Git Overview and Use Case Example

Chris Olson

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Connection Information

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Presentation

<u>Slides</u> <u>Recording</u> <u>Demo Repository</u>

Attendees

Jocelyn Elya, Carolina Berys-Gonzalez, Joseph Gum, Renee Richardson, Chris Olson, Liqing Jiang, Karen Stocks, Samantha Kuglen, Shawn Smith, Mathew Biddle, Susan Becker, Steve Diggs

Minutes

- 1. Intro on Chris Olson
 - a. Geological Data Center at Scripps
 - b. Main projects: R2R, Proposal support database
- 2. Software Carpentry
 - a. Their intro to git: http://swcarpentry.github.io/git-novice/
 - b. https://software-carpentry.org/
- 3. "I swear it worked last week."
- 4. Git is set of command line tools to track changes
 - a. Built to facilitate coordination between developers
 - b. Git is not GitHub
- 5. Core Commands
 - a. git init, git status, git add, git commit, git diff, git checkout

- 6. Live demo
 - a. Hidden .git directory holds all files that git needs to track your repository
 - b. git commit -m "message about the commit"
 - c. Git diff to show changes between two commits
- 7. Rebase replays feature commits on top of master commits
- 8. Remotes a place to put a repository. GitHub, Bitbucket, GitLab are popular.
 - a. "GitHub the social media of coding"
 - b. GitHub ~\$25 a month for 5 users.
 - c. GitLab is open source
 - d. Best practice to put a README doc in your repo if it's public on one of these sites.
 - i. Include software requirements, how to install
- 9. "git log --online --decorate" different way to view logs
- 10. Tips
 - a. Add aliases and user information to .gitconfig in home directory
 - b. Naming stable releases with tags
 - c. DOI-ing through Zenodo. To cite specific code version that was used to create a product. Free for academic institutions.
- 11. Discussion
 - Mathew Biddle: ESIP software and services citation cluster just released this: <u>https://esip.figshare.com/articles/Software_and_Services_Citation_Guidelines_an</u> <u>d_Examples/7640426</u> on how to cite software/services
 - b. Jocelyn Elya How can you keep certain branches private?
 - i. You can configure different remotes for different branches
 - 1. But only do this if there's something you absolutely need to keep private, for security reasons for example
 - ii. It's convention that people know that code in feature branch is incomplete and they use at their own risk
 - c. Fork like an external branch
 - i. Joseph Gum: All forks are branches, not all branches are forks. Forks generally come from repos you don't control.
 - d. Liqing Jiang is GitHub a long-term storage solution?
 - i. GitHub's partnership w/ Zenodo gives Chris confidence that it is. They archive it outside of GitHub.
 - e. Mathew Biddle: How can you manage git repos on several different servers that aren't connected? Chris put anything that's specific to a single machine in a configuration file that's ignored by git (listed in .gitignore file).