of floor – 6, Average Floor Area =1500 sqm

No. of Wet Riser= 2 (From Table)

Pump Capacity= 2400 ltr/m

Time of Storage Capacity = 90-120 Minutes (Assumed 90 Minutes)

Capacity of Wet Riser for under gound water Tank

=Pump Capacity X Time of Storage Capacity

=2400X90

=216000 Ltrs

### k‼jlws ljj/0fkm/ffdx? -v∴oflg6/Ll8hf0g;DjlGv ;DjlGvtk/lijlwsjfk/fdzt/tftfaf6e/fpgˈkg]

### Forms for

### NBC 208: 2003: Sanitary and Plumbing Design Requirements

Description	Design Capacity		Water con per capita p per submit	per day as	day as   Capacity		Remarks	
	Capacity	Units	Per capita	Units	Capacity	Units		
1. Underground Water Tank								
1.1) Auditorium		person		Litres		Litres		
1.2) Hospital including laundry								
per bed								
a) Number of beds <100 Bed		Bed.		Litres				
b) Number of beds >100 bed		Bed.		Litres		Litres		
1.3) Office building		person		Litres		Litres		
1.4) Residential building		person		Litres		Litres		
2. Overhead water tank for Lavat	ory	•		•	•			
2.1) Residential Building	•	User		Litres		Litres		
2.2) Auditorium / Office Building		W.C.		Litres		Litres		
2.3) Hospital		Urinal		Litres		Litres		
<u> </u>		W.C.		Litres		Litres		
3. Fire Hydrant System. Hospital	/ Auditoriu	m (Indoo	r)	•				
3.1) No of floors	6	Floor	Required	Wet riser			18m high > 15 m	Filled using
3.2) Floor area	1500	m²	2	wet risers			>1000m <sup>2</sup>	above
3.3) Capacity of wet riser for			216000	Litres			2400x9	calculations
underground water tank			210000	Eler es			2100115	
Description	Design C	apacity	Fixtures p	er capita	apita Fixtures prov as per submi design		Remarks	
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units		
4. Fixtures		•	•		•			
4.1) Office Building								
i) Gents Toilet		Users						
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.		
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.		
c) Basin				Users		Nos.		
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users						
a) Water closet				Users	1	Nos.		

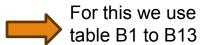
# Fitments Requiremet

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### Forms for

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Description	Design Capacity		Water cons per capita p per submitt	er day as ed design	Water st Capac	city	Remarks
	Capacity	Units	Per capita	Units	Capacity	Units	
1. Underground Water Tank							
1.1) Auditorium		person		Litres		Litres	
1.2) Hospital including laundry							
per bed							
a) Number of beds <100 Bed		Bed.		Litres			
b) Number of beds >100 bed		Bed.		Litres		Litres	
1.3) Office building		person		Litres		Litres	
1.4) Residential building		person		Litres		Litres	
2. Overhead water tank for Lava	tory						
2.1) Residential Building		User		Litres		Litres	
2.2) Auditorium / Office Building		W.C.		Litres		Litres	
2.3) Hospital		Urinal		Litres		Litres	
		W.C.		Litres		Litres	
3. Fire Hydrant System. Hospital	/ Auditoriu	m (Indoo	r)	•	•		
3.1) No of floors		Floor					
3.2) Floor area		m <sup>2</sup>		wet			
				risers			
3.3) Capacity of wet riser for				Litres			
underground water tank							
Description	Design C	apacity	Fixtures per capita		Fixtures provided as per submitted design		Remarks
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units	
4. Fixtures	•	•			-		
4.1) Office Building							
i) Gents Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.	
e) Basin				Users		Nos.	
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users					
				I TT	1	Nos.	
a) Water closet				Users		1105.	
				Users		Nos.	



# Fitments Requiremet

Description	Design Capacity		Fixtures p	er capita	Fixtures p as per su desi	bmitted	Remarks
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units	
4. Fixtures							
4.2) Auditorium							
i) Public Toilet (Gents Toilet)		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.	
c) Basin				Users		Nos.	
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
iii) Staff (Ladies/ Gents) toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
4.3) Hospital indoor patient ward							
i) For Ladies and Gent Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
b) Wash basin				Users		Nos.	
c) Bath (Shower)				Users		Nos.	
d) Cleaner (Kitchen) Sink				Users		Nos.	
5.Rainwater disposal							
a) Roof area		m <sup>2</sup>					
b) Roof type							
c) Coefficient of runoff							
d) Average rainfall in the area				mm			
e) Diameter of Pipe used				mm			
f) Roof area covered by one				m <sup>2</sup>			
pipe						1	
e) No. of pipes required						Nos.	

# FITMENTS REQUIREMENTS

For Office buildings (Including buildings higher than 4 stories):

(Table BI, NBC 208)

farmtaina

\	/		
S.N	FITMENTS	FOR MALE PERSONNEL	FOR FEMALE PERSONNEL
i	Water-closets (WC)	1 for every 25 persons of part thereof	1 for every 15 persons of part thereof
ii	Ablution taps	1 in each water-closet,	1 in each water-closet
		1 water tap with draining arr for every 50 person or part t water-closet and urinals	
iii	Urinals	Nil, up to 6 persons 1 for 7-20 persons; 2 for 21- 3 for 46-70 persons; 4 for 71 From 101 to 200 persons ac From over 200 persons add	I-100 persons ld at the Rate of 3 percent
iv	Wash basins	1 for every 25 persons of pa	rt thereof
٧	Drinking water	1 for every 100 persons with	n a minimum of one on each

# FITMENTS REQUIREMENTS

- Factories: Table B2, NBC 208
- Auditoriums, Cinemas, Concert halls and Theatres:
   Table B3, NBC 208
- Art Galleries, Libraries and Museums: Table B4, NBC 208
- **Hospital** : Table B5, B6, B7, NBC 208
- Hotels: Table B8, NBC 208
- Restaurants: Table B9, NBC 208
- Schools and Educational Institutions: Table B10, NBC 208
- Hostels: Table: B11, NBC 208
- Warehouses, Fruit and Vegetable markets: B12, NBC 208
- Sanitary requirements for large stations and airports: B13, NBC 208

# PLUMBING DESIGN & PRACTICE

Requirement of Numbers of WC, Urinal & Basins for types of Buildings Example 5: For Office Building

If, Numbers of User of Males = 200 person

Water-Closet = I for every 25 persons (Ref. Table-B-I)

Urinal = 4 for 71-100 persons and From 101 to 200 persons add at the Rate of 3 percent (Ref. Table-B-1)

Wash Basin = I for every 25 persons (Ref. Table-B-I)

Solution,

Min. Requirement Numbers of WC = Number of Male User ÷ 25 person

= 200÷ 25 =8 Numbers

Min. Requirement Numbers of Urinal = 4 + 3% of 100 Users = 4+3 = 7

Numbers

Min. Requirement Numbers of Basin = Number of Male User ÷ 25 person = 200÷ 25 =8 Numbers

# PLUMBING DESIGN & PRACTICE

25 = 6 Numbers

```
If, Numbers of User of Females = 150 person

Water-Closet = I for every 15 persons (Ref. Table-B-I)

Wash Basin = I for every 25 persons (Ref. Table-B-I)

Solution,

Min. Requirement Numbers of WC = Number of Female ÷ 15

= 150 ÷ 15 = 10

Numbers

Min. Requirement Numbers of Basin = Number of Female ÷25

= 150 ÷
```

# Fitments Requiremet

Description

### k‼njlws ljj/0fkmf/fdx? -v∴odlgó/Ll8h1Og;DjlOw ;DjlOwtk‼njlwsjfk/fdzb/ftfa16e/fpg'kg∐l

### Forms for

### NBC 208: 2003: Sanitary and Plumbing Design Requirements

(In Case of many units, fill up the form for main unit only)

Water consumption

per capita per day as

Water storage

Capacity

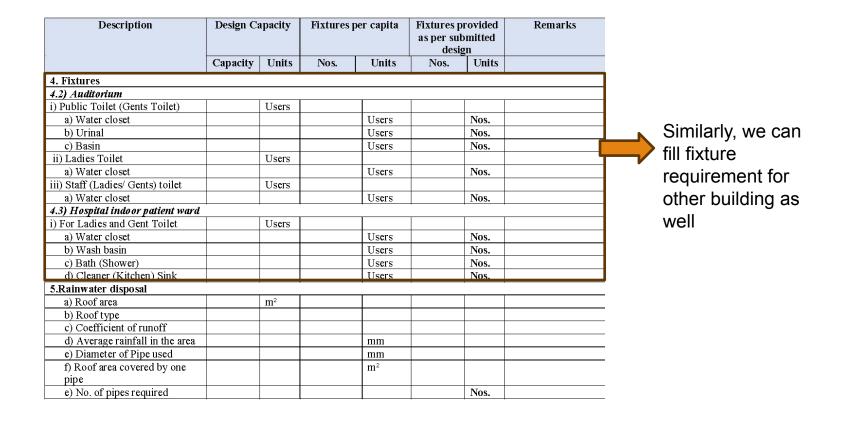
Remarks

Design Capacity

			per submitt	ed design			
	Capacity	Units	Per capita	Units	Capacity	Units	
1. Underground Water Tank							
1.1) Auditorium		person		Litres		Litres	
1.2) Hospital including laundry							
per bed							
a) Number of beds <100 Bed		Bed.		Litres			
b) Number of beds >100 bed		Bed.		Litres		Litres	
1.3) Office building		person		Litres		Litres	
1.4) Residential building		person		Litres		Litres	
2. Overhead water tank for Lava	tory						
2.1) Residential Building		User		Litres		Litres	
2.2) Auditorium / Office Building		W.C.		Litres		Litres	
2.3) Hospital		Urinal		Litres		Litres	
· •		W.C.		Litres		Litres	
3. Fire Hydrant System. Hospital	/ Auditoriu	m (Indoo	or)				
3.1) No of floors		Floor					
3.2) Floor area		m²		wet			
				risers			
3.3) Capacity of wet riser for				Litres			
underground water tank							
Description	Design Capacity		Fixtures po	er capita	Fixtures p	rovided	Remarks
					as per sub		
					desi		
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units	
4. Fixtures					-	•	
4.1) Office Building							
i) Gents Toilet	200	Users					
a) Water closet			1 per 25	Users	8	Nos.	
b) Urinal			4 per 100+	Users	7	Nos.	
-,			3% from				
			100-				
			200+2.5%				
			over 200				
			5.52.250				
c) Basin			1 per 25	Users	8	Nos.	
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users					
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.	

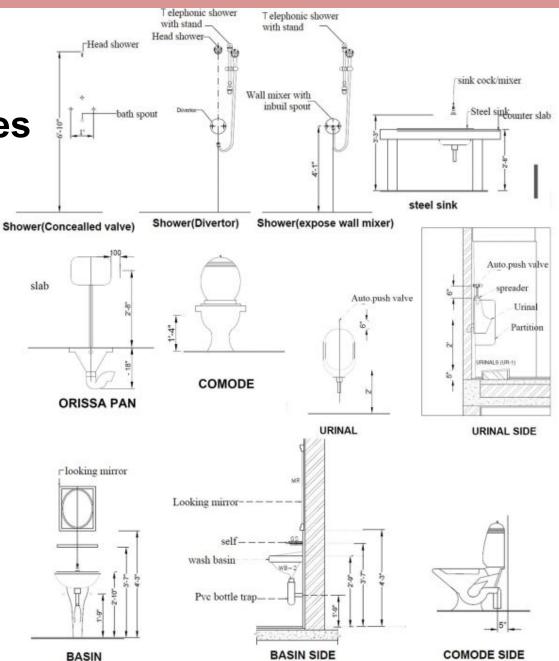


# Fitments Requiremet



# Sanitary Fltments

Details of Installation of Sanitary fixtures and fittings



# Rainwater Disposal

Description	Design Capacity		Fixtures	Fixtures per capita		rovided mitted m	Remarks		
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units			
4. Fixtures			•	•	•	•			
4.2) Auditorium									
i) Public Toilet (Gents Toilet)		Users							
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.			
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.			
c) Basin				Users		Nos.			
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users							
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.			
iii) Staff (Ladies/ Gents) toilet		Users							
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.			
4.3) Hospital indoor patient ward			•	•	•				
i) For Ladies and Gent Toilet		Users							
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.			
b) Wash basin				Users		Nos.			
c) Bath (Shower)				Users		Nos.			
d) Cleanor (Kitchen) Sink				Users		Nos.		_	
5.Rainwater disposal			,	,					
a) Roof area		m <sup>2</sup>						Ι.	This Can be
b) Roof type								/	
c) Coefficient of runoff								<b>-</b>	Filled using
d) Average rainfall in the area				mm					_
e) Diameter of Pipe used		·		mm				1	Table C1 and C3
f) Roof area covered by one pipe				m²					
e) No. of pipes required						Nos.		1	

# Rainwater Disposal

Sı	irface Type	Coefficient of Run-off				
a)	Terrace, Hard paved surface:	0.90-0.95				
b)	Paved surface, roads:	0.85-0.90				
c)	Gravel paths, loosely paved walks, rocky surface	0.70-0.85				
d)	Brick paved, compacted ground, turf:	0.50-0.70				
e)	General ground	0.50-0.60				
f	Natural ground, sloping ground:	0.20-0.50				

### TABLE C3 - SIZING OF RAINWATER PIPES FOR ROOF DRAINAGE

S.No	Dia of Pipe		Average rate of rainfall in mm/h								
1	2 (mm)	3	4	5	6	7	8				
0	3 30 30	50 mm	75 mm	100 mm	125 mm	150 mm	200 mm				
			Roof	Area m <sup>2</sup>							
i)	50	13.4	8.9	6.6	5.3	4.4	3.3				
ii)	65	24.1	16.0	12.0	9.6	8.0	6.0				
iii)	75	40.8	27.0	20.4	16.3	13.6	10.2				
iv)	100	85.4	57.0	42.7	34.2	28.5	21.3				
v)	125		-	80.5	64.3	53.5	40.0				
vi)	150	i <b>=</b> 0	-	-	-	83.6	62.7				

# 2.5.Rainwater Disposal

Example #:

Calculate Numbers of Rainwater Pipe required for roof having length 50 m and width 20 m

### Solution:

```
Area - 50X20 = 1000 Sqm
```

For Roof coefficient of Runoff – 0.95

Area = 1000 Sqm X 0.95 = 950 sqm

Assumed Pipe size of 150mm dia with rainfall Ratio 150mm/hr

From Table, Area Covered by pipe 83.6 Sqm

Number of Pipe required= 950/83.6

=11.37 (Adopt 12 Nos of pipe)

# Rainwater Disposal

Description	Design C			Fixtures per capita		rovided omitted gn	Remarks	
	Capacity	Units	Nos.	Units	Nos.	Units		
4. Fixtures	1				'			
4.2) Auditorium								
i) Public Toilet (Gents Toilet)		Users						
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.		
b) Urinal				Users		Nos.		
c) Basin				Users		Nos.	_	
ii) Ladies Toilet		Users						
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.		
iii) Staff (Ladies/ Gents) toilet		Users						
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.		
4.3) Hospital indoor patient ward	•			·	•			
i) For Ladies and Gent Toilet		Users						
a) Water closet				Users		Nos.		
b) Wash basin				Users		Nos.		
c) Bath (Shower)				Users		Nos.		
d) Cleaner (Kitchen) Sink				Users		Nos.	_	
5.Rainwater disposal								
a) Roof area	1000	m <sup>2</sup>						T
b) Roof type	Hard						_	This is filled
	Paved							using shove
c) Coefficient of runoff			0.95				Area with Coeff:	using above
							950	calculation
d) Average rainfall in the area			150	mm/hr				Galodiation
e) Diameter of Pipe used			150	mm				
f) Roof area covered by one			83.6	m <sup>2</sup>				
pipe								
e) No. of pipes required					12	Nos.	950/83.6	

# Thank You