

Merge Sort

3 5 2 6 4 1

3 5 2 6 4 1

3 5 2 6 4 1

3 5 2 4 6 1

3 5 2 4 6 1

2 3 5 1 4 6

1 2 3 4 5 6

On input of n elements:

If $n < 2$

Return.

Else

Sort left half of elements.

Sort right half of elements.

Merge sorted halves.

3 5 2 6 4 1

Halve until each subarray is size 1

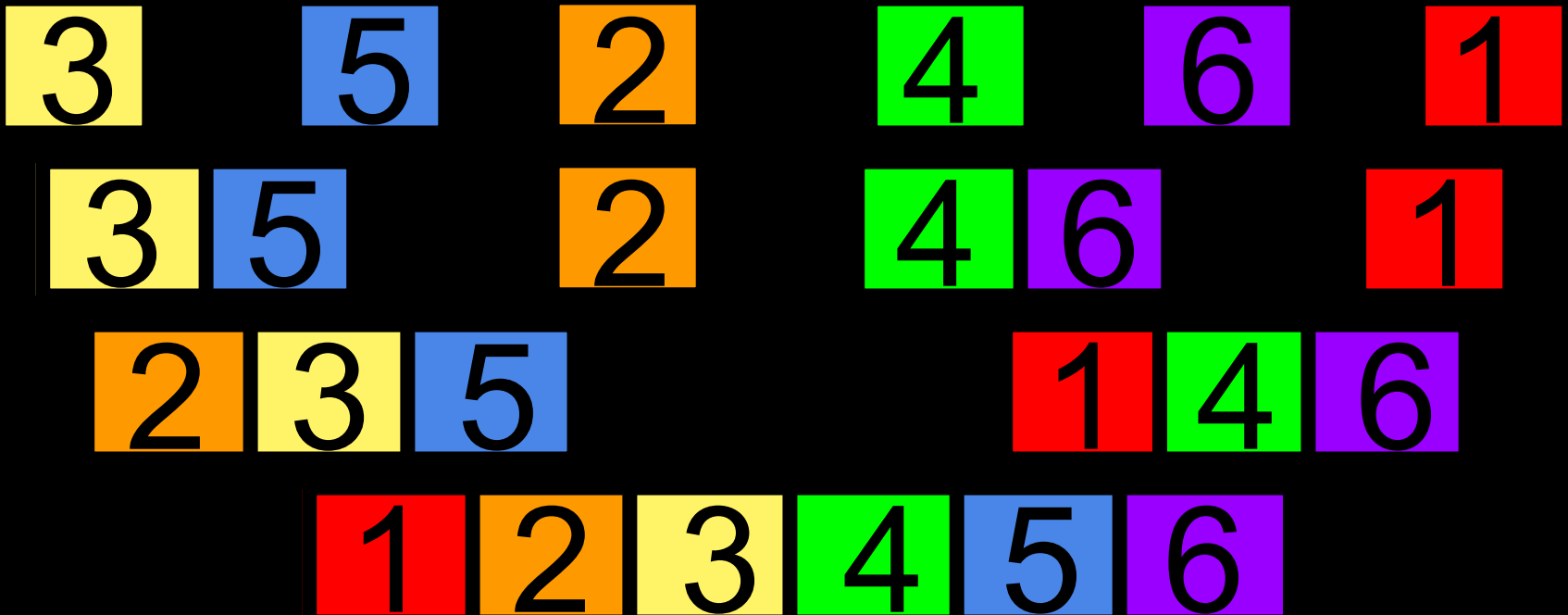
3 5 2 6 4 1

3 5 2 6 4 1

3 5 2 6 4 1

3 5 2 4 6 1

Merge Sorted Halves



```
sort (int array[], int start, int end)
{
    if (end > start)
    {
        int middle = (start + end) / 2;

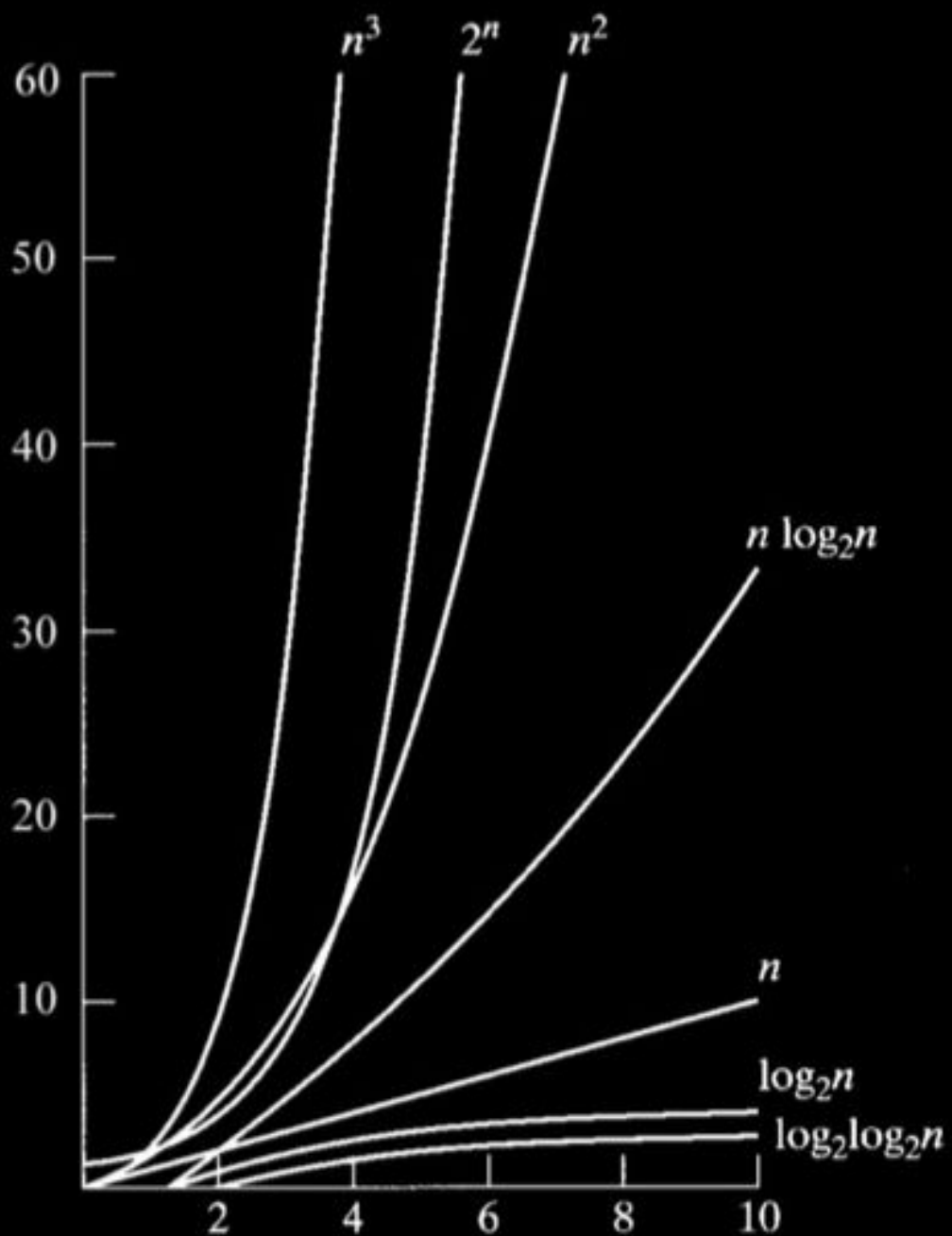
        sort(array, start, middle);
        sort(array, middle + 1, end);

        merge(array, start, middle, middle + 1, end);
    }
}
```

What's the best case runtime of merge sort?

What's the worst case runtime of merge sort?

What's the expected runtime of merge sort?



	Bubble Sort	Selection Sort	Insertion Sort	Merge Sort
O	n^2	n^2	n^2	$n \log n$
Ω	n	n^2	n	$n \log n$
Θ		n^2		$n \log n$