# 4.9 - Doing things for people - the preposition *pro* 'for' (again)

You can buy something for yourself *(kupovat si*), but we can also buy things for others. If we want to buy something *for* someone, we’ll need the preposition *pro* ‘for’. We covered this in [3.10 - *pro koho?*](https://docs.google.com/document/d/e/2PACX-1vQsuUYBRQau00jti-hKamXnq9ayoU5qSmDYKjUV1HY2cZu1gF_3bJV_wKUfxhwxMkzMHGOBV9zMHpPV/pub), but here is a short review:

*pro* + ACC

The preposition *pro* ‘for’ is followed by the accusative case. Why the accusative case?

[](https://www.flickr.com/photos/suthakamal/2799746255/)

Sometimes you just need to memorize that a certain case (i.e. accusative, genitive, dative, etc.) is found after a preposition. This is one of those instances. You just **have to memorize** that *pro* is followed by the accusative case.

Ok, now that that’s out of the way, let’s see some examples:

*Petr kupuje náušnice pro přítelkyni.*

Petr is buying earrings for his girlfriend.

*Kupuju svetr pro Janu.*

I’m buying a sweater for Jana.

*Lenka kupuje tričko pro přítele.*Lenka is buying a t-shirt for (her) boyfriend.

Remember that the accusative of *kdo* is *koho*, so if you want to say ‘for who?’, we say *pro koho?*

*Pro koho kupuješ ten dárek?*

Who are you buying that gift for? (for whom are you buying that gift?)

Images used in this document come from [these sources](https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Xo646gq_-RYxFseXVAapjPBPXowVA9NjxukSlYo8has/edit#heading=h.v73nqb3m1859).