## 2025-2026 | AP Calculus BC Year-At-A-Glance

	1	BC Tedi-Al-A-Gidilce				
Week	Dates	Unit Title & Topics				
Week 1	Aug. 12-15		Unit 1: Limits and Continuity			
Week 2	Aug. 18-22	1.1 Introducing Calculus     1.2 Defining Limits and Using Limit Notation	1.7 Selecting Procedures for Determining Limits 1.8 Determining Limits Using the Squeeze	1.13 Removing Discontinuities 1.14 Connecting Infinite Limits		
Week 3	Aug. 25-29	1.3 Estimating Limit Values from Graphs 1.4 Estimating Limit Values from Tables	Theorem  1.9 Connecting Multiple Representations of	Vertical Asymptotes 1.15 Connecting Limits at		
Week 4	Sept. 2-5	Determining Limits Using Algebraic     Properties of Limits     Oetermining Limits Using Algebraic	Limits 1.10 Exploring Types of Discontinuities 1.11 Defining Continuity at a Point	Horizontal Asymptotes 1.16 Working with the Interval Value Theorem (IVT)		
Week 5	Sept. 8-12	Manipulation	1.12 Confirming Continuity over an Interval			
Week 6	Sept. 15-19	Unit 2: Differentiation: Definition and Basic Derivative Rules				
Week 7	Sept. 22-26	Defining Average and Instantaneous     Rates of Change at a Point     2.2 Defining the Derivative of a Function     and Using Derivative Notation	<ul> <li>2.3 Estimating Derivative of a Function a Function at a Point</li> <li>2.4 Connecting Differentiability &amp; Continuity</li> <li>2.5 Applying the Power Rule</li> <li>2.6 Derivative Rules</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.7 Derivatives of cos x, sin x, e<sup>x</sup> and in x</li> <li>2.8 The Product Rule</li> <li>2.9 The Quotient Rule</li> <li>2.10 Finding the Derivatives of Tangent, Cotangent, Secant and/or Cosecant</li> </ul>		
Week 8	Sept. 29-Oct.	Unit 3: Differentiation: Composite, Implicit, and Inverse Functions				
week o	3	3.1 The Chain Rule 3.2 Implicit Differentiation	<ul><li>3.4 Differentiating Inverse Functions</li><li>3.5 Selecting Procedures for Calculating D</li></ul>	erivatives		
Week 9	Oct. 6-8	3.3 Differentiating Inverse Functions	3.6 Calculating Higher-Order Derivatives	on valivos		
Week 10	Oct. 14-17	Unit 4: Contextual Applications of Differentiation 4.1 Interpreting the Meaning of the Derivative 4.5 Solving Related Rates Problems In context				
Week 11	Oct. 20-24	<ul> <li>4.2 Straight-Line Motion: Connecting Position, Velocity, and Acceleration</li> <li>4.3 Rates of Change in Applied Contexts Other Than Motion</li> <li>4.4 Introduction to Related Rates</li> <li>4.6 Approximating Values of a Function Using Local Linearity and Linearization</li> <li>4.7 Using L'Hopital's Rule for Determining Limits of Indeterminate Forms</li> </ul>				
Week 12	Oct. 27-30	Unit 5: Analytical Applications of Differentiation  5.1 Using the Mean Value Theorem 5.2 Extreme Value Theorem, Global versus Local Extrema, and Critical Points 5.3 Determining Intervals on Which a Function Is Increasing or Decreasing  Unit 5: Analytical Applications of Differentiation 5.7 Using the Second Derivative Test to Determine Extrema 5.8 Sketching Graphs of Functions and Their Derivatives 5.9 Connecting a Function, Its First Derivative, and Its Second Derivative 5.10 Introduction to Optimization Problems 5.11 Solving Optimization Problems				
Week 13	Nov. 3-7	5.4 Using the First Derivative Test to Determine Relative Extrema	5.12 Exploring Behaviors of Implicit Relations			
Week 14	Nov. 12-14	5.5 Using the Candidates Test to Determine Abs. Extrema				
Week 15	Nov. 17-21	5.6 Determining Concavity of Functions over T	heir Domains			
		Thank	sgiving Break			
Week 16	Dec. 1-5	Unit 6: In	tegration and Accumulation of Chang	e		
Week 17	Dec. 8-12	6.1 Exploring Accumulation of Change 6.2 Approximating Areas with Riemann	6.6 Applying Properties of Definite Integrals 6.7 The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus	6.11 Integrating Using Integration by Parts		
Week 18	Dec. 15-19	Sums 6.3 Riemann Sums, Summation Notation, and Definite Integral Notation 6.4 The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus and Accumulations Functions 6.5 Interpreting the Behavior of Accumulation Functions Involving Area	and Definite Integrals 6.8 Finding Antiderivatives and Indefinite Integrals 6.9 Integrations Using Substitution 6.10 Integrating Functions Using Long Division and Completing the Square	6.12 Using Linear Partial Fractions     6.13 Evaluating Improper Integrals     6.14 Selecting Techniques for     Antidifferentiation		
		Chris	stmas Break			
Week 19	Jan. 6-9		Unit 7: Differential Equations			
Week 20	Jan. 12-16	7.1 Modeling Situations with Differential Equati	0 0 .	7.7 Finding Particular Solutions		
Week 21	Jan. 20-23	<ul><li>7.2 Verifying Solutions for Differential Equations</li><li>7.3 Sketching Slope Fields</li></ul>	<ul> <li>7.5 Approximating Solutions Using Eulers         Method     </li> <li>7.6 Finding General Solutions Using</li> </ul>	Using Initial Conditions and Separations of Variables 7.8 Exponential Models with		

			Separations of Variables	Differential Equations 7.9 Logistic Models with Differential Equations			
Week 22	Jan. 26-30	Unit 8: Applications of Integration					
Week 23	Feb. 2-6	8.1 Funding the Average Value on an Interva 8.2 Connecting Position, Velocity, and Acceleration of Functions Using Integrals 8.3 Using Accumulation Functions and Definit- Integrals in Applied Contexts 8.4 Finding the Area Between Curves Expresse as Functions as x 8.5 Finding the Area Between Curves as f(y)	Intersect at More than Two Points 8.7 Volume and Cross Sections: Squares e and Rectangles 8.8 Volumes with Cross Sections: Triangles	8.10 Volume with Disc Method: Revolving Around Other Axes 8.11 Volume with Washer Method: Revolving Around the x- or y- 8.12 Volume with Washer Method: Revolving Around Other Axes 8.13 The Arc Length of a Smooth, Planar Curve, Distance Travel			
Week 24	Feb. 9-12						
Week 25	Feb.17-20	Unit 9: Parametric Equations, Polar Coordinates, and Vector-Valued Functions 9.1 Defining and Differentiation Parametric Equations 9.2 Second Derivatives of Parametric Equations 9.6 Solving Motion Problems Using Parametric					
Week 26	Feb. 23-27						
Week 27	March 2-6	9.3 Finding Arc Lengths of Curves Given By Parametric Equations	and Vector-Valued Functions 9.7 Defining Polar Coordinates and	<u> </u>			
Week 28	March 9-13	9.4 Defining and Differentiating Vector- Valued Functions	9.8 Find the Area of a Polar Region or Area Bounded by a Single Cu9.9 Finding the Area of the Region Bounded by Two Polar Curves				
		Sp	oring Break				
Week 29	March 24-27	10.1 Defining Convergent and Divergent	<u> </u>	0.3 The nth Term Test for Divergence			
	TVIGION 2 1 27	Infinite Series 10.4 Integral Test for Convergence	Series 10.10 Alternating Series Bound				
Week 30		<ul><li>10.4 Integral Test for Convergence</li><li>10.5 Harmonic Series and p-Series</li><li>10.6 Comparison Tests for Convergence</li></ul>	10.10 Alternating Series Bound  10.11 Finding Taylor Polynomial Approximations Functions	Series for a Function			
Week 30 Week 31	Mar. 30-Apr.	10.4 Integral Test for Convergence 10.5 Harmonic Series and p-Series	10.10 Alternating Series Bound  10.11 Finding Taylor Polynomial Approximations	· ,			
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Week 31 Week 32 Week 33 Week 34	Mar. 30-Apr. 2 April 7-10 April 13-17 April 20-24 April 27-May	10.4 Integral Test for Convergence 10.5 Harmonic Series and p-Series 10.6 Comparison Tests for Convergence 10.7 Alternating Series Test for Convergence 10.8 Ratio Test for Convergence 10.9 Determining Absolute or Conditional	10.10 Alternating Series Bound  10.11 Finding Taylor Polynomial Approximations Functions 10.12 Lagrange Error Bound 10.13 Radius and Interval of Convergence of Power Series	Series for a Function 10.15 Representing Functions as			

