The Greeks Name
Blood Feud:
Phratry:
Phyle:
Polis:
Amphictyony:
Agora:
Euboea:
Chalcis:
Eretria:
Lelantine War:
Corcyra:
Syracuse:
Corinth:

3000 2000 1450 1150 1000 776 650 594 509 479 404 323 196 Greek History: Dark Ages to the age of Tyrants Dark Ages and Colonization Describe the features of the typical Greek polis:
What factors led to a new type of Greek polis and culture during the Dark Age (1100 - 800 B.C.)?
Which factors led to the great period of Greek colonization from 800 - 600 B.C., and how is "colony" an inaccurate term for these settlements?
How far flung were the Greek colonies in this early period? (see map and text) What effects do you think this period of colonization would have an Greek life and culture?
What effects do you think this period of colonization would have on Greek life and culture?

The Greeks Name
helot:
perioikoi:
gerousia:
homoioi:
ephor:
Chilon:
Cypselus:
Periander:
hoplite:
phalanx:
Draco:
Solon:
Archon:
Areopagus:

Eupatridae:	
thetes:	
Zeugitai:	
Hippeis:	
Pentekosionedimnoi:	
Boule:	
Ecclesia:	
Helilaia:	
Pisistratus:	
Cleisthenes:	
Alcmeonidae:	
Demaratus:	
Cleomenes:	
Peloponnesian League:	

The Greeks Name
What was a tyrant in ancient Greece, and how did tyranny affect the political system at Corinth?
How did military innovation affect the Greeks' socio-political outlook?
Describe the process of political change under Solon at Athens (Attica):