6.7 - chodit vs. jít (past tense)

In this lesson we are going to review the use of jít vs. chodit and expand our understanding to the past tense.

indeterminate	determinate	definition
chodit	jít	to go (by foot)

 indeterminate (chodit) - these verbs are called indeterminate verbs because they either have many instances of a goal or lack a goal altogether habitual acts of going - use the verb chodit when you are describing frequent or habitual trips. 	 determinate (jít) - these verbs are called determinate verbs because they have a single one-time goal. single trip - use the verb jít when you describing a single trip from point A to point B.
A : B	A - B
Chodila jsem do hospody dvakrát týdně. 'I used to go to the pub twice a week.'	Včera večer jsme šli do kina. This evening we're going to the movies.
We will talk more about the 2nd meaning at a later time, for now you don't have to worry about it. • goal-less motion	
Často chodím po tom krásném parku. 'I often walk around that beautiful park.'	

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