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Abstract

Abstracts are written in Indonesian and English, and are limited to a maximum of 200 words and one paragraph. The abstract should describe the research problem empirically (one sentence if possible), and describe the research objectives, research methods, findings, conclusions, and implications. The abstract of a case study must describe the characteristics of the subject and its relevance, the authenticity of the solution to a problem described from the case example, and the questions raised by theory or research (font size 10, right-left aligned, paragraphs entered right-left, 1 space).

Keywords: 3-6 keywords, alphabetically ordered

INTRODUCTION

The easiest way to write in FINANCE is to directly edit this paper template by filling in the author's paper. The minimum number of pages in FINANCE is 10 pages including the bibliography.

Manuscript systematics are: the title must be written concisely and describe the contents of the manuscript, in the title avoid writing subtitles or case studies; author's name (without academic degree); author title; email address; the author's name marked * is the corresponding author; abstract (maximum 250 words) written in Indonesian and English; keywords (minimum three, maximum 6); **INTRODUCTION** which contains the background and aim or scope of the writing; **RESEARCH METHOD** which contains formulating the problem being studied in more detail (written mathematically as far as possible) and explaining the proposed **method**; **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION** which contains the presentation of the tests carried out and analyzing the results; **CONCLUSION**; **BIBLIOGRAPHY** (only contains referenced sources).

The introductory section contains the background and statement of the problem, literature review, framework, objectives, and benefits of the research, and ends with a hypothesis. This section contains; (a) a description of the latest developments regarding the research topic supported by the results of primary and current literature reviews; (b) the description reflects existing research and research with the current factual situation; (c) conveys arguments in an effort to close the alignment; and (d) description of the research objectives.

The introductory content generally only covers 10-20% of the entire paper. Don't forget to include the objectives of the research conducted in this paper.

METHOD

The method section contains an explanation of the research subject, research design, data collection methods, intervention procedures, and data analysis techniques.

Research Methods content generally only covers 20-30% of the entire paper.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The author needs to report the results in sufficient detail so that the reader can see which statistical analysis was conducted and why, and later to justify their conclusions.

The “Discussion and Analysis” part, highlights the rationale behind the result answering the question “why is the result so?” It shows the theories and the evidence from the results. The part does not just explain the figures but also deals with this deep analysis to cope with the gap that it is trying to solve.

Table and Figure

Authors must provide high-quality artwork for all illustrations. Poor resolution or definition is not acceptable. All tables and figures (graphs) should be included directly in the appropriate part of the article (not separated). Each table or figure should be numerically numbered separately (Table 1, Table 2; Figure 1, Figure 2) and fully titled, which refers to the contents of the table or figure. Underneath each table and figure, state the reliable source.

Table 1. Title of the table....

Column 1	Column 2	Column 2	Column 2
Abcde1	0.xxx	0.xxx1	0.xxx2
Abcde2	0.yyyy	0.yyyy1	0.yyyy2
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Equation

Equations should be numerically numbered consecutively in parentheses with an aligning right margin, and it can use either the same font (Cambria) or the formula font.

$$Y=\alpha+\beta X+\epsilon \quad (1)$$

CONCLUSION

In this section, the author presents brief conclusions from the results of the research with suggestions for advanced researchers or general readers. A conclusion may cover the main points of the paper, but do not replicate the abstract in the conclusion.

Authors should explain the empirical and theoretical benefits, the economic benefits, and the existence of any new findings. The author may present any major flaws and limitations of the study, which could reduce the validity of the writing, thus raising questions from the readers (whether, or in what way), the limits in the study may have affected the results and conclusions. Limitations require a critical judgment and interpretation of the impact of their research. The author should provide the answer to the question: Is this a problem caused by an error, or in the method selected, the validity, or something else?

Acknowledgment (if any)

The author (s) may acknowledge a person or organization that helped him/her/them in many ways. Please use the singular heading even if you have many acknowledgments.

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