DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS Match the indicator to its definition.

1	**Gross domestic product** (**GDP**)	**A**	the total domestic and foreign output claimed by residents of a country, consisting of gross domestic product (GDP), **plus** factor incomes earned by foreign residents, **minus** income earned in the domestic economy by nonresidents.
2	**Human Development Index (HDI)**	**B**	the number of deaths of children under one year of age per 1000 live births
3	**Gross national income (GNI)**	**C**	Percentage of the population aged 25 years and over who can both read and write, with understanding a short simple statement on his/her everyday life. Generally, "literacy" also encompasses "numeracy", the ability to make simple arithmetic calculations.
4	**Human Poverty Index (HPI)**	**D**	A rate of exchange that accounts for price differences between countries allowing international comparisons of income and purchasing power
5	**Purchasing Power Parity (PPP)**	**E**	a composite index of life expectancy, education, and per capita income indicators, which is used to rank countries into four tiers of human development.
6	**Absolute Poverty**	**F**	This was introduced in 1997, is a composite index which assesses three elements of deprivation in a country - longevity, knowledge and a decent standard of living.
7	**Relative Poverty**	**G**	This is the total value of all finished goods and service produced by a country in a specific time period plus income earned by residents of a country from abroad.
8	**Gross national product (GNP)**	**H**	is a measure of inequalities between men's and women's opportunities in a country. It combines inequalities in three areas: political participation and decision making, economic participation and decision making, and power over economic resources.
9	**Child mortality**	**I**	is when household income is below a certain level. This makes it impossible for the person or family to meet basic needs of life including food, shelter, safe drinking water, education, healthcare, etc.
10	**Infant Mortality**	**J**	refers to the death of infants and children under the age of five. Many deaths in the majority of the world go unreported since many poor families cannot afford to register their babies in the government registry
11	**Gender Inequality Index**	**K**	This is the condition in which people lack the minimum amount of income needed in order to maintain the average standard of living in the society in which they live.
12	**Adult Literacy Rate**	**L**	This is the total value of all finished goods and service produced by a country in a specific time period - normally a year

ANSWERS

1 = L
2 = E
3 = A
4 = F
5 = D
6 = I
7 = K
8 = G
9 = J
10 = B
11 = H
12 = C