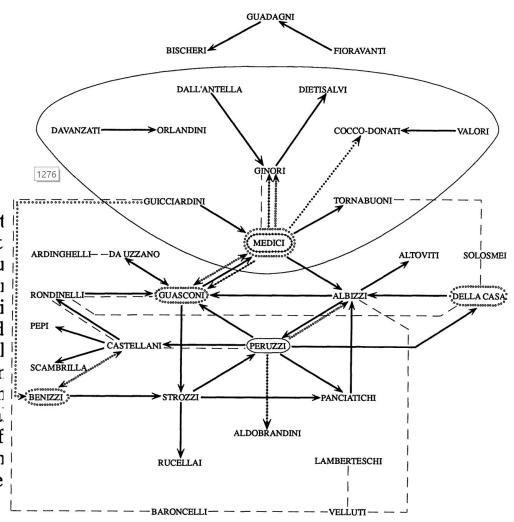
Papers sobre facciones políticas

Naim Bro Universidad Adolfo Ibáñez

Robust Action and the Rise of 1400–1434¹

John F. Padgett and Christopher K. Ansell niversity of Chicago

We analyze the centralization of political part that underlay the birth of the Renaissance st revolt and fiscal crisis were the ultimate cau tion, but Medicean political control was pr network disjunctures within the elite, whi spanned. Cosimo de' Medici's multivocal id nessed the power available in these network l contradiction between judge and boss inherer Methodologically, we argue that to understan Benizzi must penetrate beneath the veneer of forma and goals down to the relational substrata of Ambiguity and heterogeneity, not planning an raw materials of which powerful states and pe





Published: 21 July 2022

The structure of political conflict. The oligarchs and the bourgeoisie in the Chilean Congress, 1834–1894

Naim Bro ☑

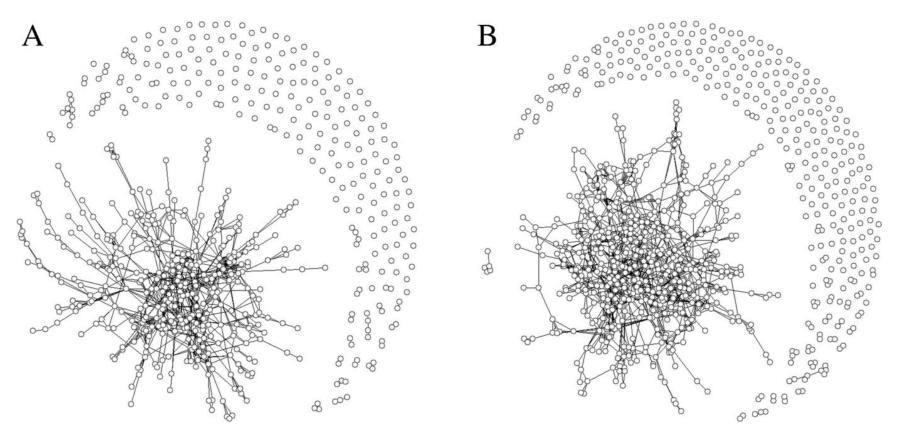
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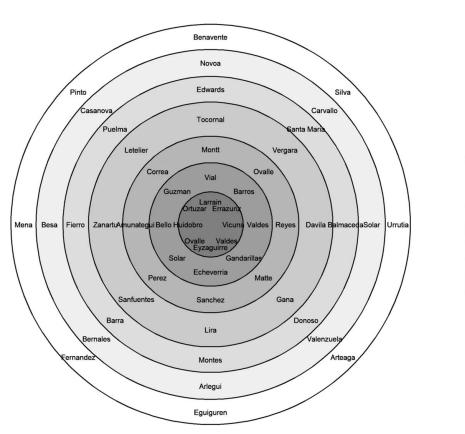
Abstract

This article develops a model to explain the incorporation of new groups into the political elites in oligarchic societies. In this model, factions within the traditional power-holding group compete, and as their conflict escalates, they recruit the support of groups traditionally excluded from politics. This mechanism changes the ruling class's social composition without the need for a substantial push from lower-status groups. I apply this model to analyze sequential changes in the social composition of the Chilean Congress from 1834 to 1894. To identify old versus new elites, I use an original database of kinship ties among all Chilean ministers and Congress members. By combining social network analysis and historical evidence, I show that, in times of increased intra-oligarchic conflict, groups traditionally excluded from the inner circles of power – the bourgeoisie and the bureaucrats initially – made breakthroughs in their political representation.

La elite política del siglo XIX



Capas de centralidad



Cohesive level

K-1. N = 127

K-2, N = 136

K-3, N = 129

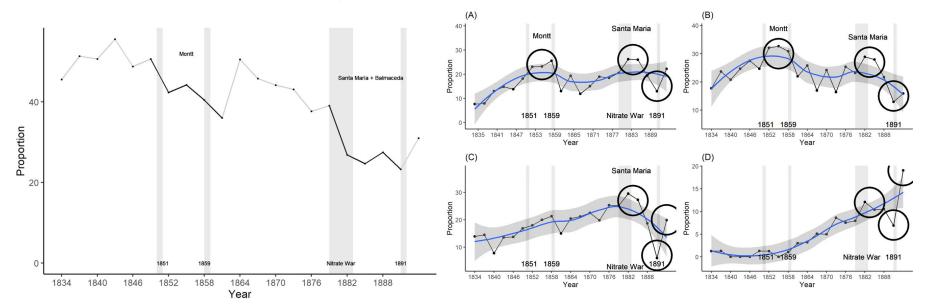
K-4, N = 172

K-5, N = 134

K-6, N = 147

K-7, N = 165

Influencia en el congreso



Entrada de nuevos grupos

