



Ensino Médio

2ª Série



PROFESSOR(A):

**WAGNER
FILHO**



DISCIPLINA:

**OFICINA DE
MATEMÁTICA**



CONTEÚDO:

**POLIEDROS:
RELAÇÃO DE EULER**

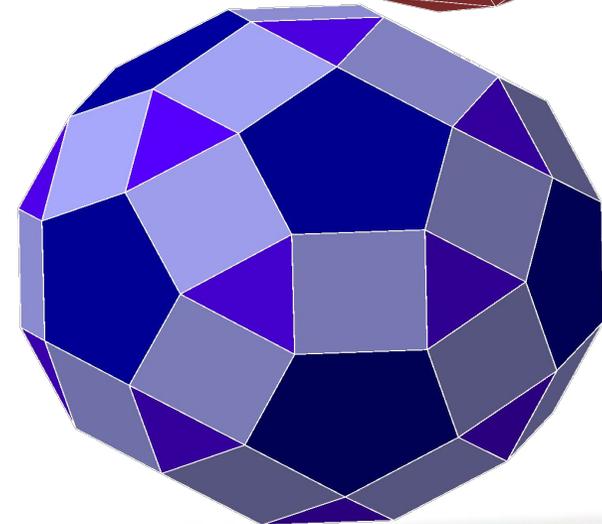
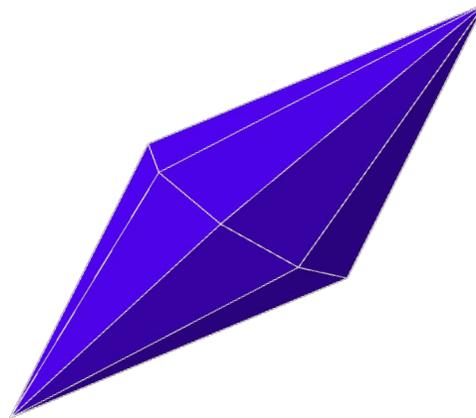
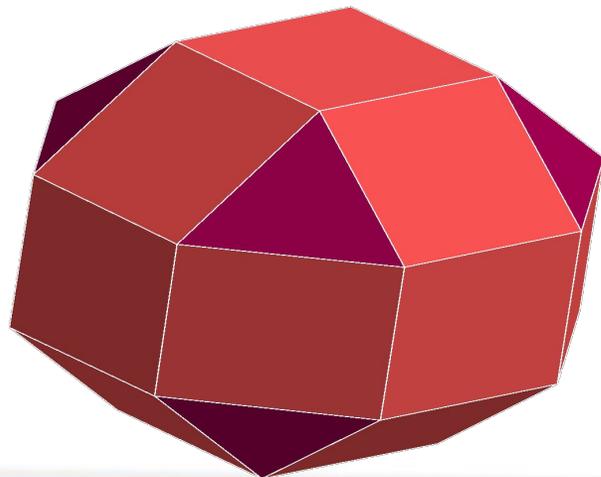
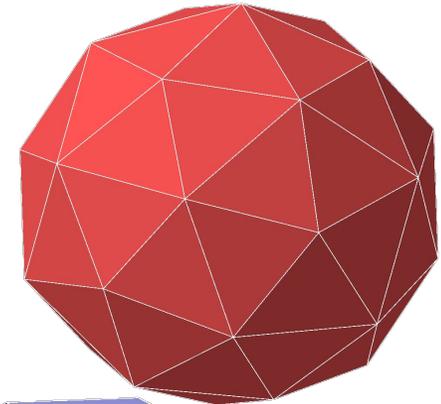
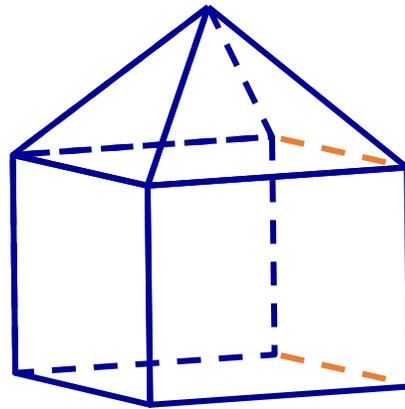
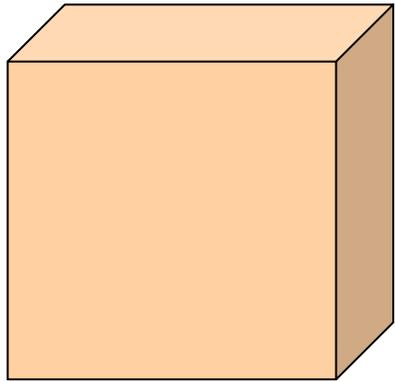


DATA:

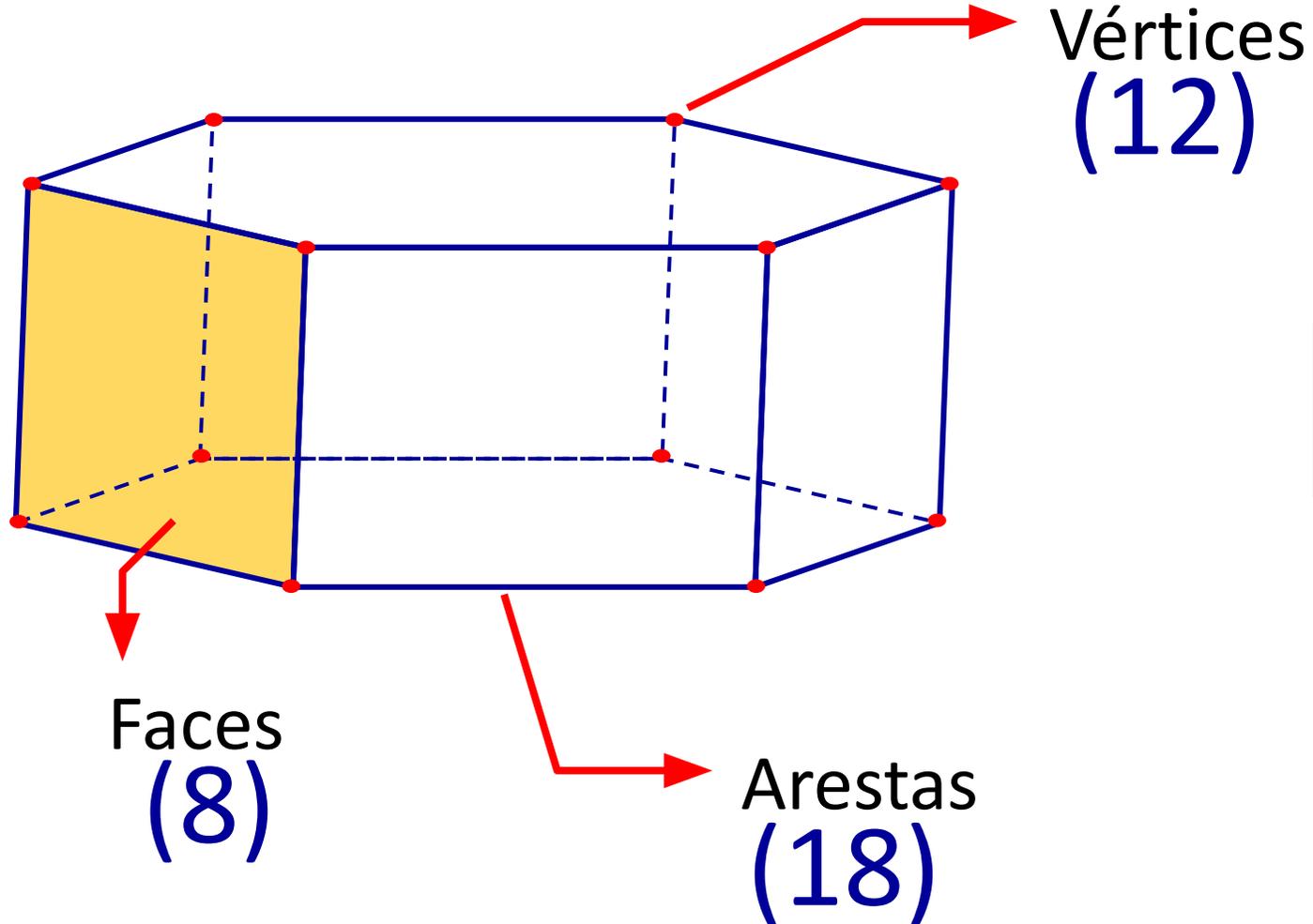
02/05/2022

POLIEDROS

Sólidos geométricos limitados por polígonos.



Elementos do Poliedro



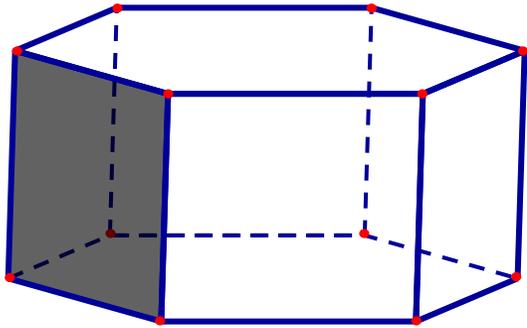
Relação de Euler

$$V + F = A + 2$$

$$12 + 8 = 18 + 2$$

$$20 = 20$$

Elementos do Poliedro



Qual a quantidade de vértices, arestas e faces de um poliedro limitado por seis faces quadrangulares e duas faces hexagonais?

$$\begin{array}{r}
 6_{F4} \\
 + \\
 2_{F6} \\
 \hline
 F = 8
 \end{array}$$

$$A = \frac{6(4) + 2(6)}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{24 + 12}{2}$$

$$A = 18$$

$$V + F = A + 2$$

$$V + 8 = 18 + 2$$

$$V = 12$$

Exemplo Proposto

Um poliedro possui cinco faces triangulares, cinco faces quadrangulares e uma pentagonal, determine as arestas, faces e vértices.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \overbrace{5}_{F(3)} \\
 + \overbrace{5}_{F(4)} \\
 \overbrace{1}_{F(5)} \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$$F = 11$$

$$A = \frac{5(3) + 5(4) + 1(5)}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{15 + 20 + 5}{2}$$

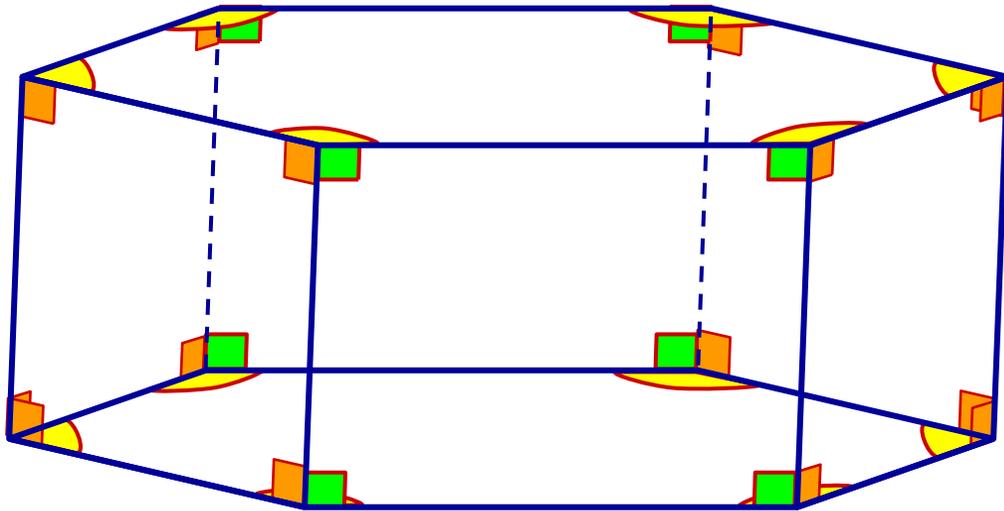
$$A = 20$$

$$V + F = A + 2$$

$$V + 11 = 20 + 2$$

$$V = 11$$

Soma dos ângulos das faces



$$S = (V - 2) \cdot 360^\circ$$

$$S = (12 - 2) \cdot 360^\circ$$

$$S = (10) \cdot 360^\circ$$

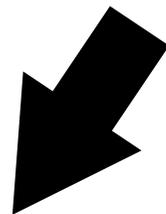
$$S = 3600^\circ$$

Atividade Proposta

Qual o número de vértices de um poliedro convexo de 10 faces quadrangulares

$$\begin{array}{r} + 10_{F(4)} \\ \hline \mathbf{F = 10} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V + F &= A + 2 \\ V + 10 &= 20 + 2 \end{aligned}$$



$$\mathbf{V = 12}$$

$$A = \frac{10(4)}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{40}{2}$$

$$\mathbf{A = 20}$$

Atividade Proposta

Um poliedro convexo possui 9 faces triangulares, 9 faces quadrangulares, 1 face pentagonal e 1 face hexagonal. Quantos vértices tem esse poliedro?

$$\begin{array}{r}
 9_{F(3)} \\
 9_{F(4)} \\
 + 1_{F(5)} \\
 1_{F(6)} \\
 \hline
 \mathbf{F = 20}
 \end{array}$$

$$A = \frac{9(3) + 9(4) + 1(5) + 1(6)}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{27 + 36 + 5 + 6}{2}$$

$$\mathbf{A = 37}$$

$$\mathbf{V + F = A + 2}$$

$$V + 20 = 37 + 2$$

$$\mathbf{V = 19}$$

Atividade Proposta

Um poliedro convexo possui 3 faces pentagonais e algumas faces triangulares. Qual o número de faces desse poliedro, sabendo que o número de arestas é o quádruplo do número de faces triangulares?

$$\begin{array}{r}
 + \quad 3_{F(5)} \\
 \quad \quad X_{F(3)} \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$$F = 3 + x$$

$$F = 3 + 3$$

$$F = 6$$

$$A = \frac{3(5) + x(3)}{2}$$

$$4x = \frac{15 + 3x}{2}$$

$$8x = 15 + 3x$$

$$5x = 15$$

$$x = 3$$