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THE TITLE MUST BE SHORT, CLEAR AND REFLECT THE CONTENT OF THE MANUSCRIPT (Times New Roman font 12, single space with a maximum word count of 14 and presented right and left aligned)

Author's Name, Author's Name and Author's Name (Author's name is written without title, should not be abbreviated, Times New Roman font 12 Bold)

Author Affiliation (Name of the Agency is written without study program, Times New Roman font 12 Bold)

Email: (The email is written according to the name of the first author followed by the second, third and so on)

INFO ARTICLE

ABSTRACT

Accepted

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The Indonesia abstract contains a maximum of 250 words, single spaces are written with the Times New Roman font 11. Abstract contains briefly about:
Background, Objectives, Methods, Results, Conclusion

Keywords:

Minimum 3 words and maximum 6 words, (first word; second word; third word), Times New Roman font 11 single space.

GENERAL RULES FOR WRITING MANUSCRIPTS

1. Each subtitle is written in Times New Roman font 12, using capital letters and bold.
2. The content of the manuscript is written with Times New Roman font 12 without bold.
3. Foreign words are written in italics.
4. Tables and figures must be clearly captioned, numbered
5. order and table source.

6. The numbering is presented centered flat above the table and centered flat below the image.
7. The maximum content of the article is 20 pages.

INTRODUCTION

The introduction should contain (in order) a general background, a review of the previous literature (*state of the art*) (**a literature review or literature review contains a description of a particular field or topic. A literature review is a study of literature treasures that supports a specific problem in the research we are working on.**) as the basis for scientific novelty statements from articles, scientific novelty statements, and research problems or hypotheses. At the end of the introduction, the purpose and benefits of the study of the article must be written. In the format of scientific articles, there is no literature review as in the research report, but it is manifested in the form of a review of previous literature (*state of the art*) followed by a statement of scientific novelty of the article.

Citations should be written using a bodynote format such as (Uwuigbe & Ajibolade, 2013), (Wang, 2016), (Muttakin et al., 2015) and relevant to a bibliography list (it is recommended to use the Mendeley App). The content of the manuscript is written in Times New Roman font 12 without bolding

RESEARCH METHODS

It contains research design, descriptions of ways to conduct research including population and samples, instruments and methods of data collection, data analysis techniques. The results present the characteristics of the data and findings of the research.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The results of the study contain a brief statement about the results of the research. Meanwhile, the discussion contains a discussion that connects and compares the results of the research with the theory and results of previous research.

CITATION: Writing a citation by mentioning the source, namely by writing the author's last name along with the year of publication of the book. Citations can be done in a direct, concise way.

TABLE: Table titles are written in size 12, bold. As the example below. The use of tables and figures should be mentioned in the text by mentioning table 1; Figure 1 onwards

Table 1		
Write a table description		
Ket.	Ket.	Ket.
Entry 1	Data	Data
Entry 2	Data	Data

Source:

DESCRIPTION (write the description of the table)



Source:

Figure 1
Write a description of the image

DESCRIPTION (write a description of the image)

When using the mathematical format, it can be written as follows:

$$n = a + b$$

Information from the formula can be written here

An explanation of the mathematical formula can be written here.

CONCLUSION

The conclusion describes the answer to the hypothesis and/or the purpose of the research or scientific findings obtained. The conclusion does not contain a repetition of the results and discussions, but rather a summary of the findings as expected in the objective or hypothesis. If necessary, at the end of the conclusion can also be written the things that will be done related to the next idea of the research.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

The reference is written using a system model from APA (*American Psychological Association*), 6th edition.).

Library in the form of book titles

Author 1, Author 2 etc. (Last name, first name abbreviated) Year of publication.
Book Title Italics. Edition, Publisher. Publication Place.

Example:

Arikunto, Suharsimi. (2016). *Research Procedures A Practical Approach*. Jakarta: PT Rineka Cipta.
Rukiyah, A. Y., & Yulianti, Lia. (2014). *Pregnancy Midwifery Care Based on Competency-Based Curriculum*. East Jakarta: CV. Trans Info Media.

Literature in the form of scientific journals

Author 1, Author 2 and so on, (Last name, first name abbreviated). Year
Publication. Title of the article. The name of the italics journal. Vol. Number. Page
Range.

Example:

Rohmawati, L. (2019). The Influence of Female Supervisors and Directors on Bank Risk with CEO Power as a Moderating Variable (Study of Commercial Banks in Indonesia). *Syntax Literate; Indonesia Scientific Journal*, 4(9), 26–42.
Ayoib, C. A., & Nosakhare, P. O. (2015). Directors culture and environmental disclosure practice of companies in Malaysia. *International Journal of Business Technopreneurship*, 5(1), 99–114.
Wang, Ning Tao, Huang, Yi Shin, Lin, Meng Hsien, Huang, Bryan, Perng, Chin Lin, & Lin, Han Chieh. (2016). Chronic hepatitis B infection and risk of antituberculosis drug-induced liver injury: Systematic review and meta-analysis. *Journal of the Chinese Medical Association*, 79(7), 368–374

Literature in the form of Seminar Proceedings:

Author 1, Author 2 etc., (Last name, first name abbreviated). Year of publication.
Title of the article. Conference Name. Date, Month and Year, City, Country. Yard.

Example:

Roeva, O. (2012). *Real-World Applications of Genetic Algorithm*. In *International Conference on Chemical and Material Engineering*. Semarang, Indonesia: Department of Chemical Engineering, Diponegoro University

Literature in the form of dissertations/theses/theses:

Author (Last name, first name abbreviated). Year of publication. Heading. Thesis
Thesis, or Dissertation. University.

Example:

Hermanto, B. (2012). *The Effect of Trainee Achievements, Motivation and Technician Working Period on Technician Productivity at Nissan Workshops Yogyakarta, Solo, and Semarang*. Thesis. Yogyakarta State University.

Libraries that are Reference Sources from the Website

Writer. Year. Heading. Uniform Resources Locator (URL) address. Date Accessed.:

Example:

WHO (2011). Global Tuberculosis Control 2011. *Available from: www.who.int/tb*.
Diakses tanggal 12 Juni 2013.