

9.3 - *posílat* / *poslat* 'to send'



We send various things:

dopis - letter

balík - package

e-mail - e-mail

esemeska - sms, text message

textovka (less frequent) - text message

zpráva - message

In this lesson we'll learn a new verb *posílat* / *poslat* - 'to send'. Remember, now that we have learned [verbal aspect](#), we need to learn both an imperfective and perfective verb:

Imperfective *posílat* 'to send'

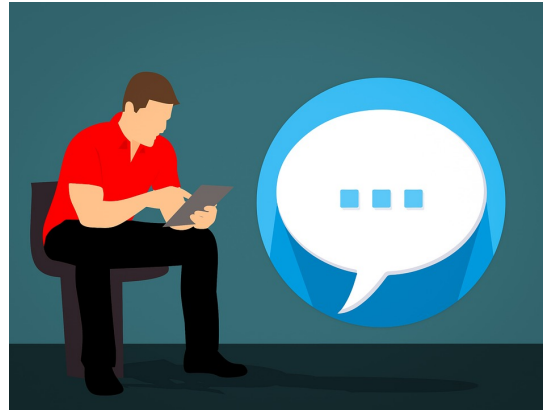
<i>já</i>	<i>posílám</i>	<i>my</i>	<i>posíláme</i>
<i>ty</i>	<i>posíláš</i>	<i>vy</i>	<i>posíláte</i>
<i>on, ona, ono</i>	<i>posílá</i>	<i>oni (ony, ona)</i>	<i>posílají</i>

Use imperfective *posílat* to talk about:

- what you are currently sending
- what you regularly send / will regularly send
- additionally, you can use *posílat* to talk about sending something to someone when you are unsure if it was received (and hence whether it was completed)



Posílám kolegovi e-maily každý týden.



Posílal jsem ti zprávy. Dostala jsi je?

Perfective *poslat*

Perfective *poslat* has an irregular conjugation:

<i>já</i>	<i>pošlu</i>	<i>my</i>	<i>pošleme</i>
<i>ty</i>	<i>pošleš</i>	<i>vy</i>	<i>pošlete</i>
<i>on, ona, ono</i>	<i>pošle</i>	<i>oni (ony, ona)</i>	<i>pošlou</i>

Use perfective *poslat* to talk about:

- a completed act of sending something in the past
- an intention or plan to send something a single time in the future



Minulý týden jsem poslala Milošovi balík.



Pošlu ti esemesku dneska večer.

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