

Name:
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## How to Paraphrase and Avoid Plagiarism

(or How To Research Without Accidentally Stealing Someone Else's Ideas!)

1. Write down a type of plagiarism that surprised you or that most people wouldn't expect:
2. You do <u>not</u> need to cite information that is
The only two ways to use evidence without plagiarizing are  a
b
4. <b>True</b> or <b>False</b> ? (circle one): A <b>direct quotation</b> is using the author's exact words without changing anything, with quotation marks around it, and a citation.
5. <b>True</b> or <b>False</b> ?: When you <b>paraphrase</b> , you take a sentence from a source and change some of the words to synonyms
6. To judge whether someone has paraphrased well, ask yourself two questions:
a. Did they use from the source? (If yes, it's plagiarized!!)
b. Is the sentence structure or the the same? (If yes, it's plagiarized!!)
7. Write down 3 tips for paraphrasing well, preferably ones that were new to you:
a
b
C
9. How often do I have to put a parenthetical citation in my paper?: Always cite right after, numbers, statistics, and dates, and after each chunk (about 3 sentences) of paraphrased text from the same source.
10. Write a parenthetical citation for this book. You used something from page 14: Wiesel, Elie. <i>Night</i> . New York: Bantam 1982.
"Here would be the quotation from the book" ( ).
11. Write a parenthetical citation for this source: