SwissSLi: the Multi-parallel Sign Language **Corpus for Switzerland**



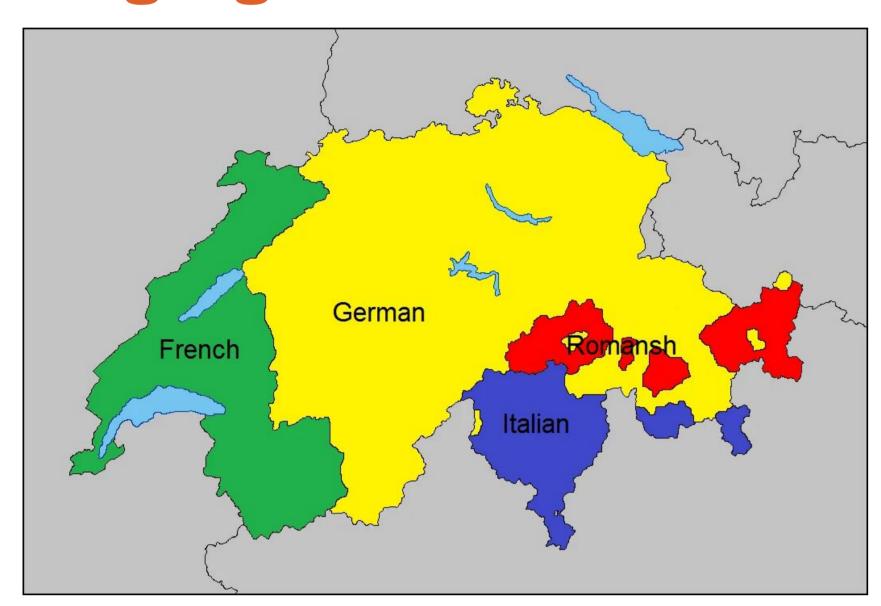
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Motivation

- > Include sign languages in natural language processing (Yin et al., 2021), as they **are** fully natural languages.
- > Limited data is a main challenge, as shown by WMT-SLT (Müller et al., 2022, 2023).
- > The multilingual landscape in Switzerland offers the possibility for a multi-parallel sign language corpus.
- > We focus on TV programs translated by deaf signers offline, in total ~30 hours in 3 sign and 3 spoken languages.

1. Languages in Switzerland



3. Signing Mode and Data Quality

Sign language as source

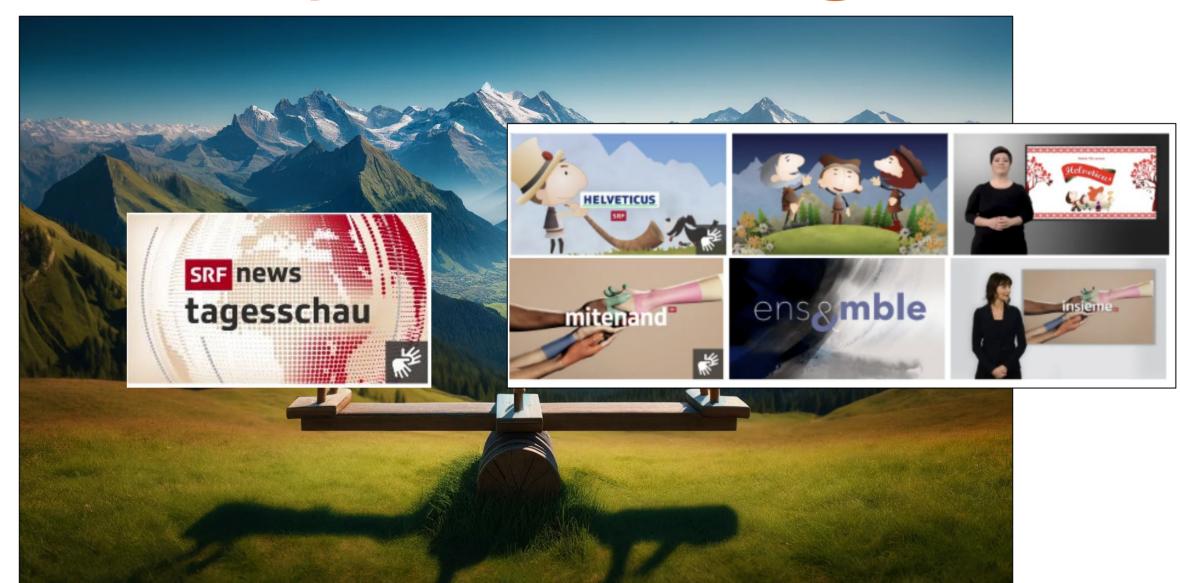
TV interpretation Offline translation







2. Taxonomy of Swiss TV Programs



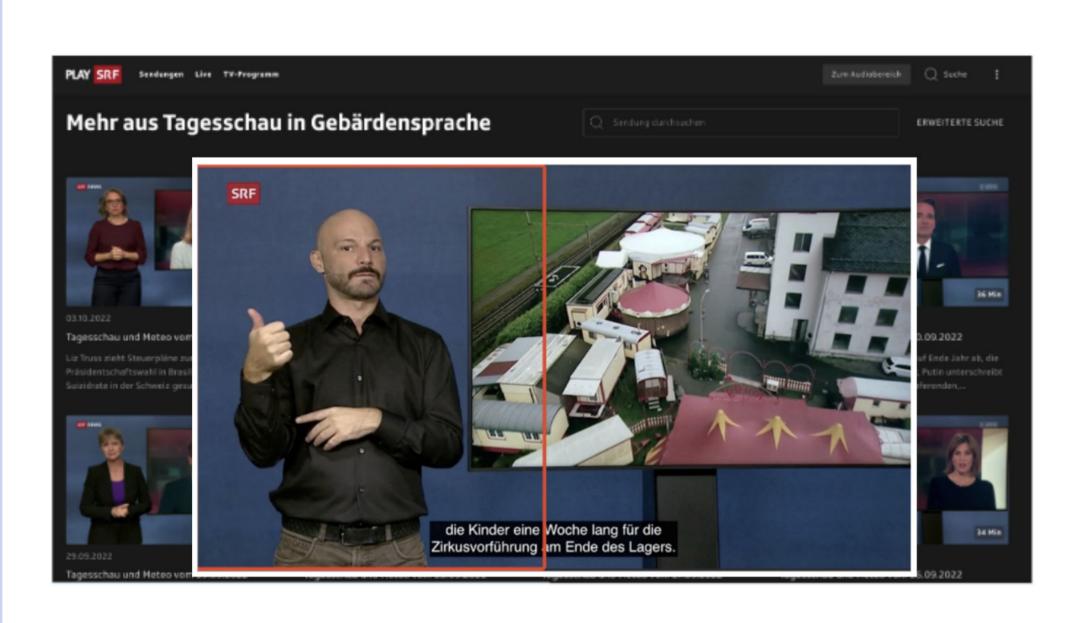
4. Data Quality, Quantity, and Licensing

Deaf community Policy maker Computer scientists



Data & Processing

1. Raw Data from Program Websites



2. Video/Pose Processing

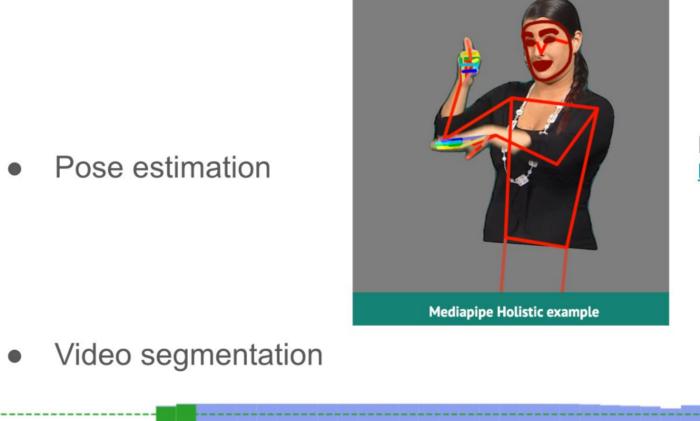


Figure taken from https://www.wmt-slt.com/data

Figure taken from Moryossef et al. (2023)

3. Subtitle Processing

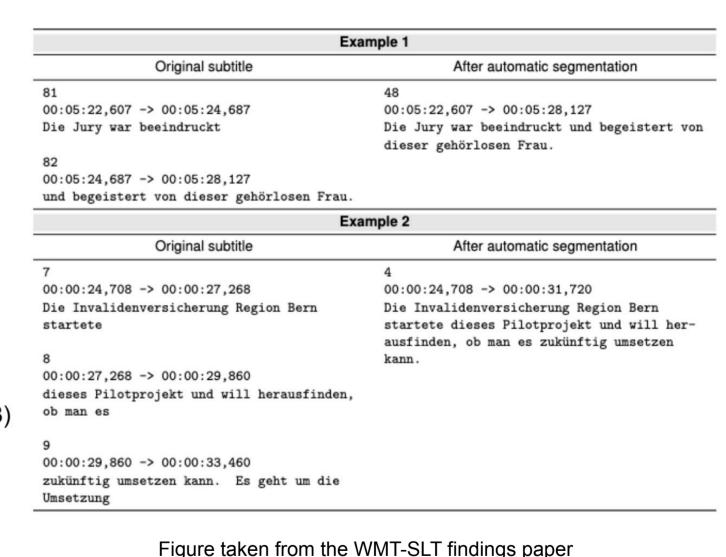


Figure taken from the WMT-SLT findings paper

Conclusion & Outlook

- > The corpus is publicly available on the **SWISSUbase** data platform for research purposes under CC BY-NC-SA 4.0.
- > Shared with the **informed consent** of the signers involved and a data-sharing agreement with the Swiss Broadcasting Corporation.
- > A valuable asset for researchers in computer vision, natural language processing, and sign language linguistics.



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