Supreme Courts Over Time

The Supreme Court's history is often divided into eras based on the Chief Justice presiding over the Court. Here's a list of the Supreme Courts and their corresponding eras.

Jay Court (1789–1795)	Chief Justice: John Jay
Rutledge Court (1795)	Chief Justice: John Rutledge (served briefly as a recess appointee)
Ellsworth Court (1796–1800)	Chief Justice: Oliver Ellsworth
Marshall Court (1801–1835)	Chief Justice: John Marshall
Taney Court (1836–1864)	Chief Justice: Roger B. Taney
Chase Court (1864–1873)	Chief Justice: Salmon P. Chase
Waite Court (1874–1888)	Chief Justice: Morrison Waite

Fuller Court (1888–1910)	Chief Justice: Melville Fuller
White Court (1910–1921)	Chief Justice: Edward Douglass White
Taft Court (1921–1930)	Chief Justice: William Howard Taft (former U.S. President)
Hughes Court (1930–1941)	Chief Justice: Charles Evans Hughes
Stone Court (1941–1946)	Chief Justice: Harlan Fiske Stone
Vinson Court (1946–1953)	Chief Justice: Fred M. Vinson
Warren Court (1953–1969)	Chief Justice: Earl Warren
Burger Court (1969–1986)	Chief Justice: Warren E. Burger

Rehnquist Court (1986–2005) — Chief Justice: William Rehnquist

Roberts Court (2005–Present) — Chief Justice: John G. Roberts Jr.