

TOPIC: MA-F2 Graphing Techniques			
<b>Student Outcomes: MA12 – 1, 9, 10</b>			
A student: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>› uses detailed algebraic and graphical techniques to critically construct, model and evaluate arguments in a range of familiar and unfamiliar contexts MA12-1</li> <li>› chooses and uses appropriate technology effectively in a range of contexts, models and applies critical thinking to recognise appropriate times for such use MA12-9</li> <li>› constructs arguments to prove and justify results and provides reasoning to support conclusions which are appropriate to the context MA12-10</li> </ul>			
<b>Reading Strategies</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Annotate the Question</li> <li>- Vocabulary Pre-Teach + Morphology</li> <li>- Graph/Diagram Decode Routine</li> <li>- Skim–Scan–Select Routine</li> <li>- Morphology for Vocabulary Instruction</li> </ul>			
	Student is able to:	Implications, considerations and implementations	Resources
(i)	<p>Apply transformations to sketch functions of the form <math>y = kf(a(x + b)) + c</math>, where <math>f(x)</math> is a polynomial, reciprocal, absolute value, exponential or logarithmic function and <math>a, b, c</math> and <math>k</math> are constants</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– examine translations and the graphs of <math>y = f(x) + c</math> and <math>y = f(x + b)</math> using technology</li> <li>– examine dilations and the graphs of <math>y = kf(x)</math> and <math>y = f(ax)</math> using technology.</li> <li>– recognise that the order in which transformations are applied is important in the construction of the resulting function or graph.</li> </ul>		
(ii)	Use graphical methods with supporting algebraic working to solve		

	<p>a variety of practical problems involving any of the functions within the scope of this syllabus, in both real-life and abstract contexts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– select and use an appropriate method to graph a given function, including finding intercepts, considering the sign of <math>f(x)</math> and using symmetry</li><li>– determine asymptotes and discontinuities where appropriate (vertical and horizontal asymptotes only)</li><li>– determine the number of solutions of an equation by considering appropriate graphs</li><li>– solve linear and quadratic inequalities by sketching appropriate graphs</li></ul>		
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