

The slide features a dark blue background with decorative geometric patterns on the left and right sides. These patterns consist of overlapping, stylized arrow-like shapes in yellow, magenta, cyan, and grey, pointing towards the center. The central text is white and reads "The Modern Age" in a large, bold font, with "1492-1789" in a smaller font below it.

The Modern Age

1492-1789

Important Events of the Modern Age



Increase of power for kings.



Scientific and technical discoveries, like the compass.



Development of trade between Spain and America.

Important Events of the Modern Age



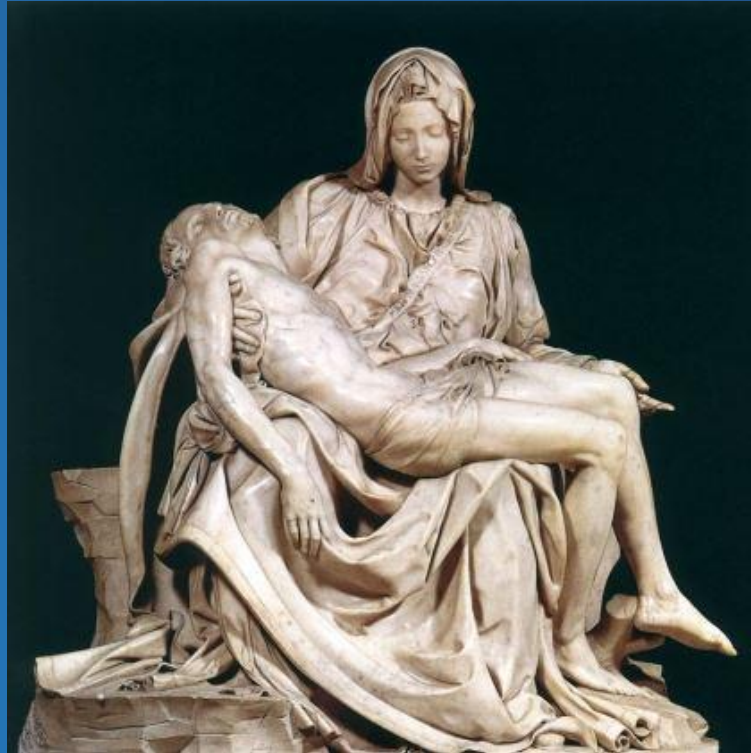
Development of the middle class.



Arrival of Protestantism

Renaissance

15th and 16th Centuries



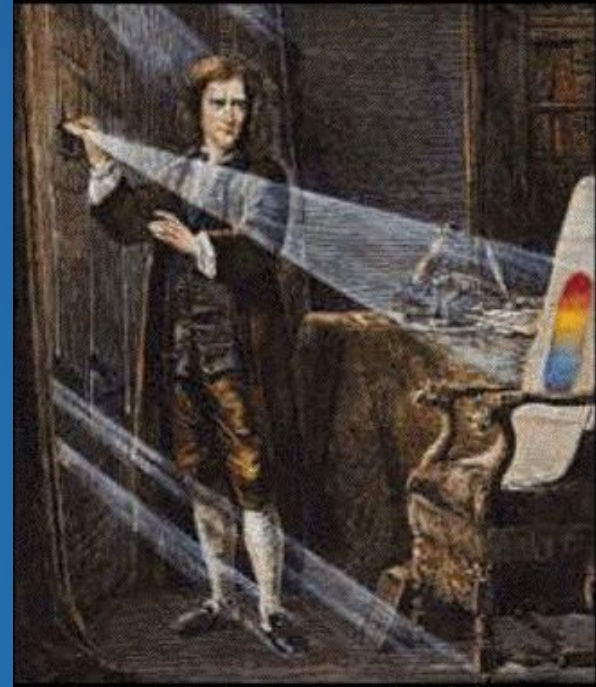
Baroque

17th Century



The Enlightenment 18th Century

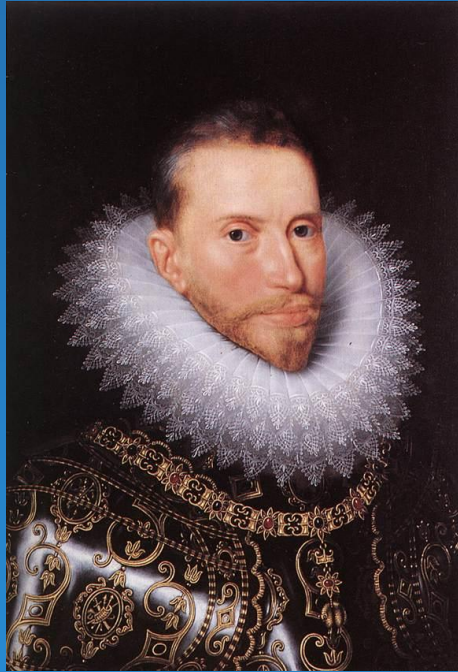
A movement that defended the equality of all people.



Also, the appearance of the first democratic ideas.

Reign of the Catholic Kings

m. 1479, united kingdoms of Castile and Aragon



Fernando II



Isabel I

1. Canary Islands became part of Spain
2. Conquest of Granada in 1492
3. Columbus found America in 1492

The 16th Century



Carlos I (1517 - 1556)



Felipe II (1556 - 1589)

- Spain was the most powerful nation in Europe
- Many voyages of discovery
- Spain conquered many territories in America
- Many wars between Catholics and Protestants/Muslims
 - Almost caused economic ruin of Spain
- Trade of gold and silver from America saved Spain

17th Century



Felipe III (1598 - 1621)



Felipe IV (1621 - 1665)



Carlos II (1665 - 1700)

- Population decreased
- Commercial activity declined
- Golden Age
 - Writers: Quevedo, Lope de Vega, Cervantes
 - Painters: Velázquez, Murillo, and Ribera