

Article Title Journal (Written With capitalize each word, Max. 15 Word, Times New Roman 12, Center)

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ARTICLE INFO	ABSTRACT
Article History Received : Revised : Accepted : Published : Keywords Keyword1 Keyword2 Keyword3 Keyword4 Keyword5 DOI: https://doi.org/10.61994/jee.vxix.xxxx	The abstract is written in English, font Times New Roman 10 italics. This paper provides a template for preparing papers for electronic production of the Journal of English Education (JEE). A well-prepared abstract enables the reader to identify the basic content of a document quickly and accurately, to determine its relevance to their interests, and thus to decide whether to read the document in its entirety. The Abstract should be informative and completely self-explanatory, provide a clear statement of the problem, and the proposed approach or solution, and point out major findings and conclusions. The Abstract should be a maximum of 250 words in length. The abstract should be written in the past tense. Standard nomenclature should be used and abbreviations should be avoided. No literature should be cited. The keyword list provides the opportunity to add keywords, used by the indexing and abstracting services, in addition to those already present in the title. Judicious use of keywords may increase the ease with which interested parties can locate our article.

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[The word count is Min = 3000 words Max = 5000 words, the paper size is A4, and it uses 1.15 spaces].

Introduction

This section contains the background or context of the research, research problems, research solution plans, research objectives, summary of theoretical studies related to the research problem, and hypotheses (if any).

The subtitle is centered in capital letters at the beginning of each word except for conjunctions (Times New Roman 12, bold). For sub-headings, it is written left-aligned with capital letters at the beginning of each word except for connecting words. For the third level subtitle, it is written in capital letters and in bold, only at the beginning of the sentence, and so on.

Method

Contains the type and research design, research variables, population and research samples, data collection methods, data analysis methods (can be adapted to the research approach used, quantitative or qualitative).

Results and Discussion

The results and discussion are adjusted to the research approach. If the quantitative research approach consists of descriptive statistics, the results of the assumption test and the results of hypothesis testing are then analyzed critically. If the qualitative approach is in the form of themes from the results of the qualitative analysis carried out.

Results

In this section, the Results (answering the research questions)

Discussion

Discussion (the findings of this research supported by theory and previous research results) must be separated.

Quoting not more than three lines

For an in-text citation, i.e., not more than three lines, the following model must be used. Example of Citation Writing at the Beginning of a Paragraph According to / Based on, Tono (2019, p. 161) / According to Pan and Hamilton (2018), Dyer (1998) and Wollen (2019), a prominent film theorist...

Sap et al. (2019), state that when dictionary users are presented with several definitions, they tend to choose the first definition. For direct quotations, the text must be between quotation marks.

This theoretical framework has been pivotal in exploring how languages evolve, how they are processed by the human brain, and how they are used in social interactions (Chomsky, 1965; Pan & Hamilton, 2018; Sap et al., 2019 & Schegloff, 2020).

Quoting more than three lines

Quotations longer than three lines must be 1 cm from the left, Times New Roman Font 10, single spacing, as the following example. Hartmann et al. (2020) define an abbreviation as follows:

A shortened form of a word, phrase or term which represents its full form. Abbreviations can be subdivided into 'clippings' (vet for veterinary surgeon), 'contractions' (don't for do not), 'acronyms' (EURALEX for European Association for Lexicography), 'initialisms', 'aerophones' or 'alphabetizes' (DRC for Dictionary Research Centre, VIP for very important person) and 'blends' (brunch for breakfast/lunch).

Tables, Figures and Formulas

Each table or figure is given a serial number, title, according to the contents of the table and figure, and the source of the citation if any. The source of the citation is written under the table or figure, Times New Roman font size 10. The title of the table is written above the table and the title of the figure is written below the figure. Formulas are created using the Equation feature in Microsoft Word.

Example table:

Table 1 (table number)
Measuring Instrument Validity and Reliability (table caption, Title Case, italicized)

Variable	F	Significance
Religiosity*Moralit y	79,69 8	p<0.01
Religiosity*Moralit y	37,70 0	p<0.01

Sample image:

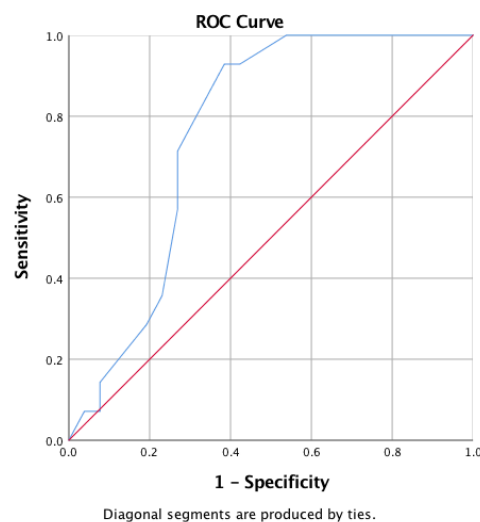


Figure 1 (image no.). Image caption (Sentence case)

Conclusion

The content of the conclusion is the answer to the research objectives, not a summary of the research results. Conclusions and suggestions are made in a concise, clear and concise manner based on the results and discussion.

Declarations

Statement on the Use of Artificial Intelligence. Declares whether or not AI was used in the article.

Author contribution statement. Describes the contribution of each author to the conduct of the research and the preparation of the article, in accordance with the conventions of the specific field of study.

Funding statement. Lists funding sources and grant numbers, if applicable, or states that no funding was received.

Conflict of interest. Discloses the presence or absence of any conflicts of interest regarding the publication of the article.

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[With Mendeley]

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