

Unit 1: Data in Learners' Lives

Lesson 1.3: Using Data

In this lesson, students will learn about the process of generating insight from data and will be introduced to the Data-Information-Knowledge-Wisdom (DIKW) model. As an example, they will discuss visualizations of data from the COVID-19 pandemic in Washington, D.C.

Duration: 90 minutes

Objective: By the end of this lesson, students will understand the Data-Information-Knowledge-Wisdom (DIKW) model to make sense of the stages of a data science investigation.

Lesson Walkthrough Video: [Unit 1 Lesson 3 - Teacher Walkthrough](#)

CSTA Standards in this Lesson

Identifier	Concept	Subconcept	Standards
3A-AP-13	Algorithms & Programming	Algorithms	Create prototypes that use algorithms to solve computational problems by leveraging prior student knowledge and personal interests.
3A-DA-09	Data & Analysis	Storage	Translate between different bit representations of real-world phenomena, such as characters, numbers, and images.
3A-DA-10	Data & Analysis	Storage	Evaluate the tradeoffs in how data elements are organized and where data is stored.
3A-DA-11	Data & Analysis	Collection Visualization & Transformation	Create interactive data visualizations using software tools to help others better understand real-world phenomena.
3A-DA-12	Data & Analysis	Inference & Models	Create computational models that represent the relationships among different elements of data collected from a phenomenon or process.
3A-IC-24	Impacts of Computing	Culture	Evaluate the ways computing impacts personal, ethical, social, economic, and cultural practices.
3A-IC-29	Impacts of Computing	Safety Law & Ethics	Explain the privacy concerns related to the collection and generation of data through automated processes that may not be evident to users.

Lesson activities

Warmup (10 minutes)

(CSTA standards in this activity: 3A-IC-24, 3A-IC-29)

- Read the following article about user data stolen from 23andMe:
(<https://news.yahoo.com/user-data-stolen-genetic-testing-203545299.html>).
- Ask the students the following questions:
 - What stakeholders are involved? [23andMe is the main stakeholder]
 - What issues of privacy are highlighted? [A group of hackers got into their system and stole user data, which is apparently now being sold on the dark web.]
 - How could those involved have mitigated this risk? (or in other words, how could they have better protected user data privacy?) [Should 23andMe have stored user data beyond the time necessary to process it?]

DIKW Lecture (20 minutes)

(CSTA standards in this activity: 3A-DA-11, 3A-DA-12)

- The teacher will introduce the Data-Information-Knowledge-Wisdom model, first in general terms and then as applied to the investigation of the 1845 Cholera outbreak by John Snow, using the provided slides.
- The teacher will explain to the students that the Cholera epidemic is a widespread outbreak of a severe diarrheal disease caused by the bacterium *Vibrio cholerae*.

Understanding DIKW Stages - COVID-19 (30 min)

(CSTA standards in this activity: 3A-DA-11, 3A-DA-12)

- Students take ~10 minutes to review the DC COVID-19 dashboard from July 18, 2020:
<https://mayor.dc.gov/release/coronavirus-data-july-18-2020>.
 - [Worksheet/Exit ticket] Students will answer: What do you recognize on this page? What did you learn? What are you left wondering about?
- Discuss graphs representing [utilization of beds at acute care hospitals](#), [cumulative incidence by Ward](#), and [sustained decrease in cases within the community](#) from July 18, 2020 (during the first summer lull in cases in the COVID-19 pandemic). What was the data? (cases) What information came from that data? (graphs) What knowledge can we learn? (can specify things like “Ward 4 has the highest cumulative number of cases”) What wisdom can we take away? (policy changes, etc.)
 - Some key features of this data source: time series data visualizations, map data visualization, and it’s a case where data science work gets the story “right” but only on a small time scale, because cases surged about two months after this.



Understanding DIKW Stages - Heat Sensitivity Exposure Index (15 min)

(CSTA standards in this activity: 3A-DA-09, 3A-DA-10)

- Students review the [Heat Sensitivity Exposure Index](#) dataset on OpenDataDC.
- Explain that Heat Sensitivity Exposure is a health issue in many cities worldwide.
- Discuss with the students:
 - What type of variable is the Total 2020 census population? [discrete]
 - What type of variable is the “Percent of population below 5 years of age”? [continuous]
- [Worksheet/Exit ticket] questions below:
 - What variables are stored in this dataset? Are they quantitative or qualitative variables?
 - At what stage of analysis are we in the DIKW model?
 - What would we need to do to progress through the later stages? What kinds of questions do you think we could answer with this dataset?

Local Issue to Investigate (10 min)

(CSTA standards in this activity: 3A-AP-13, 3A-DA-12)

- Students brainstorm local issues that they might be able to investigate with data.
- They talk to members of their small group, and write down some ideas to come back to in later lessons.

Conclusion (5 min)

(CSTA standards in this activity: 3A-DA-11, 3A-DA-12)

- Review the key points of today’s lesson.
 - What does each stage of the DIKW model look like?
 - Why do we need to analyze data instead of using it in its raw form?
 - Does the process of analysis always produce useful or correct wisdom? Why or why not?

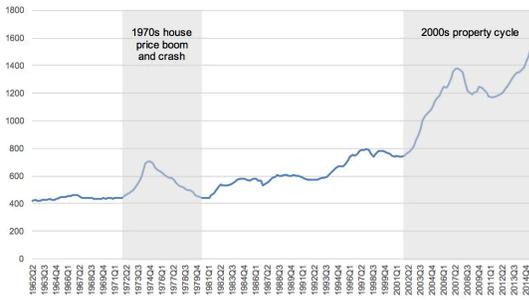


Exit Ticket (5 min)

(CSTA standards in this activity: 3A-DA-11, 3A-DA-12)

Real house price index, 1962-2015

Source: RBNZ data; Transportblog calculations



- What stage of the DIKW model does the above represent?
- What do you think the cases or data in this investigation were?

Assessment:

Assess student understanding through participation in class discussions and class activities.

