



Paket/Kelas	: B/9
Mata Pelajaran	: Bahasa Inggris
Penyusun soal	: Fidayah

A. **Pilihan ganda:** Bacalah teks berikut dengan seksama, kemudian pilihlah jawaban yang benar untuk setiap pertanyaan.

- A: "I'm so hungry!"
B: "Let's go to the _____."

Which word best completes the sentence?

 - library
 - cafeteria
 - hospital
 - school
- Word: "Expensive"

Which word means the opposite?

 - Cheap
 - Beautiful
 - Tall
 - Fast
- "Mother sweeps the floor every day."

Why is this important?

 - To make the house dirty
 - To keep the house clean
 - To waste time
 - To exercise
- "The sky is full of dark clouds."

What will most likely happen next?

 - A sunny day
 - A rainbow appears
 - It will rain
 - The clouds will disappear
- "She ____ to school by bicycle."

The correct verb to fill the blank is ...

 - go
 - goes
 - going
 - gone
- Sign: "  NO SMOKING"

What does this sign mean?

 - Smoking is allowed here
 - Smoking is not allowed here
 - Smoking is healthy
 - Smoking is free

7. "Rina's cat died yesterday. She cried all day."
How does Rina feel?
- Happy
 - Sad
 - Angry
 - Hungry
8. Situation: "Doni has a fever and sore throat."
What should he do?
- Eat ice cream
 - Drink cold water
 - Rest and drink warm tea
 - Play in the rain
9. "Do not enter - Floor is wet."
Why shouldn't you walk here?
- Because it's dark
 - Because you might slip
 - Because it's time to eat
 - Because someone is sleeping
10. A: "I have a toothache."
B: "You should visit the _____. "
Which word best completes the sentence?
- teacher
 - doctor
 - dentist
 - farmer
11. Ana: "Excuse me, can you tell me where the nearest supermarket is?"
Tom: "Sure, it's two blocks from here. Turn left at the traffic light, and you'll see it on your right."
What should Ana do to find the supermarket?
- Turn right at the traffic light
 - Turn left at the traffic light
 - Go straight past the traffic light
 - Cross the road and turn back
12. Waiter: "What would you like to order, sir?"
Customer: "I'll have a cheeseburger and orange juice, please."
Waiter: "Sure, anything else?"
Customer: "No, that's all. Thank you."
What does the customer want to eat?
- Cheeseburger and water
 - Cheeseburger and orange juice
 - Burger and lemonade
 - Sandwich and tea
13. Lisa: "Hi, can you help me? I don't know how to use this washing machine."
John: "Of course. First, put the clothes inside. Then, add detergent and press the start button."
What should Lisa do first?
- Press the start button
 - Add detergent
 - Put the clothes inside
 - Turn off the machine
14. Mother: "Can you please buy some eggs and milk from the store?"
Son: "Sure. How many eggs do you need?"
Mother: "Get a dozen, please."
How many eggs should the son buy?

- a. 6 eggs
 - b. 12 eggs
 - c. 10 eggs
 - d. 20 eggs
15. Friend 1: "What time will the movie start?"
 Friend 2: "It starts at 7 PM. Let's meet at 6:30 to get good seats."
 Friend 1: "Great idea! See you then."
 Why do the friends want to meet at 6:30 PM?
- a. To have dinner first
 - b. To buy tickets for the next day
 - c. To find good seats before the movie starts
 - d. To avoid watching the movie
16. Teacher: "Who knows what 'innovative' means?"
 Student: "I think it means creating something new or original."
 Teacher: "That's correct! Can you give me an example of an innovative idea?"
 Which of the following is an innovative idea?
- a. Writing an essay using the same words repeatedly
 - b. Inventing a solar-powered phone charger
 - c. Eating the same food every day
 - d. Copying your friend's homework answers
17. Ali: "The word 'essential' was in my reading assignment, but I'm not sure what it means."
 Bella: "It means something very important or necessary. For example, water is essential for life."
 Based on the dialogue, which of the following is **NOT** essential for living?
- a. Oxygen to breathe
 - b. Food to eat
 - c. A smartphone to play games
 - d. Water to drink
18. Every morning, Mr. Brown is punctual. He arrives at work exactly at 8 AM, not a minute earlier or later.
 What does the word *punctual* most likely mean?
- a. Arriving late
 - b. Being on time
 - c. Coming early
 - d. Skipping work entirely
19. After running for 10 minutes, Paul felt tired. He sat down to rest and catch his breath.
 What does the word *tired* most likely mean?
- a. Full of energy
 - b. Feeling sleepy or worn out
 - c. Excited and ready to run
 - d. Happy and smiling
20. The classroom was clean after the students picked up the trash and arranged the chairs."
 What does the word *clean* most likely mean?
- a. Dirty and messy
 - b. Neat and tidy
 - c. Full of trash
 - d. Hard to walk in
- B. True false:** Bacalah teks berikut dengan seksama, kemudian tandailah pernyataan-pernyataan yang benar dengan **T** dan yang salah dengan **F**.
21. "In English, people say 'Good afternoon' from 12 PM until around 5 PM."
 Question: You should say "Good afternoon" at 3 PM. (T/F)
22. "When you have a fever, you should drink warm tea and rest. Going outside in the rain can make it worse."

Question: Playing in the rain is good when you have a fever. (T/F)

23. "In Indonesia, people often shake hands when they meet. Smiling is also common."
Question: Smiling when greeting someone is polite in Indonesia. (T/F)

24. "Pasar tradisional (traditional markets) are vibrant places where locals buy fresh food and daily needs. Sellers arrange colorful fruits, vegetables, spices, and fish on simple tables. Unlike supermarkets, prices here aren't fixed - customers must bargain politely."
Question: Prices in traditional markets cannot be negotiated. (T/F)

The following text is for number 25 to 27.
Washing your hands properly is very important to stay healthy. You should use soap and clean water, rub your hands for at least 20 seconds, and rinse well. Always wash your hands before eating, after using the toilet, and when they are dirty. This helps kill germs and prevents diseases like diarrhea and flu.

Questions:

- 25. You only need water (no soap) to wash hands well. (T/F)
- 26. Washing hands for 5 seconds is enough. (T/F)
- 27. You should wash hands after using the toilet. (T/F)

The following text is for number 28 to 30.
When taking the bus, wait in line at the bus stop and let passengers exit before entering. Always pay the fare or tap your card when boarding. If the bus is crowded, hold onto the handrails to avoid falling. Do not shout or disturb other passengers, and offer your seat to elderly or pregnant people.

Questions:

- 28. You should push others to enter the bus first. (T/F)
- 29. Holding handrails is important if the bus is full. (T/F)
- 30. You must pay after getting off the bus. (T/F)

C. **Menjodohkan:** Bacalah teks berikut dengan seksama, kemudian jodohkan setiap pernyataan dengan jawaban yang sesuai.

The following text is for number 31 to 35.
Sholawatan is a traditional Muslim group practice in Indonesia where people gather to sing devotional poems (sholawat) honoring the Prophet Muhammad. These gatherings often use frame drums (rebana) and feature call-and-response singing. Sholawatan is commonly performed during religious celebrations like Mawlid (the Prophet's birthday), weddings, or community prayers at mosques. The lyrics are primarily in Arabic but may include local languages.
This activity serves both spiritual and social purposes—it deepens faith while strengthening community ties. Unlike formal prayers, sholawatan encourages musical expression, making it particularly popular among youth. In schools, students often learn sholawat to celebrate Islamic holidays. The leader (called an ustadz) guides the rhythm and melody, while participants respond enthusiastically.

31. Commonly time for sholawat	a. To deepen faith and strengthen community
32. The main purpose of sholawatan	b. An ustadz or religious leader
33. Musical instrument is typically used	c. During Mawlid, weddings, or mosque gatherings
34. Someone leads the sholawatan group	d. Arabic (sometimes with local languages)
35. Language are most sholawat lyrics in	e. Rebana (frame drum)

The following text is for number 36 to 40.

How to Manage Time for Work and Study

For working students who need to balance job and school:

1. List Priorities

- Write down all tasks (e.g., work shifts, assignment deadlines, family time).

- Mark urgent tasks with ★ (e.g., "work report due Friday").

2. Use a Weekly Planner

- Block time for fixed activities (work, classes).

- Assign 1-2 hours daily for study (e.g., 7-8 PM after dinner).

3. Break Tasks into Small Steps

- Example: Instead of "finish English homework," write:

• Do 5 grammar problems (Monday)

• Review answers (Tuesday).

4. Avoid Distractions

- Turn off phone notifications during study time.

- Study in a quiet place (e.g., a corner at home or a library).

5. Rest and Reward Yourself

- Take 5-minute breaks every 30 minutes.

- After finishing a task, do something enjoyable (e.g., watch a short video).

1. I forget which tasks are most important	a. Assign 1-2 hours after dinner
2. I don't know when to study after work."	a. Take 5-minute breaks every 30 minutes."
3. I feel tired after studying for 30 minutes."	b. Mark urgent tasks with ★ in your list."
4. My English homework feels too big to finish."	c. Break tasks into small steps like doing 5 problems at a time."
5. My phone keeps distracting me	d. Turn off phone notifications during study time."