Jurnal Dedikasi Pengabdian Pendidikan
e-ISSN 3090-0018 Vol. 1 No. 1 January – June 2025 (1 – 10)
July 2025 Website: https://jurnal.najeducreative.com/index.php/JDPP

TEMPLATE : JURNAL DEDIKASI PENGABDIAN PENDIDIKAN

The Title is Written in Informative, Clear, and Concise (Capital Each Words, Book Antiqua, Size 14)

Author*
Institution (Study Program…, University...), No Whats App, Province, Country

*Correspondence author: …

DOI: http://dx.doi.

Key Words:
key word 1
key word 2
key word 3
key word 4
key word 5

Received : …
Revised : …
Accepted : …
Published : …

Abstract:
Abstract is the essence of the article which contains the **background**, **research objectives**, **research methods**, **results and discussion**, **conclusions** and **implications** of the results obtained. Authors can submit manuscripts in Indonesian, English and Arabic. If the manuscript uses Indonesian, then the abstract is written in Indonesian followed by an abstract in English or Arabic. If the manuscript is written in English or Arabic, then it is enough for the abstract to be written in English or Arabic. The number of words in the abstract is 150-200 words with *Book Antiqua* font size 11.

To cite this article: Author 1, Author 2, Author 3. (2025). Article's Title . *Jurnal Dedikasi Pengabdian Pendidikan*. Vol(No), 1-10. (APA 7th Style)

This is an open access article under the CC-BY License
(https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/)

Introduction

Manuscripts submitted to ***Jurnal Dedikasi Pengabdian Pendidikan (JDPP***) must be in accordance with the focus and scope, namely the field of education by raising issues and trends in education at the national and international levels. This journal does not accept manuscripts in the field of elementary schools and early childhood education. For a **maximum similarity check of 25%**, if it exceeds the provisions then the manuscript will be rejected by the editorial team.

The introduction contains the background of the research problem, research objectives and a bit about theoretical studies. In this introductory section, the state of the art of the article must appear so that the research being carried out is indeed necessary. The article must be original, in the sense that it has **never been published in another journal before**. Articles that have been presented in a forum, such as a seminar, must mention the forum.

Writing scripts using Indonesian, English or Arabic correctly. The words used in the article are **around 4000 – 7000 words on A4 paper size**, single spaced. The typeface used is *Book Antiqua,* font size of 12. When submitting an article, it is required that it be in the form of a Microsoft Word file of 2003 and above or RTF. Not allowed to upload in PDF format. The paper margins used in the article ***Jurnal Dedikasi Pengabdian Pendidikan (JDPP***) are as follows:

Up = 3 cm
Left = 3 cm
Right = 2 cm
Below = 2 cm

Background writing is written from general to specific statements with **reference to the latest journal (last 5 years)**. The background is written up to 2 pages. The final paragraph of this section must state the purpose of the research being conducted.

Research Method

The preparation of the manuscript on ***Jurnal Dedikasi Pengabdian Pendidikan*** must be based on IMRAD (*Introduction, Method, Results, and Discussions*). The research method in this article includes the research design, subject - object or population - research sample, research instruments, data collection and analysis techniques. It would be great and interesting if this section of the research method was added to a chart or flow in data collection to data analysis.

Results and Discussion

Research results are research data obtained after data collection. Meanwhile, the discussion contains the elaboration of the study from the research results that have been obtained and analyzed and must be supported by previous theory. Results and discussion are written separately, by presenting the results of the research first, then the discussion. Research data can be presented in the form of tables, figures or graphs. The following is the procedure for creating tables in this script.

a. Tables are numbered according to the order

b. Table titles are written in the center of the page, above the table and in Bold
c. The table must be located in the middle (centered)
d. Table captions are written in the table section
e. The font is *Book Antiqua* size 10
f. Large tables can be spanned over both columns

Table 1. Title of Table (Bold)

Font Size	Description
10	Font : Book Antiqua

Description :
If the table uses symbols, then it can be explained in this information section

Figures or graphics that are used to present research results must be given a figure or graphic title. The title of the figure or graphic is placed at the bottom of the figure in *Book Antiqua* font size *10*. The figure or graphic is placed in the center (centered).

Figures or graphics used must be clear, not blurry and have good resolution. Information on figures or graphics is placed at the bottom of the figure.



Figure 1. Title of Figure (Bold)



Figure 2. Title of Graph

Conclusion

Closing contains the conclusions of research results and suggestions that can be given by the author. In this section, the author does not need to review the discussion in the previous section. The conclusions written must be in line with or conclude from the research objectives. Writing conclusions is not justified by using points, but paragraphs/reviews are sufficient.

Acknowledgements

Thank you to [name of government or organization] for funding and supporting this research through the [name of grant/funding scheme]. Your contribution has been instrumental in the successful completion of this study.

References

a. Written in full, according to the references in the body of the article, and vice versa.
b. Writing a bibliography must be consistent and in accordance with the APA (American Psychological Association) Style standard.
c. **Reference sources of at least 80% are literature published in the last 5 years with a minimum number of 25**.
d. Referrals of at least 80% are in the form of research articles in journals and refer to articles in ***Jurnal Dedikasi Pengabdian Pendidikan (JDPP).***
e. Reference sources must include at least 5 reputable international journals.
f. Writing a bibliography of book can follow the order: author's name (if more than one word, last name used as the entry), year, book title (italics), city of publisher, and publisher.
g. Bibliography of journal articles: author's name, number/year, article title (between two quotation marks), journal name (italics), pages; for referrals from the internet plus access date and web.
h. For writing references and bibliography, it is mandatory to use Management References Tools such as *Zotero* or *Mendeley* or others.
i. **Citation and Reference with Hyperlinked Bibliography** for example do you look archives ***Jurnal Dedikasi Pengabdian Pendidikan (JDPP).***

Examples:

Ary, D., Yacobs, L. C., & Razavieh, A. (2001). *Pengantar Penelitian Pendidikan*. (A. Furchan, Trans). Surabaya : Usaha Nasional. (Original Work published 1976)

Harlow, H. F. (1999). Fundamentals for preparing psychology journal articles. *Journal of Comparative and Physiological Psychology*, 55, 893-896.

Henry, W. A., III. (2005, April 12). Making the grade in today's schools. *Time*, 135, 28-31

Helfer, M. E., Kempe, R. S., & Krugman, R. D. (2000). *The battered child* (5th ed.). Chicago, IL: University of Chicago Press.

Kansiati, C. L. (2006). Orientasi baru penyelenggaraan pendidikan program profesional dalam memenuhi kebutuhan dunia industri. *Jurnal Pendidikan Fisika Indonesia*, 8(1), 57-65.

Pitunov, B. (2008, Desember 13).Sekolah unggulan ataukah sekolah pengunggulan?. *Majapahit Pos,* pp. 4, 11.

O'Neil, J. M.,& Egan, J. (1999). Men's and women's gender role journeys: A metaphor for healing, transition, and transformation. In B. R. Wainrib (Ed.), *Gender issues across the life cycle* (pp. 107-123). New York, NY: Springer

Morshed, M. M., & Haseeb, A. S. M. A. (2009). *Physical and chemical characteristics of commercially available brake shoe lining materials : A comparative study*. Dhaka :

Materials and Metallurgical Department, Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology.