Three Dimensional Learning Plan: HS-PS1-2

Grade Level: High School

Title		Phenomenon/Problem		
Designed by		Course(s)		
Brief Learning Description				
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Desired Results

HS-PS1-2: Simple Chemical Reactions

Construct and revise an explanation for the outcome of a simple chemical reaction based on the outermost electron states of atoms, trends in the periodic table, and knowledge of the patterns of chemical properties.

Predicting Products - (Google Template)

HS-PS1-2: Evidence Statement

What skills (practices) will students need to learn?	What thinking concepts will students need to learn?	What science concepts will students need to learn?	What relevant or local phenomenon can be used to teach these concepts?
Use chemical symbols and notation to write and mass-balance molecular chemical equations	Trends in electron affinity/electronegativity among the elements on the periodic table	electron theory, oxidation and reduction, ion	Sodium metal in water produces hydrogen gas and heat, which ignites and explodes dramatically.

Activity 1				
Phenomenon or Problem	What will they do? The three dimensions woven together into a single learning performance.	Why is this important? How does this activity help build understanding of the anchoring phenomenon.	How will they do it? Graphic organizers, protocols, scaffolds, labs, mini-lesson, student discourse, etc.	
Sodium into water LET'S GOOOOOO OOO	Identify reactants and products, explain why the explosion happens	The reaction proceeds due to the low electron affinity of the alkali metals and the instability of having a single valence electron. The		
What inform	Ve Assessment mation are you collecting to know net the target?			

Activity 2				
Phenomenon or Problem	What will they do? The three dimensions woven together into a single learning performance.	Why is this important? How does this activity help build understanding of the anchoring phenomenon.	How will they do it? Graphic organizers, protocols, scaffolds, labs, mini-lesson, student discourse, etc.	
Magnesium, light 'um up! WHOOOO!				
Formative Assessment What information are you collecting to know that they met the target?				

Activity 3				
Phenomenon or Problem	What will they do? The three dimensions woven together into a single learning performance.	Why is this important How does this activity build understanding of anchoring phenomeno	nelp Graphic organizers, protocols, scaffolds, labs, mini-lesson,	
What inform	/e Assessment nation are you collecting to know net the target?			

Activity 4				
Phenomenon or Problem	What will they do? The three dimensions woven together into a single learning performance.	Why is this important? How does this activity help build understanding of the anchoring phenomenon.	How will they do it? Graphic organizers, protocols, scaffolds, labs, mini-lesson, student discourse, etc.	
Formative Assessment What information are you collecting to know that they met the target?				

Activity 5					
Phenomenon or Problem	What will they do? The three dimensions woven together into a single learning performance.	726	Why is this important? How does this activity help build understanding of the anchoring phenomenon.	→ →	How will they do it? Graphic organizers, protocols, scaffolds, labs, mini-lesson, student discourse, etc.
Formative Assessment What information are you collecting to know that they met the target?					
What infor	tive Assessment mation are you collecting to know net the target?				

Materials / Resources

Vocabulary

Chemical reaction (e.g. sodium and chloride, carbon and oxygen, carbon and hydrogen)

Reactants and products

Bonds (i.e. ionic, covalent)

Reaction type (e.g. formation of ionic compound, combustion of hydrocarbons)

Electronegativity

Main group elements

Valence electrons

Periodic table

Chemical properties

Patterns

Mini-Lessons

Patterns Level 7 - Causal Patterns at Varying Scale

Patterns Level 7 - Causal Patterns at Varying Scale Thinking Slides

Graphic Organizers

Phenomena Observation Graphic Organizer

Questioning Graphic Organizer

Modeling Graphic Organizer

Planning an Investigation Organizer - Experimental

Planning an Investigation Organizer - Observational

Investigation Evidence Organizer

Engaging in Argumentation Organizer

Differentiation / Modifications	