

Sangola Taluka Shetkari shikshan Prasarak Mandal's

VIDNYAN MAHAVIDYALA, SANGOLA

(Teaching Plan)

Department Of Chemistry

Name of Faculty: **Mr. R. S. Gaikwad** (Associate Professor)

Academic Year: **2019 – 20**

Class: **B.Sc. I**

Semesters: **I**

Paper No. : **II**

Paper Name: **Inorganic chemistry**

Sr.No.	Class	Month	Chapter Details
1	B.Sc. I	July	1. Atomic Structure and periodic properties (Contact hrs: 06) 1.1 Atomic Structure a) Shapes of s, p, d orbitals. b) Aufbau and Pauli's exclusion principle, Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity c) General electronic configuration of s and p block elements. 1.2 General Characteristics of s and p block elements w.r.t. Atomic and Ionic radii, Ionization energy, Electron affinity, Electronegativity, Reactivity, Melting and Boiling point
2	B.Sc. I	August	2. Chemical bonding and Ionic Solids (Contact hrs: 08) 2.1 Types of chemical bonding 2.2 Ionic Bonding a) Formation of ionic bond, Energetics of ionic bonding : Ionisation potential, Electron affinity and Lattice energy. b) Characteristics of ionic compounds. c) Born-Haber Cycle for Alkali metal halide (NaCl). d) Fajan's rules. 2.3 Radius ratio and crystal structure.

			<p>a) Definition: Radius ratio (r^+ / r^-), Coordination number, Stoichiometry and unit cell.</p> <p>b) Concept and calculation of radius ratio (r^+ / r^-) for ionic solid with octahedral geometry.</p> <p>c) Radius ratio effect on geometry.</p> <p>d) Crystal structure of NaCl and CsCl w.r.t. unit cell, radius ratio, coordination number and stoichiometry.</p>
3	B.Sc. I	September	<p>4. Covalent bonding: Molecular Orbital Theory (MOT) Approach (Contact hrs: 08)</p> <p>4.1 Atomic and Molecular orbitals.</p> <p>4.2 L.C.A.O. Principle</p> <p>4.3 Bonding, Antibonding and Nonbonding Molecular orbitals.</p> <p>4.4 Conditions for successful overlap</p> <p>4.5 Different types of overlap (s-s, s-px, px - px and py- py or pz- pz)</p> <p>4.6 Energy level sequence of molecular orbitals for $n = 1$ and $n = 2$</p> <p>4.7 M. O. Diagrams for:</p> <p>a) Homonuclear diatomic molecule. H_2, Li_2, Be_2, C_2, N_2 and O_2</p> <p>b) Heteronuclear diatomic molecules CO and NO w.r.t. bond order stability and magnetic properties.</p>
4	B.Sc. I	October	<p>3. Covalent bonding: Valence Bond Theory (VBT) Approach (Contact hrs: 08)</p> <p>3.1 Valence Bond Theory: Heitler–London Theory and Pauling-Slater Theory</p> <p>3.2 Limitations of VBT</p> <p>3.3 Need of Hybridization</p> <p>3.4 Types of hybridization and shapes of simple inorganic molecules: $BeCl_2$, BF_3, $SiCl_4$, PCl_5, SF_6, IF_7.</p> <p>3.5 Valence Shell Electron Pair Repulsion (VSEPR) Theory w.r.t. NH_3, H_2O, ClF_3</p>