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- Whether this is an **AI generated draft** or **Human edited draft**, (you can confirm by checking the table below in 'Level of content') you still need to review and potentially edit the content to ensure it is factually correct, on brand and meets your own content standards.
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- Have the below content draft **reviewed** and then publish it to the website.
- Don't forget to **interlink the page according to the Silo map** included in the same folder as this document.
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Type of the Page	Supporting Level Page
Level of content	AI generated draft
Main Keyword	how to recover permanently deleted files from pc without backup



How to Recover Permanently Deleted Files from PC Without Backup

Losing important files can be stressful, especially when you realize they've been permanently deleted. Maybe you emptied the Recycle Bin, used Shift + Delete, or lost files due to a system crash. Whatever the cause, you might be wondering: Is there any way to get them back?

The good news is that permanently deleted doesn't always mean gone forever [\[link to: "data recovery new jersey"\]](#). Even without a backup, your files may still be recoverable, but only if you act quickly. When a file is deleted, Windows doesn't erase it immediately. Instead, it marks the space as available for new data. This means you have a chance to recover deleted files before they get overwritten.

In this guide, we'll walk through how to recover permanently deleted files from PC without backup. We'll explore Windows File Recovery, third-party recovery software, and alternative methods.

Image Suggestion: A frustrated user sitting at their computer, realizing they have permanently deleted files. A warning pop-up on the screen saying "File Permanently Deleted" with a progress bar.

Alt Text: "A person sitting at a desk looking at a computer screen displaying a 'File Permanently Deleted' warning message."

Understanding Deleted Files and Windows Systems

When you delete a file in Windows, it doesn't disappear right away [\[link to: "how to recover deleted data from desktop computer"\]](#). Instead, Windows marks the space it occupied as available for new data. Until that space gets overwritten, there's still a chance to restore the file using the right tools.

If you accidentally deleted a file, your first stop should be the Recycle Bin. Files sent there can be easily restored with a right-click. But if you used Shift + Delete, the file skips the Recycle Bin entirely. In that case, recovery requires Windows File Recovery or data recovery software.

Your chances of success depend on your file system:

- NTFS (used by most Windows PCs) allows better recovery options.
- FAT32 (common on USB drives) makes recovery harder.
- SSD TRIM function automatically clears deleted files, reducing the chances of restoration.

The longer you wait, the lower your chances of recovery. Let's start with built-in solutions.

Using Windows File Recovery Tool to Restore Deleted Files

If you've accidentally deleted important files and they're not in the Recycle Bin, [Windows File Recovery](#) can help. This free command-line tool from Microsoft scans your drive and attempts to recover deleted files before they're overwritten.

Step 1: Download & Install Microsoft Windows File Recovery

To get started, you'll need to download Windows File Recovery from the [Microsoft Store](#):

1. Open the Microsoft Store on your Windows PC.
2. Search for Windows File Recovery and click Install.

System Requirements:

- Available for Windows 10 (2004) and later.
- Works on NTFS, FAT32, exFAT, and ReFS file systems.
- Requires an administrator account to run.

Once installed, you'll use the Command Prompt to run it. There's no graphical interface.

Step 2: Running the Recovery Process

1. Open Command Prompt as an administrator.
2. Type `winfr C: D: /regular` (this tries to recover files from drive C to drive D).

Understanding Recovery Modes:

- Regular Mode – Best for recently deleted files on an NTFS drive.
- Extensive Mode – Scans deeper for older files or formatted drives.
- Segment Mode – Uses file record segments for recovery.
- Signature Mode – Recovers specific file types (documents, videos, etc.).

Example Command for Recovering Documents:

```
winfr C: D: /extensive /n *.docx
```

This scans C: for deleted Word documents and restores them to D:.

Step 3: Saving & Verifying Retrieved Files

Once recovery is complete, check the D: drive (or your chosen destination). Avoid saving recovered files on the same drive you're restoring from. It could overwrite other deleted data.

After recovery, open and verify your files. If some are corrupt, try a deep scan with data recovery software.

Using Data Recovery Software to Restore Deleted Files

Sometimes, Windows File Recovery isn't enough, especially if your deleted files were lost due to formatting, corruption, or a system crash. That's where third-party data recovery software [\[link to: "how to choose safe recovery software"\]](#) comes in. These tools offer deep scanning, file previews, and a user-friendly interface, making them a better option for many users.

When choosing data recovery software, consider:

- File system support – Does it work with NTFS, FAT32, or exFAT?
- Scan depth – Can it recover deeply buried files?
- Ease of use – Is it beginner-friendly?
- Cost – Are there free or paid versions?

Recommended Data Recovery Software

- EaseUS Data Recovery Wizard – One of the most user-friendly tools. Supports Windows file recovery, deep scans, and previews before restoring.
- Recuva – A free recovery tool from CCleaner. Great for accidentally deleted files with quick and deep scan options.
- Disk Drill – A powerful professional tool that supports multiple file systems and even includes a backup feature to prevent future loss.

How to Use Data Recovery Software

1. Download & Install your chosen data recovery software (EaseUS, Recuva, or Disk Drill).
2. Select the drive where your deleted files were stored.
3. Choose a deep scan to search for lost data.
4. Preview & recover the files you need.
5. Save recovered files to a different drive to avoid overwriting.

Alternative Methods to Recover Deleted Files Without Backup

If you don't want to use data recovery software, you're not alone. Some users find these tools too complex, while others prefer to avoid paid options. Luckily, there are alternative ways to recover deleted files in Windows, but their success depends on how your data was lost.

Method 1: Restoring Previous Versions

Windows has built-in recovery features like File History and Restore Points, which can help you recover deleted files; but only if they were enabled before deletion.

1. Open File Explorer and navigate to the folder where the deleted file was stored.
2. Right-click inside the folder and select Restore previous versions.
3. If a backup exists, choose a version and click Restore.

Method 2: Checking Cloud Storage & OneDrive

If your files were stored in a cloud service like OneDrive, Google Drive, or Dropbox, you might be able to restore deleted files from the version history.

1. Log into your OneDrive account.
2. Go to the Recycle Bin (OneDrive keeps deleted files for up to 30 days).
3. Find your file, select it, and click Restore.

Method 3: Professional Data Recovery Services

If your files are critical and software recovery fails, a professional data recovery service may be your best option. Dave's Computers offers expert data recovery solutions to help restore lost files.

When File Recovery Won't Work

Sometimes, deleted files are truly gone. If your PC uses an SSD, the TRIM function permanently erases deleted data. Also, if new files overwrite deleted ones, recovery becomes nearly impossible.

To avoid data loss, always keep regular backups. If you need expert help, Dave's Computers offers professional data recovery services.