

Advances in Student-Led Safety at the University of Minnesota-Twin Cities

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Why was the JST formed?

A need for improved safety and culture of safety

Safety survey reveals lab risk

Questionnaire suggests researchers not as safe as they feel. 3

Recognized as leader in student-led safety.²

PARTNERING ON SAFETY

Dow teams up with universities to SHARE IDEAS, BEST PRACTICES

JYLLIAN KEMSLEY, C&EN WEST COAST NEWS BUREAU

INDUSTRIAL RESEARCHERS run their labs with much more attention to safety than do academic researchers, or so holds conventional wisdom. Dow Chemical is now tackling that disparity head-on in a pilot safety collaboration with chemistry, chemical engineering, and materials science departments at the University of Minnesota (UMN), Pennsylvania State University and the University of Collifornia State

then Penn State shortly after. UCSB engaged in July. Each university formed a safety team composed principally of students and postdocs from the different departments involved. That's because students and postdocs are the ones actually working in labs, says William B. Tolman, chair of the chemistry department at UMN. Tolman adds that the students at UMN have risen to the chal-

Why JST?

- Increased safety awareness
- Better prepared for career in industry or as a PI
- Encourage safe chemistry practice

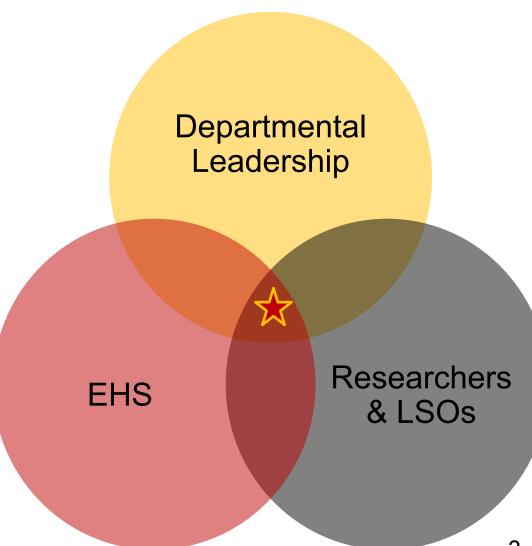


Setting the Groundwork



Joint Safety Team (JST)

Researcher-led initiative between CHEM and CEMS supported by departmental leaders and EHS





Mission Statement

Mission Statement:

Student-led initiative to improve the safety culture in the CHEM and CEMS department at the University of Minnesota*

CARES

Compliance Define and enforce standard roles and expectations through biannual lab audits

Awareness Enhance safety through signage, safety

moments, posters, and email communication

Resources

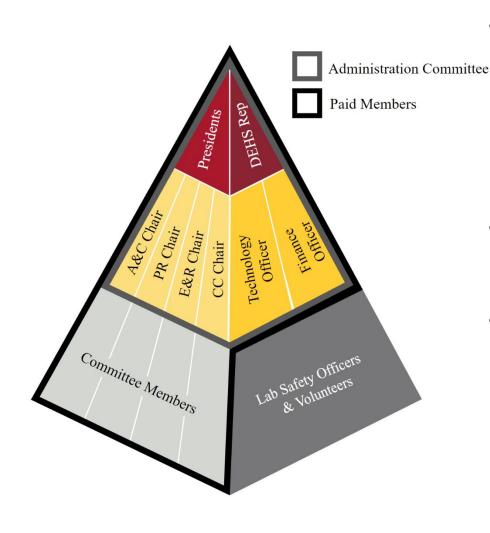
Provide easy access to information and establish a system for maintaining records

Education Provide frequent and relevant safety education and training

Spread Connect work to local chemical industry, PUIs, and high schools.



Organization Structure



- Committees
 - Their initiative responsibilities
 - Membership
- Administrative committee members and their roles
- Relationships with EH&S and department admin.

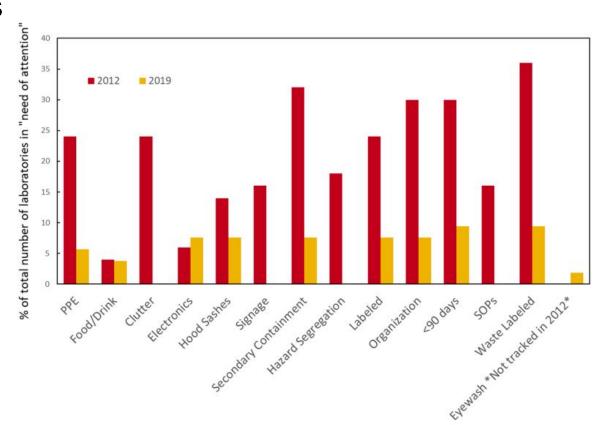


CARES: Compliance

Analysis & Compliance Committee

Ensuring safety protocols are maintained

- Lab walk-throughs
- Yearly Surveys





CARES: Awareness

Public Relations Committee Increasing safety visibility

- Posters, signs, and fliers
- Social media presences
- Safety moments





Where should you wear:

Safety Glassesor Goggles

- Worn in all labs where required
- When working with chemicals

Lab coats

- Worn in all labs where required
- May be worn while moving between laboratories
- NOT to be worn in non-chemical areas (offices, restrooms, etc.)

Gloves

- Worn in all labs where required
- When working with chemicals
- NOT to be worn when traveling between labs or in non-chemical areas (offices, restrooms, etc.)

Long Pants and Closed-Toe Shoes

- Worn in all labs where required
- When working with chemicals



CARES: Resources & Education

Education & Resources Committee

- New LSO training
- LSO Guidebook
- Specific hazard training (Compressed gas, laser safety)

An example: Scenario 1 - procedure

Steps

- · Go slow add quenching reagents in small amounts
- · Consider ice bath and an inert atmosphere for vessel
- Consider adding a non-reactive, high boiling solvent as a heat sink
- Start with branched alcohol (i.e., t-butanol, isopropanol, sec-butanol)
- Add linear alcohols next (i.e., ethanol, methanol)
- Water goes in last (add cautiously)
- · Dispose of using properly labeled waste container





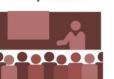
http://kgroup.du.edu/safety/sop/quenching.pdf

Safety Seminars and Training Events

Recruit faculty or EHS staff to present a safety seminar event or host hands-on training. Students initially only focus on logistics and work toward completely organizing events.

Options for Safety Events

Safety Seminar



Hands-on Training



Student Organized Event



Common Questions about Safety Events

Who attends

→ Lab Safety Officers (LSOs) and other graduate researchers

Who hosts

- → Faculty, EHS staff, students, industrial volunteers. Anyone of interest
- What to cover → Safety topics with knowledgeable volunteers that are of interest to researchers Where to host → Seminars in a classroom and hands-on training in a teaching lab or EHS facility
- When to host → Whenever! LSTs can host events monthly, bimonthly, quarterly, or semesterly Why have one → Improve knowledge and safety of researchers and gain visibility
- → Recruit faculty or EHS staff to prepare content while the LST handles logistics



CARES: Spread

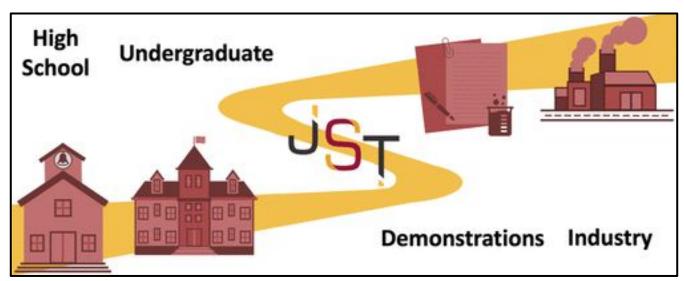
Community Connections

Connecting goals JST to the larger Minnesota community

- local chemical industries
- primarily undergraduate institutions
- high schools

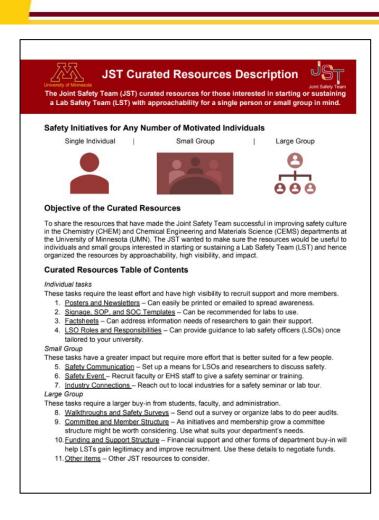
Recent Programs

- Lab safety for training for high school teachers
- PUI tours and JST discussion



Safety Starts

JST's 10 Curated Resources



Individual

- Posters and Newsletters.
- Signage, SOP, and SOC Templates
- 3. Factsheets
- 4. LSO Roles and Responsibilities

Small Group

- 5. Safety Communication
- 6. Safety Event
- 7. Industry Connections

Large Group

- 8. Walkthroughs and Safety Surveys
- Committee and Member Structure
- 10. Funding and Support Structure



Printable Information

- Posters and Newsletters
- Signage, SOP, and SOC templates
- **Factsheets**



Fact Sheet

Eyewash Requirements

Eyewashes must be readily accessible in areas with a fume hood, hazardous chemicals, and BSL-2 or BSL-3 spaces. They must be flushed weekly to ensure they are working and to prevent bacteria buildup. Records must be readily available and kept for 1 year.

Weekly checks

Visual inspection:

- 1. Check for corrosion, leaks, and bacteria growth on the surface
- 2. Make sure the eyewash area is free from clutter and is easily accessible
- 3. Check that the eyewash log is visible, signed weekly, and in good condition

- 1. Flush for 2-3 minutes or until the water runs clear
- 2. Check that the water flow is immediate (within one second), continuous, and that both streams are roughly the same height
- 3. Make sure that a hands-free unit can be operated as such
- 4. Sign the log posted next to the eyewash

Report any problems to Facilities Management at 612-624-2900.

In the event of an eye exposure

If you are the injured person:

- 1. Call for help from those nearby
- 2. Immediately go to the eyewash
- 3. Activate the eye wash and flush your eyes for 15 minutes, unless directed otherwise by emergency personnel
- 4. Seek medical attention for every eye injury

If you are the witness/aid:

- 1. Help the injured person get to the eyewash
- 3. Don gloves and help the injured party keep their eyes open and head down
- 4. Instruct the injured person to:
 - a. Remove contact lenses prior to flushing
 - b. Not to rub their eyes or try to dislodge objects
 - c. Hold their eyelids open and roll their eyes around to ensure water touches all surfaces
- d. Wash both eyes even if they only believe one has been contaminated
- 5. Make sure there is a minimum of 15 minutes of flushing, unless directed otherwise by emergency

FS Eyewash Requirements October 2016





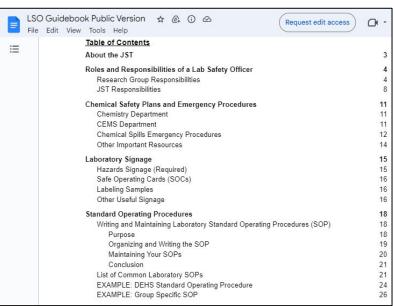
Clarifying LSO Roles & Responsibilities

Graduate researchers are often assigned as a lab's safety contact, sometimes without documented instructions

- Lab Safety Officer
- Lab Safety Contact
- Safety Designate
- Chemical Hygiene Officer

Accessibility

- Easy for 1 person to email to other LSOs
- Motivate other students to get join the cause

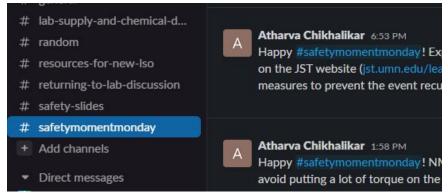




Encouraging LSO Safety Communication

- Set up an X account (Twitter) to share safety tips
- Discussion topics for an LSO messaging group/app
- Learning Experience Reports









Engaging Event Volunteers

- 6. Request university staff or faculty to give safety seminars
 - Waste disposal
 - Hazard specific
 - Cryogenic
 - Lasers
 - Gas cylinders

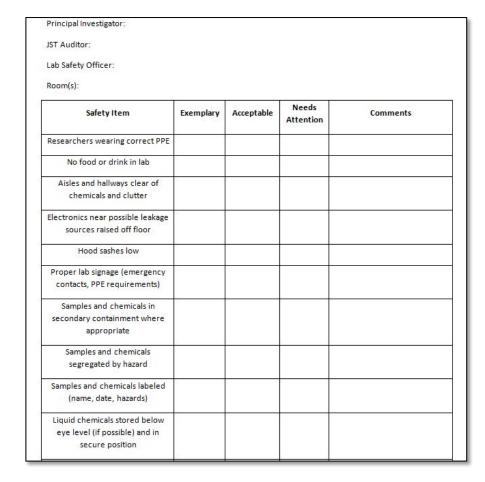
7. Recruit from industry for safety panels, tours, or funding





Standardized Walkthrough & Survey Templates

- Semesterly peer-to-peer walkthroughs allow LSOs to inspect each other's labs
 - General and hazard specific rubrics
- Safety surveys gauge safety sentiments in labs





10 JST Resources for LSTs



- Posters and Newsletters
- Signage, SOP, and SOC 7. templates
- 3. Factsheets
- LSO Roles and Responsibilities
- Safety Communication Network

Email us at ist@umn.edu

- 6. Education Event Recruitment
- 7. Industry Tour or Panel Recruitment
- 8. Peer Walkthrough Rubrics & Safety Survey Templates
- 9. JST Structure and Initiatives
- 10. Department and Industry Funding

Visit our website jst.umn.edu



Thank you

- UMN Chemistry
 Department and
 Chemical Engineering
 & Material Science
 Department
- PPG
- DOW
- Valspar
- JST members past and present

Departmental Support





Industrial Support



