



Intro to HTML (and CSS)



What is HTML?

HyperText Markup Language or HTML is a markup language that defines the structure of a website

An easy way to think about HTML is like a class

```
Section myWorld = {  
    .greeting = "Hello World!"  
    .aboutMe = "I am not sure what to write here..."  
}
```

This class can be written as the following html

```
<section id="myWorld">  
    <h1>Hello world!</h1>  
    <p>I am not sure what to write here...</p>  
</section>
```

HTML

```
<section id="myWorld">  
  <h1>Hello world!</h1>  
  <p>I am not sure what to write here...</p>  
</section>
```

Displaying the code

Hello world!

I am not sure what to write here...

Important/frequently used Tags

- `<head>` - holds the meta data
- `<body>` - what the user sees
- `<h1>` - Largest header text. Often used for title.
- `` - image
- `<p>` - paragraph

Other Tags

- `<container>` or `<section>` - container for some part of the structure
- `<header>` or `<footer>` - also containers, but specifically for top/bottom of page
- `<button>` - button
- `<h2>` to `<h6>` - Header text.
- `` - link
- `` or `` (and ``) - makes a list (element of list is `li`). Organized or unorganized.

Classes and IDs

- Class:
 - Can be used to group multiple tags together
 - Important for CSS (see later slides)

```
<footer class="myClass">
```

- ID:
 - Identifies one specific tag

```
<section id="myWorld">
```

What is CSS?

Cascading Style Sheets help
us style our website

Plain HTML is boring. CSS let's us customize our website:

Hello world!

I am not sure what to write here...



Hello world!

I am not sure what to write here...

Structure of CSS:

Hello world!

I am not sure what to write here...



```
#myWorld {  
  background: linear-gradient(90deg, blue 0%, aqua 15%);  
  padding: 5pt;  
  color: white;  
}
```



Hello world!

I am not sure what to write here...

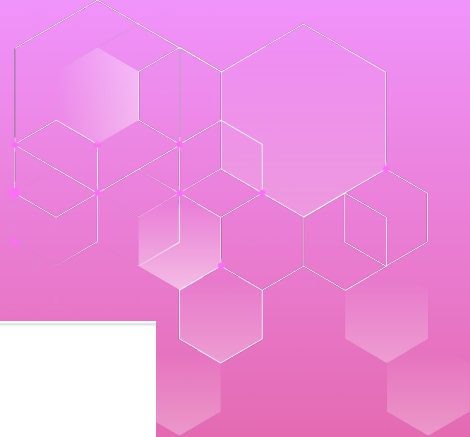
CSS Libraries

There is a lot of variety to CSS, so a framework can add a bit of structure. It also makes CSS simpler and less daunting



Bootstrap

This framework uses classes to style HTML



Link

Button

Input

Submit

Reset

HTML

```
<a class="btn btn-primary" href="#" role="button">Link</a>  
<button class="btn btn-primary" type="submit">Button</button>  
<input class="btn btn-primary" type="button" value="Input">  
<input class="btn btn-primary" type="submit" value="Submit">  
<input class="btn btn-primary" type="reset" value="Reset">
```



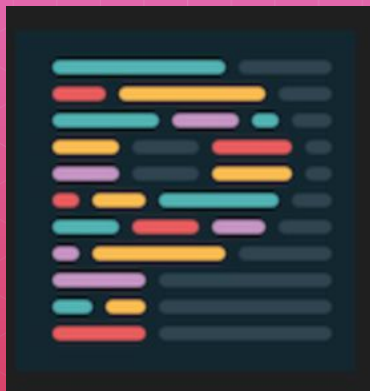
Let's make our own website!

Starter code: acmcsuf.com/html-starter-code

acmcsuf.com/intro-to-html

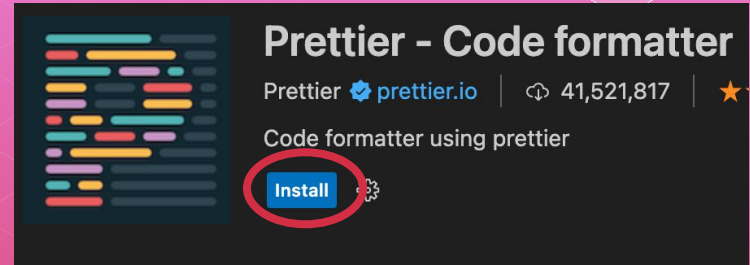
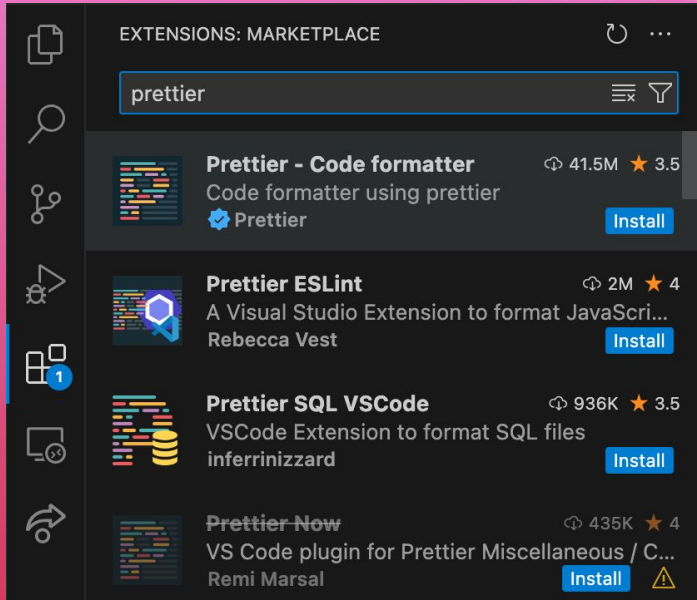
Prettier Extension

A formatting extension used to make sure code is formatted correctly

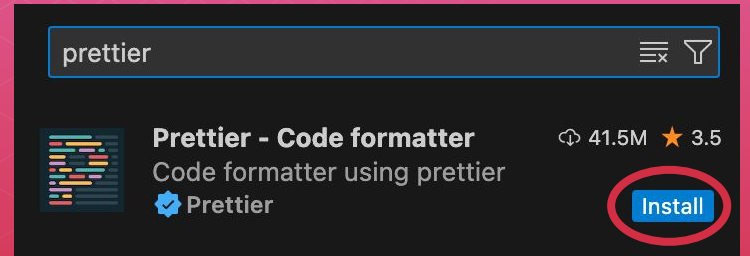


Installation

Go to Extensions and search for "Prettier". Install the Extension.



OR



Usage

Using Command Palette (CMD/CTRL + Shift + P)

There are two ways using this method

- Method 1:
 - CMD + Shift + P → Format Document
- Method 2:
 - Select the text you want to Prettify
 - CMD + Shift + P → Format Selection

Resources (for your own website)

HTML:

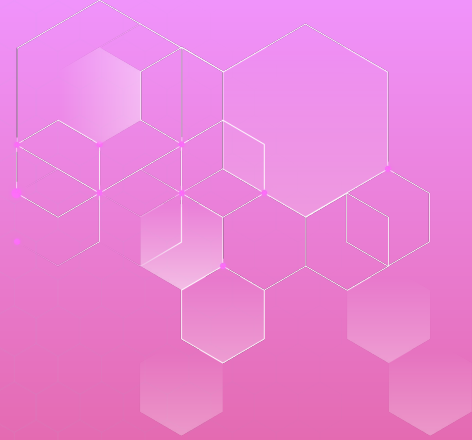
- acmcsuf.com/dev-html-w3schools

CSS:

- acmcsuf.com/dev-css-w3schools

Bootstrap:

- acmcsuf.com/dev-bootstrap





Helpful Tool: Node.js

acmcsuf.com/node-installation

Check if installed: "npm -version" in terminal

Fullyhacks base website



acmcsuf.com/fullyhacks-base-website

The background features a gradient from light pink at the top to dark red at the bottom. A subtle, repeating pattern of small hexagons is visible. Two larger, stylized hexagonal structures are positioned in the top-left and bottom-right corners. These structures are composed of white outlines of hexagons, some of which are filled with a light pink color. Small pink dots are placed at the vertices of these hexagons.

Thank You!
