

Kainji Bibliography Manual

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Abstract

This document describes the various choices taken in the production of the annotated bibliography of Kainji languages.

Sections

The following sections are deemed necessary in the bibliography:

- Section on Notable Researchers
- Section on Language Names, spellings, and Usages.
- Section on the history of orthographies used in the area.
- Discussion of secondary resources, including their presentations, and their content.
- Section presenting the annotated works.

Scope of the annotated works in the bibliography

We seek to include works of language and culture description, primary texts, indigenously authored materials, datasets, and commentary on secondary resources, with a sc

The nature of the annotations

Tags

One form of annotation is via tagging of the citations. We should use DOAP tags, GOLD tags, LRMI tags, and OLAC tags, plus any other keywords which we feel are unique or thematic (folksonomy tags). Folksonomy tags should not include words which are in the title of the work.

DOAP Tags

OLAC Tags

BCP47 Tags

Language Tags

What does a language tag look like: ISO-639-3_xxx_L1_1

TagHeader_Tag_LanguageUse_LanguageFocus

TagHeader :: Role :: Identify the type of string we are dealing with

Tag :: Role :: Identify the specific language or primary value of the string

LanguageUse :: Role :: Some works deal with language in the framework of multilingualism. Usually this is in the context of English as a first language (L1) or Spanish as a third language (L3). This segment is able to be parsed and the anticipated values are L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, etc.

LanguageFocus :: Role :: Identify depth of the language used in this document. There are five values: 1-5.

1. In language, the document is written (or voice) in the language.
2. About the language, The document is a description of the language and contains a significant section of the language, but a second language is usually used to explain the language, this second language is usually the primary language of the document.
3. Some data about the language. Usually an author will use some language examples to support another literary point or argument. Usually in this type of document there are several languages mentioned. Otherwise, the document would be classified as #2.
4. Mentions the language. If the document mentions the language but doesn't really go into detail about the language.
5. Mentions the people group which speak the language.

Maintenance Tags

Several tags are useful to make sure bibliography authors are communicating about the bibliography entry.

Citation_Complete_hp3 - means that Hugh made sure that this item had all the essential components for a citation

Citation_Complete_rdsp - means that Becky made sure that this item had all the essential components for a citation

Citations_Investigated - this means that someone went through this resources and they looked at all the items to see which other items might reference works which are relevant to the Kainji bibliography.

Network Tags

Two tags are useful for the discovery of general networks of knowledge within the community of Kainji researchers. These tags are:

__IsCitedBy:SOMEKEY_WITH_UNIQUE_ID

__Cites:SOMEKEY_WITH_UNIQUE_ID

Description

Annotated bibliographies generally have a short annotation about the content. Either an interpretive statement about the conclusion (or claims in the work) or an additional (to the title, and in some cases abstract) description on why a reader should consult the resource.

<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1rDTthGvUkmC5UrRyNoVrE1QIEeA0BZjJ7n3F49l3l4U/edit?usp=sharing>

The process of collecting and completing an annotation

Notable Researchers

- Rebecca Paterson
- Stuart John McGill
- Clark D. Regnier
- Clement Tuko
- John Bendor-Samuel
- Roger M. Blench
- Stephen Dettweiler
- Sonia Dettweiler
- P. G. Harris
- David Heath
- Carleen Heath
- Hugh Paterson III

Secondary Resources

- Scripture Earth: https://www.scriptureearth.org/00i-Scripture_Index.php
- REAP (lots of pages) direct language term searches and broader searches

- OLAC (lots of pages)
- Wikipedia (en, fr): (lots of pages)
- WALS (only two languages mentioned)
- WorldCat (lots of search terms)
- Glottolog (lots of pages)
- Ethnologue (lots of pages)
- Conception
- Phoible
- Web-ball : <http://reflex.cnrs.fr/Lexiques/webball/index.html>
- Faith Comes by Hearing:
<https://www.faithcomesbyhearing.com/audio-bible-resources/recordings-database>
- The Jesus Film: <https://www.jesusfilm.org/watch/jesus.html/english.html>
- BibAfrica: <https://www.africabib.org>
- Catalogue of Leiden:
https://catalogue.leidenuniv.nl/primo-explore/search?query=any,contains,dukawa&tab=all_content&search_scope=All_Content&vid=UBL_V1&lang=en_US&offset=0
- ISO 639-3 registrar
- IANA database
- Registry of dialects
- Linguistic Bibliography (Brill)
- BLL:
<http://www.blldb-online.de/blldb/suche/kapitel.xml?Skript=kapitel&contenttype=text%2Fhtml&vid=2F12164E-37F8-4414-AF4F-2D683FECB46B&lang=en&index=356817334> —
there are at least 7 items in this Bibliography