

Welcome

Advanced Python

Programma course





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Sequence types in Python



What is sequence type?

A sequence type is type that holds a sequence of elements.

```
Sequence types in

Python

Lis - Sequence of elements enclosed in square

t brackets:[]

Tupl - Sequence of elements enclosed in

e parenthesis:()

Se - Sequence of elements enclosed in curly

t braces:{}

Dictiona - Sequence of elements enclosed in curly braces:{}: each element

ry is a pair

Strin - Sequence of characters, digits, or any symbols enclosed in
```

Elements of a sequence are separated by using comma and elements may of different





What is sequence type?

A sequence type is type that holds a sequence of elements.

Sequence types in Python

Mutab

Lis t Dictiona ry Se t

Immutab

Tupl e Strin





A list is a collection of indexed elements of different data types.

Properties of list in

Python

L'ist in python has implemented using a built-in

class list

List is represented using square

brackets[]

Every element in a list separated with comma (,)

symbol

All list elements are indexed and the index starts

with '0'

The list elements are also <u>indexed with negative numbers</u> from the last element to

the first element in the list, and it begins with -1 for each element decreased by 1.







A list is a collection of indexed elements of different data types.

How to create a list?

listName = [value1, value2, value3, ...]





A list is a collection of indexed elements of different data types.

How to access individual elements of a list?

listName[ind ex]





A list is a collection of indexed elements of different data types.

How to access sub list from a list?

Slici

```
listName[sertIndex:
endIndex]
listName[startIndex:endIndex:
indexAddition]
```





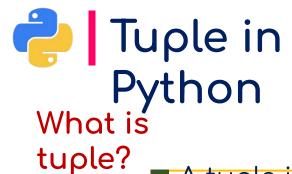
A list is a collection of indexed elements of different data types.

Built-in methods of list

```
append(valu
e)
insert(index,
value)
extend(lis
t)
```

```
remove(valu
e)
pop(
)
pop(inde
x)
clear(
de
l
```

```
len(list
count(valu
sort(
reverse()
max(lis
min(lis
index(value
```





Properties of tuple in

Python

Túple in python has implemented using a built-in class <u>tuple</u>

Tuple is represented using

Parenthesis ()

Every element in a tuple separated with comma (,) symbol

All tuple elements are **indexed** and the index starts with **'0'**

Tuple elements
ore
Immutab
le

The Tuple elements are also <u>indexed with negative numbers</u> from the last element to

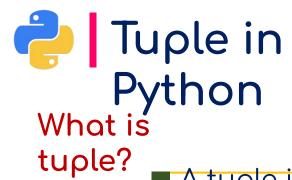
the first element in the tuple, and it begins with -1 for each element decreased by 1.





How to create a tuple?

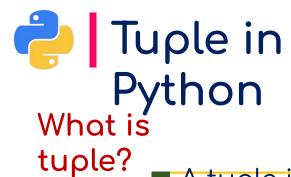
tupleName = (value1, value2, value3, ...)





How to access individual elements of a tuple?

tupleName[ind ex]

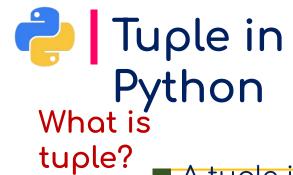




How to access sub tuple from a tuple?

Slici

tupleName[StartIndex: endIndex] tupleName[startIndex:endIndex: indexAddition]





Built-in methods of tuple

de I

```
len(tupl
e)
count(valu
e)
sorted(tuple,
reverse=)
max(lis
t)
min(lis
t)
index( value
)
```





What is

A set is a collection of un-ordered and un-indexed elements of different data types.

Properties of set in

Python

Set in python has implemented using a built-in class <u>set</u> Set is represented using curly braces { } Every element in a set separated with comma (,) symbol







A set is a collection of un-ordered and un-indexed elements of different data types.

How to create a set?

> setName = {value1, value2, value3, ...}





set?

A set is a collection of un-ordered and un-indexed elements of different data types.

How to access individual elements of a set?

NOT ALLOWED





set? A set is a collection of un-ordered and un-indexed elements of different data types.

How to access sub set from a set?

Slici ALLOWED





What is

set?
A set is a collection of un-ordered and un-indexed elements of different data types.

Built-in methods of set

```
add(valu
append(list_of_valu
        es)
```

```
discard(valu
remove(valu
     e)
ρορ(
clear(
de
```

```
len(set
sorted(set,
reverse=)
max(set
min(set
```





What is

A set is a collection of un-ordered and un-indexed elements of different data types.

Special operations on set

Unio union(se

Intersecti intersection(s et)

Differenc

Symmetr difference(se symmetife of file of fil





what is <u>dictionary?</u>

A dictionary is a collection of un-ordered elements where each element is a pair of **key** and **value**.

Element in dict key: value

Dictionary and it's elements are

Mutable





Properties of dictionary in

Python

Dictionary in python has implemented using a built-in

class <u>dict</u>

Dictionary is represented using curly

braces { }

Every element in a dictionary separated with comma (,)

symbol

Every element in a dictionary is a pair of key

and value

The key and the corresponding value are separated with: symbol →

key: value

Dictionary doesn't allow duplicate keys, but value does not have any

restriction

Key must be either a string or a number or any immutable object and value can be any object





How to create a dictionary?

How to access individual elements of a dictionary?

dictName[k ey]





How to access sub set from a dictionary?

Slici NOT ALLOWED





```
Built-in methods of dictionary oet/key
```

```
get(key
)
items(
)
keys()

values(
```

```
Pop(ke
y)
popitem(
)
clear(
)
de
```

```
len(dictiona
ry)
update({key:
value})
```





A string is a sequence of characters enclosed in quotes

"Hell
o"
""Python"

'Rank "It's simple"





Properties of string in

Python

String in python has implemented using a built-in class <u>str</u>

String is represented using quotes

(M) | ()

String may contain any character like alphabets, digits, special symbols

String elements are

immutable

All string elements are **indexed** and the index starts with **'0'**

The string elements are also <u>indexed with negative numbers</u> from the last element to

the first element in the string, and it begins with -1 for each element decreased by 1.





How to create a string?

strName = 'value'

How to access individual elements of a string?

strName[ind ex]



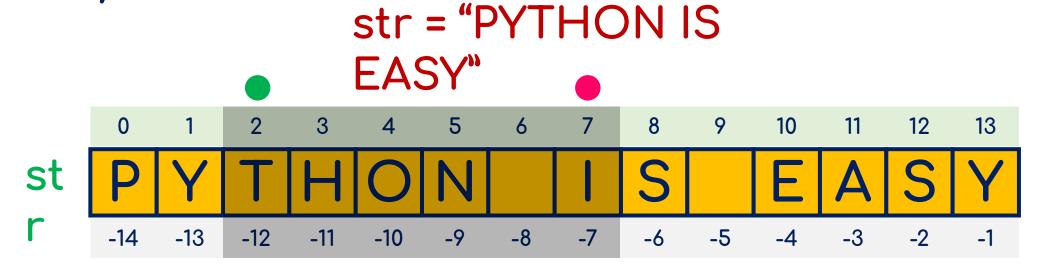


How to access sub string from a string?

Slici strName[start: end strName[start:end: modifier





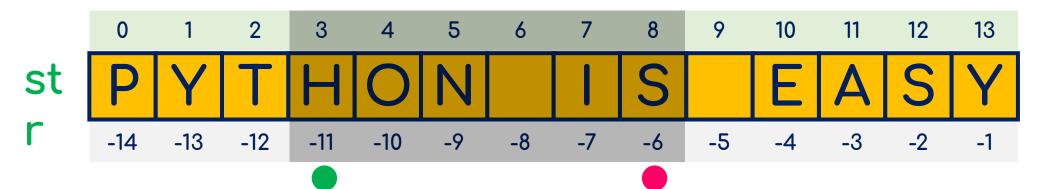


str[2:



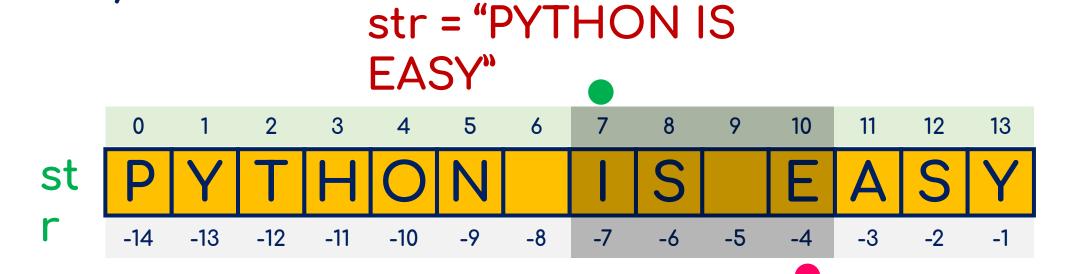


str = "PYTHON IS EASY"



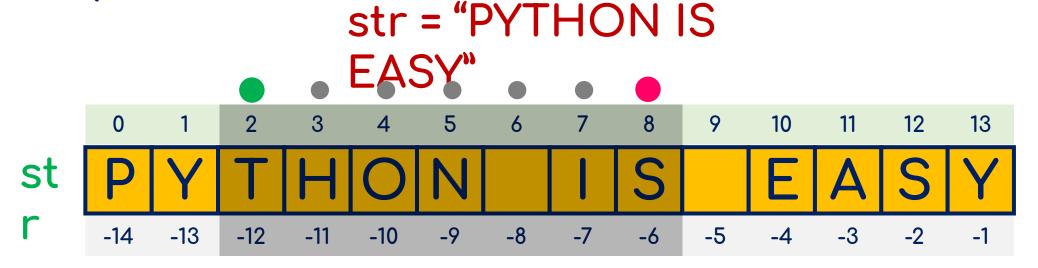






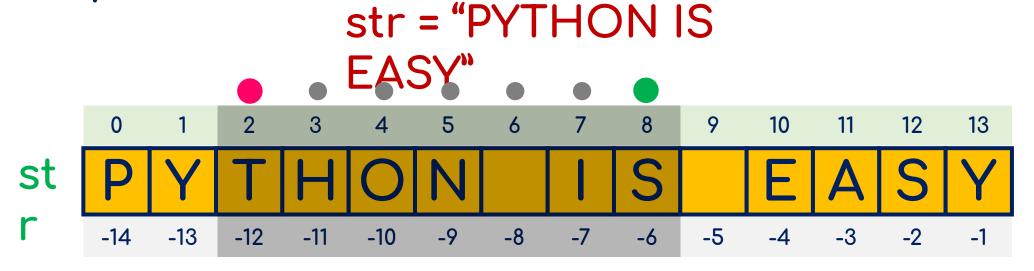






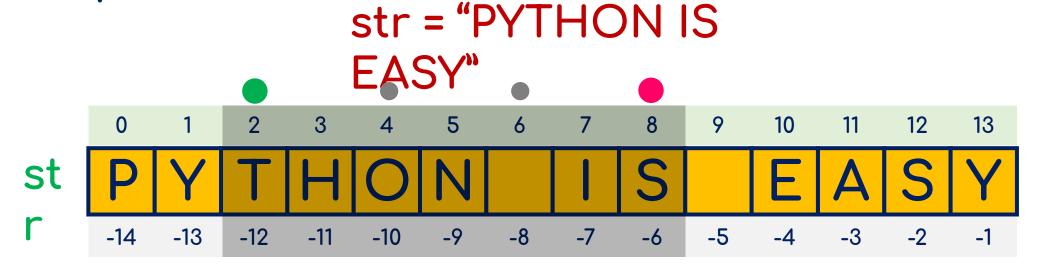






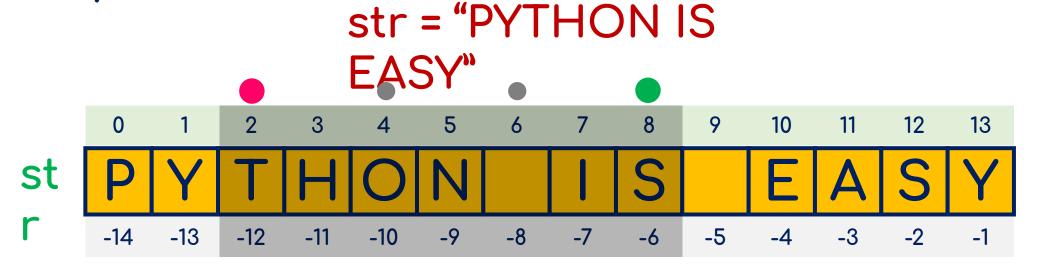
















```
Built-in methods of String
```

```
capitalize
   center(width,
     fill_char)
   startswith(str, begindex,
          endindex)
   endswith(str, begindex,
          endindex)
   find(str, begindex,
        endindex)
```

```
isdigit(
                     isalnum(
isnumeric(
                     lower(
isspace(
                     upper(
isalpha(
                        split('separator',
                            maxsplit)
isdecimal(
                    max(str
                    min(str
```