

Gender Gap, Gender Graph

Programming, Creation of Coding Challenge: Theodora S. Tziampazi

For learners over 11 years old and educators

You are the user of this digital tool (bar maker) <https://scratch.mit.edu/projects/1147892829> . Do not look inside at the code yet. Click on the green flag and insert data (1-10) that hypothetically represent the number of women in a tech sector/company/organization. Try with some numbers.

- What do you notice?
- Could this be a bug or a decision?
- Either way, how can it be fixed?

Manually (user level):

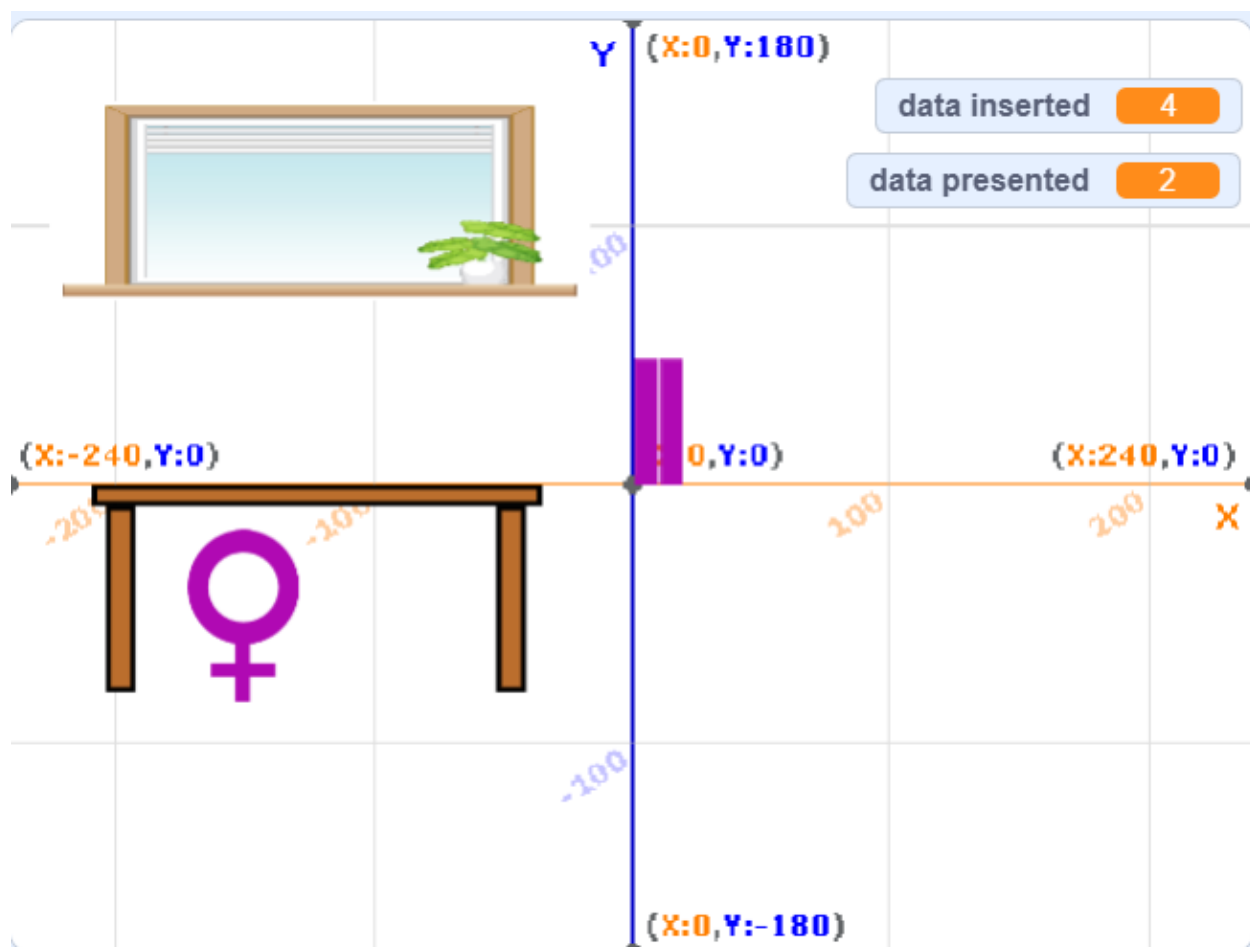
Explore the tool and any draggable sprites.

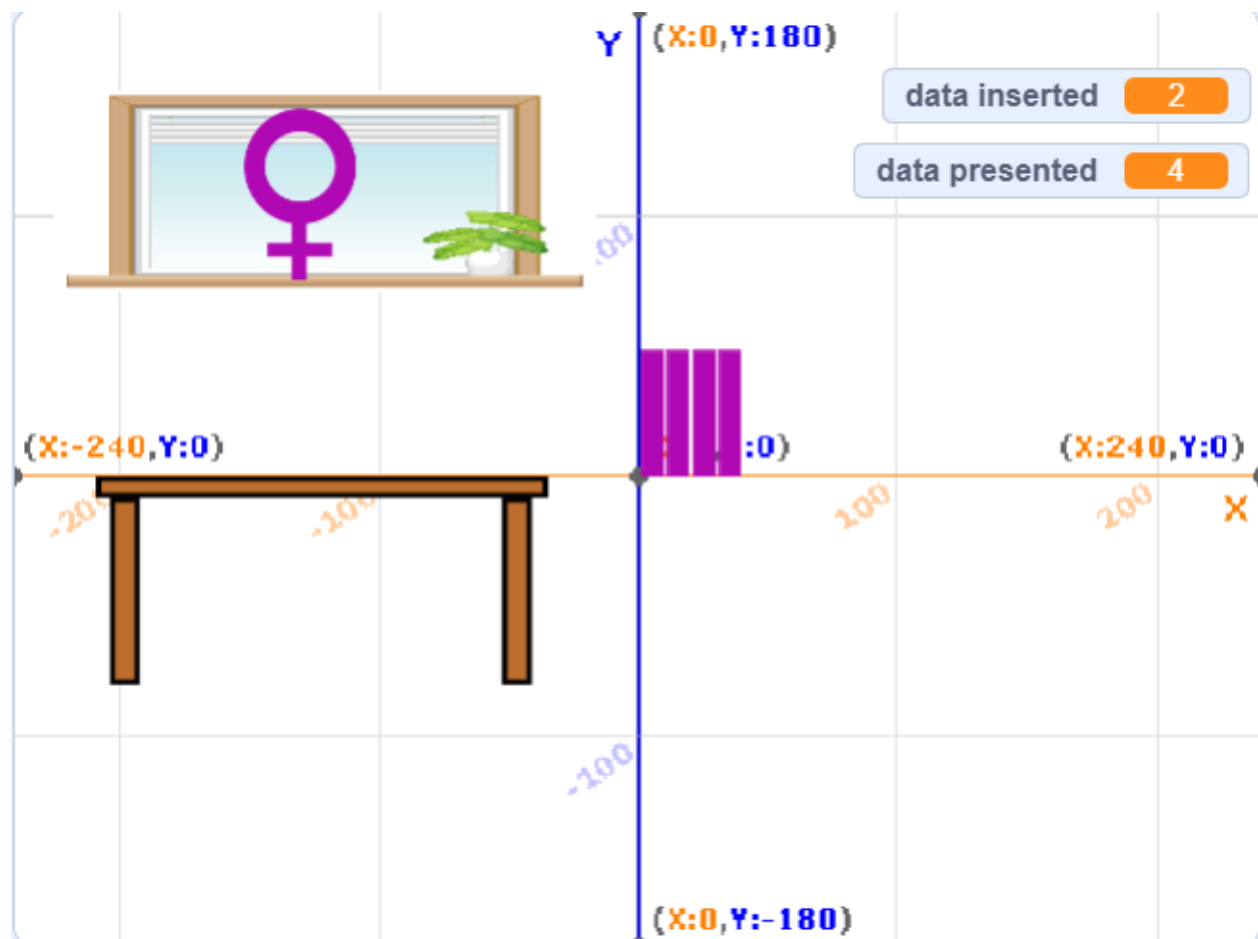
- Is there any position where the problem is solved?
- Is there a position where another unexpected outcome is observed?

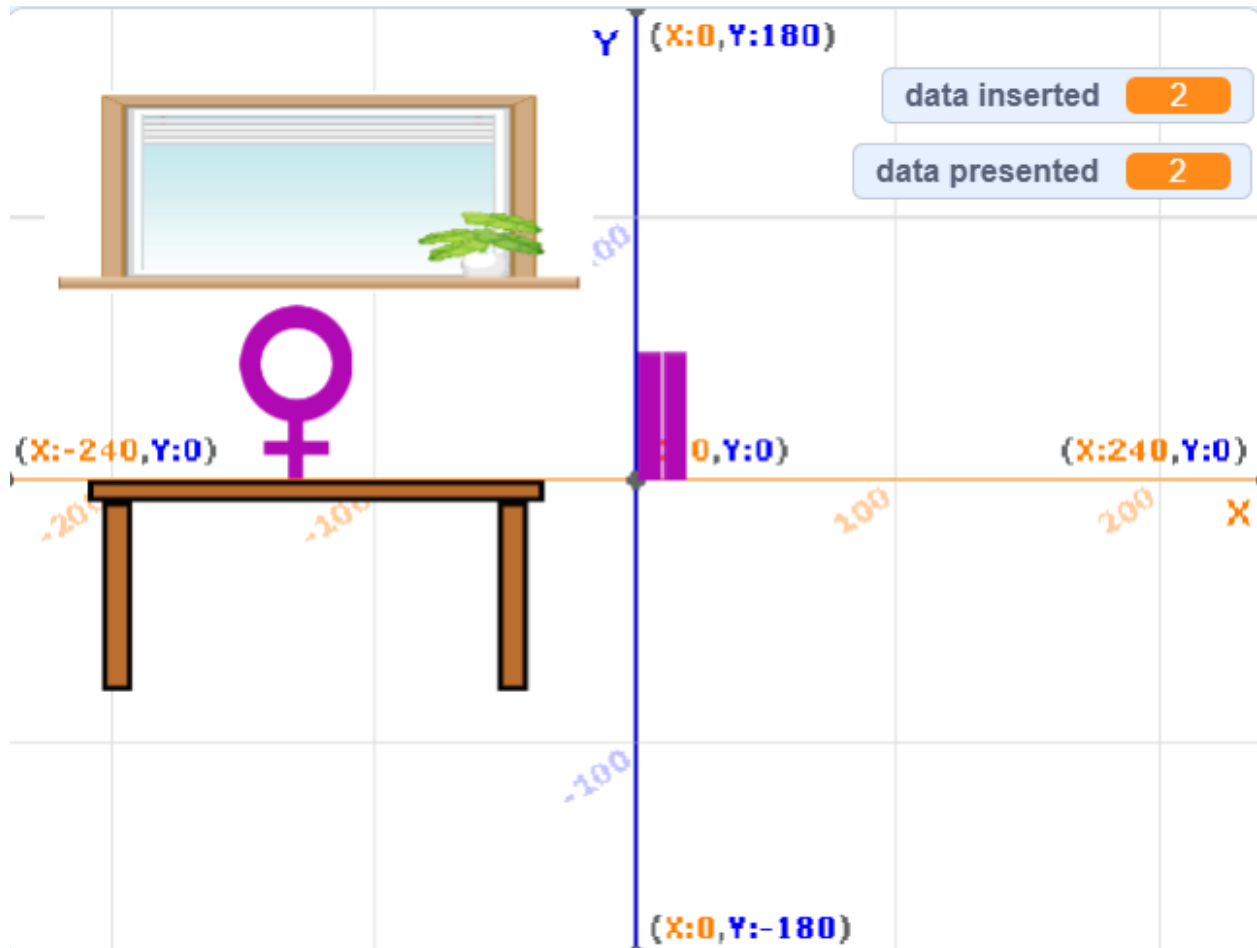
Food for thought/Discussion

- What if the number of women in a sector is underestimated?
- What if the number of women in a sector is overestimated?
- What if the number of women in a sector is well-estimated but not balanced in terms of gender gap? What should be done?

Takeaway: How we use the tool (where we situate a component) affects the result.







With coding (creator level):

Simple challenge: Hack the code so that the data presented are equal to the data inserted in any case.

Advanced challenge:

Copy the bar sprite and make it blue (stereotypically referred to male). Change the y position so that it is visible and comparable with the purple bar.

Create a male symbol as a new sprite.

Tip: You can download/export both sprites(bar, symbol) from the project given at the end of this section as a solution.

Now hack the codes so that when the user input is x (now given 2 times for each bar), the 2 bar makers are:

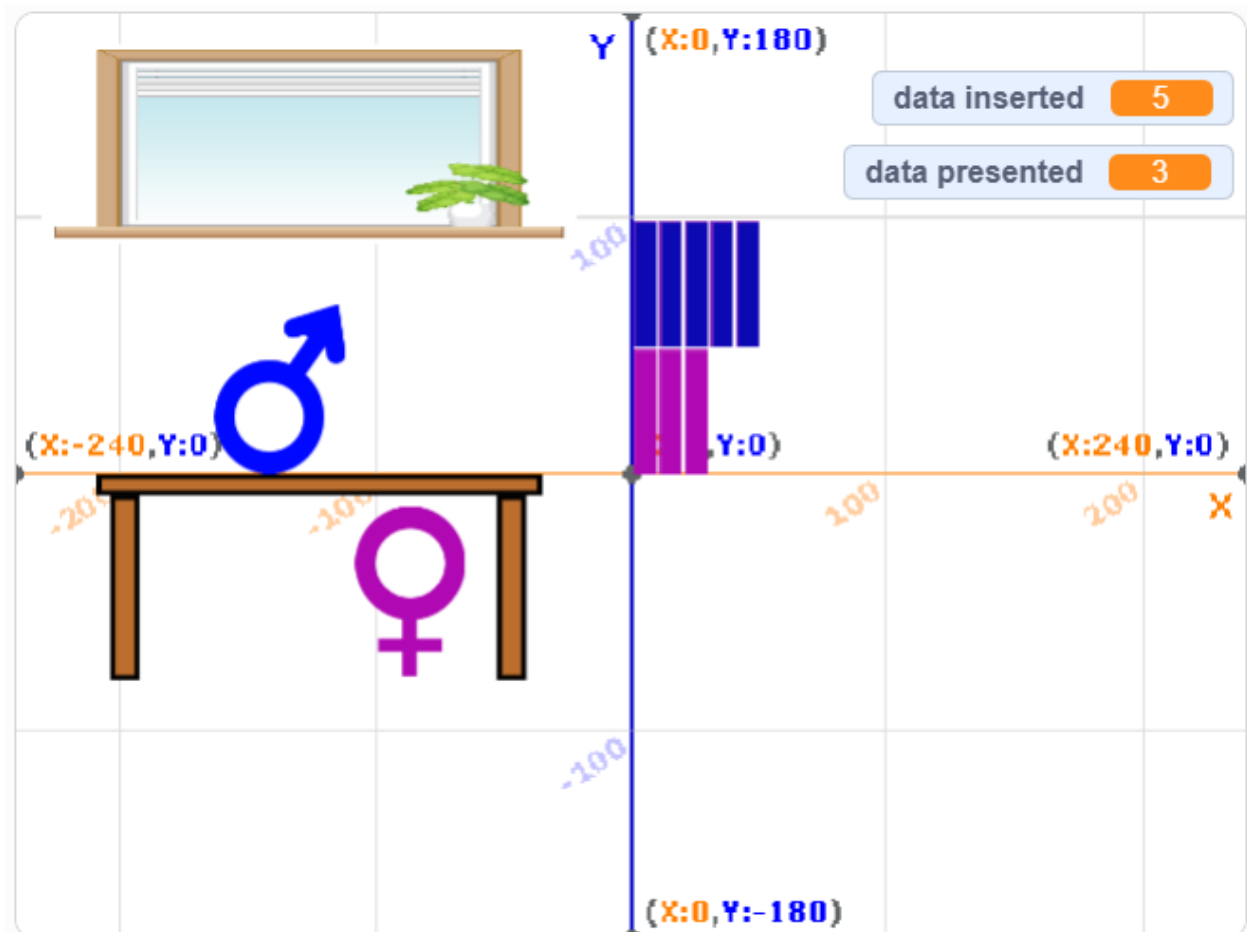
- Fair (same code). Make adjustments in male symbol's y position in if condition. Debug as you proceed checking both codes.
 - o Unfair in use: Drag the 2 symbols in different positions, give the same input to see the inequality.
- Sided/biased (different code)
 - o in favor of men
 - o in favor of women

Experiment so that the code would either mitigate or exacerbate the gender gap...

Explore the two ways the result is biased (dragging and/or coding).

How could these 2 ways be related to each other?

A solution (same code): <https://scratch.mit.edu/projects/1151892036>



Discussion:

- a) How do you feel that you can create a biased and an unbiased digital tool as well?
- b) Where is the bias more “hidden”? When it comes to dragging among different positions or to code?
- c) Can you imagine cases where a distorted image of something may help (some people-who)?
- d) Do you believe we could support distorted data when the end justifies the means or present the truth by no means?
- e) How do you feel that AI (driven by a given purpose) can try out things like you’ve tried in this challenge?

More questions:

- How do we collect data?
- How is our data processed?
- How are our actions/beliefs affected by statistics hidden in algorithms (AI or not)?

Takeaway: How we create the tool affects the result or even our worldview.

PS. The code can also be used for another challenge beyond math, statistics and spreadsheets...How would you create/code a bar/graph maker?