
Dogecoin - Ethereum Bridge

Ismael Bejarano (@CoinFabrik) - Catalina Juarros
(@CoinFabrik) - Oscar Guindzberg



Goals

Exchange Dogecoin and an ERC-20 token back and forth in a decentralised manner.

Challenges

- Keep the same **circulating supply** of Dogecoin.
 - Don't burn or mint for security reasons.
 - Perform the exchange in a **decentralised** way.
 - Exchanges are centralised.
 - Atomic swap requires at least two people.
-

Existing solutions

- BTCRelay.
 - Only supports one-way transaction verifications.
 - RSK Bridge.
 - Supports two-way operations.
 - Controlled by a federation.
-

More challenges

- Dogecoin uses **Script** as its proof-of-work function.
 - EVM-based verification costs about **100M gas**.
 - Storing all the **blocks** is expensive.
 - **200USD** per day, even if the bridge receives no transactions.
 - Dogecoin has scripts, but it offers **limited support** for programming.
 - Adding an opcode would require a **fork**.
-



Solution!

TrueBit

Off-chain Script hash verification using a challenge-response protocol.



TrueBit

- Script hash is calculated **off-chain**.
 - Iterative challenge:
 - Divide the problem into N steps.
 - Binary search to find the first incorrect step.
 - Execute incorrect step in the contract.
 - Economic incentives to prevent attacks.
 - Each step must cover the potential response's cost.
-

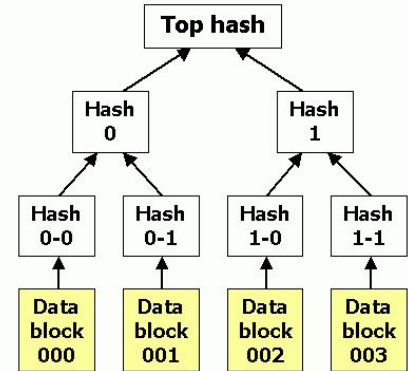
Superblocks

Store the Merkle root of a tree consisting of several blocks.



Superblocks

- Blocks that aren't relevant for the bridge don't need to be stored.
- Adds complexity and possible attacks.
- The goal is to disincentivise attacks.



Collateral

Mechanism similar to MakerDAO's stable coin DAI for converting DogeTokens to Dogecoin.



Collateral

- Dogecoin:
 - Doesn't support complex scripts.
 - New opcode needs a hard fork.
 - Collateral:
 - Dogecoin is backed by operators.
 - Operators must deposit ether in order to cover the total amount of Dogecoin in the bridge.
 - Affected by Ether to Dogecoin price fluctuations.
-

Tools

- Truffle
- Ganache
- Travis CI
- Web3j

Truffle

- Smart contract compilation and deployment.
 - Integration tests for Solidity smart contracts and Java agent.
 - Unit tests during development.
 - We currently have over 100 unit tests.
-

Ganache

- Development Ethereum node.
 - Automatic mining.
 - Infinite balance.
-

Travis CI

- Test case execution in a clean environment.
- Execute tests on a branch before merging.

Web3j

- Java version of web3.
 - Used by 'agents' for interacting with the Ethereum blockchain.
-

TODAY HAS BEEN RUFF



IG@tyatyamarukazoku

Some issues

Some issues

- Truffle
 - Sometimes it doesn't recompile contracts:
 - Automate compilation and deployment with bash scripts.
 - Remove *build* directory.
 - Force recompilation: *truffle compile --all*.
 - Latest compiler version:
 - Edit dependencies manually.
-

Some issues

- Ganache
 - Slow for complex contracts.
 - Easy to create transaction collisions.
 - Transactions aren't signed.
 - A bugged version made Travis CI fail.
 - Hardcode a working version.
-

Some issues

- No stack trace for debugging.
 - Use error codes instead of *revert*.
 - Use *log0()*, *log1()*, etc. to inspect variable state
 - New *revert with reason* opcode is not yet supported
 - There is still no defined protocol for interpreting *reason*
-

Some issues

- Possible 'out of gas' causes:
 - 32KB per transaction limit.
 - Makes it impossible to deploy very large contracts.
 - Almost any error causes 'out of gas' on Ganache.
 - Turn on verbose mode.
 - Test on geth development mode (PoA).
-

Some issues

- 'Out of gas' solutions
 - Separate contracts according to their functionality.
 - Adds complexity and dependencies between contracts.
 - Use libraries.
 - *extern* functions use *delegatecall*.
 - *internal* functions are compiled inline.
 - No access to storage.
 - Use Solidity assembly.
 - Hard to debug.
 - Turn on compiler optimisation.
-

That's all!



References

- Efficiently Bridging EVM Blockchains, <https://blog.gridplus.io/efficiently-bridging-evm-blockchains-8421504e9ced>
 - A scalable verification solution for blockchains, <https://people.cs.uchicago.edu/~teutsch/papers/truebit.pdf>
 - The Dai Stablecoin System, <https://makerdao.com/whitepaper/DaiDec17WP.pdf>
 - Reference implementation of the decentralized Dai Stablecoin issuance system, <https://makerdao.com/purple/>
-