



LSST-France, 16 December 2023 Parallel session













• LSSTCam

EO testing at SLAC EO testing at L3 Dome calibration data AuxTel
 Calibration data
 Imaging data
 Spectroscopy data

ComCam
Dome calibration data
2 months of on-sky data



• LSSTCam

CCD configuration optimization Investigations of puzzling effects CCOB analysis

Brighter Fatter effect

Bias correction strategy

• AuxTel

Spectroscopy analysis Photometry (star flats) Validation of calibrations

- 1) How do we 'best integrate' our efforts in the project context?
- 2) How can we improve the organization in LSST-France (e.g. to onboard new people)?



Commissioning science units

- Throughput for focused light Merlin Fisher-Levine
- Delivered image quality and PSF modeling Josh Meyers
- Instrument signature removal / detector characterization – Chris Waters and Yousuke Utsumi
- Sky background / low surface brightness / ghosts and scattered light – Lee Kelvin
- Photometric calibration Jeff Carlin
- Astrometric calibration / proper motions Clare Saunders
- Survey performance / survey strategy optimization – Lynne Jones and Leanne Guy

- Object detection, quality flags, V&V sample production, survey property maps – Peter Ferguson
- Difference image analysis transient and variable objects Eric Bellm
- Difference image analysis Solar System objects – Mario Juric
- Galaxy photometry / photo-z Dan Taranu and Melissa Graham
- Weak lensing shear Arun Kannawadi
- Crowded stellar fields TBD
- Eyeball squad / beautiful images TBD Science Pipelines representative and EPO science representative

FRA-INP-S8: not appearing in any science unit



5

The goal is to run dynamic tests: move the TMA in elevation and azimuth at nominal speed in order to determine if we can safely install the glass

- Set of 15 criteria
- Intermediate glass safety review on December 11th Organize fast analysis within a small team including experts
- JIRA tickets ⇒ Notebooks ⇒ Reviews ⇒ Technical notes
- 2 Tag up meetings / week

Merlin is developing the utility tools to simplify the data access

From last SITCOM general meeting: M1M3 + cell will be removed in January

• "Mid January through March we will be using the TMA to verify requirements with ComCam, the M2 cell and the "yellow cross" surrogate in place of the M1M3 cell"

Time series data recorded in an InfluxDB database

TMA/M1M3/M2 dynamic testing

French contribution: Andrea and Dominique



• LSSTCam

Full replication at CC of EO test data

• AuxTel

Work at USDF

• ComCam?



Pierre's ideas Stability run : run6b doesn't show ITL gain glitch ...good



Vera C. Rubin Observatory

LSST-France | 8 June 2023 I have lots of tools for trending data \Rightarrow interested? 7



- Embargoed data (30 days during Commissioning, 80 hours during Operations)
 must not leave USDF.
 - Can view in browser but **not** save to a local machine or transport to an institutional resource.
 - Applies to all data in the /repo/embargo Butler repo.
- Post-embargo data must be kept private until released.
 - Can move to other machines but not share with non-staff.
 - All such data is in the / repo/main Butler repo.
 - Make sure someone doesn't take a picture of your screen and scoop our Communications team.
 - Still working out details of how daily and annual Data Releases will be identified, likely via collection.
- All data products are subject to the data rights policy (<u>RDO-13</u>)

Pierre's question : and the in dome calibration data ? can we have them at CC in real time : running study in real time at cc on this will give us lots of freedom / computing time / training



Stability : like often they forgot why we implemented "IDLE_FLUSH" = clear/flush between exposure \Rightarrow it prevents the ASPIC to get crazy / over heat . Still with IDLE_FLUSH how stable are we? With the current data it's a mess but we should have a look.

REMARK : Temp is the main source of gain change ... we can also use those data to demonstrate T correction (gain change < 0.0005 here)

2 A 600

-10



Vera C. Rubin Observatory LSST-France 8 June 2023 I have lots of tools for trending data \Rightarrow interested? 9



Run 13571 ("blue") Run 13577 (960 nm)

In an old talk, I showed that the persistency was visible in the saturated image of the PTC : all lines of the // overscan get large signal ~ after saturation.

I wonder if the effect is lambda dependent (the persistency can be lambda dependent ...) ⇒ We have the ptc at # lambda so it should be easy to look at .

I had a quick look ... hum ... the difference looks milde , but a deeper look is needed .

But I had a surprise looking at my old CTE plots :

In the serial direction I see a (tiny) jump in noise (estimated from the serial register) at ~ 10^4 ADU in the red for all channels ?????

3

 10^{2}

 10^{3}

<flux> of last column in ADU

 10^{4}

105

I love this job !



3

10²

103

 10^{4}

105

Pierre's ideas We should work on the edge effects : flux, lambda dependent?

edge between ampliers (run 13571) midle edge between ampliers (run 13571) Flat flux=70k/20k 70k - 70k 20k 20k 70k/20k - 70k/20k 1.001 1.2 0.358 1.000 3500 0.356 1.1 3000 0.999 2500 0.352 0.998 1500 0.9 0.997 0.8 0.346 10 70 10 15 20 25 20 50

RA C. RUBIN

ERVATORY

O B

Pierre's ideas

Run 13521

The pin holes filter, generate spots on the focal plane ...

Some are saturated

⇒ persistence study & ghost

some are not

- \Rightarrow could be used also for other study :
- Ex : Reproducibility of the filter position (offset in the hole = offset in their image , run 13520 , 13546)



Vera C. Rubin Observatory | LSST-France | 8 June 2023

By the way , rings centred on the optical axis in flats ??? Kesaco ?

