

Unit

8

Word	Definition	Example Sentence
Bunk off (Phrasal Verb)	To skip school or work without permission Bengali: ক্লাস/কাজ ফাঁকি দেওয়া IPA: /bʌŋk ɒf/	They bunked off school to go to the matinee movie.
Self-explained (Adjective)	Easy to understand without further clarification; (also: self-explanatory) Bengali: নিজে থেকেই বোধগম্য IPA: /ˌsɛlf ɪkˈsplɛɪnd/	The diagram is self-explained and needs no additional notes.
Broadcast (Verb/Noun)	To transmit programs or information by radio/TV/online; a transmitted program Bengali: সম্প্রচার/প্রচার করা IPA: /ˈbrɒːdkɑːst/	The ceremony will be broadcast live nationwide.
Curiosity (Noun)	A strong desire to know or learn something Bengali: কৌতূহল IPA: /ˌkjʊəriˈɒsɪti/	Her curiosity led her to read widely beyond the syllabus.
Phenomenon (Noun)	A fact or event observed to exist or happen, especially one that is unusual or remarkable Bengali: ঘটনা/প্রপঞ্চ IPA: /fɪˈnɒmɪnən/	Auroras are a beautiful natural phenomenon.
Evolution (Noun)	Gradual development or change, especially from a simple to a more complex form Bengali: বিবর্তন IPA: /ˌiːvəˈluːʃn/	The evolution of language fascinates linguists.
Part and parcel (Idiom)	An essential or integral part of something Bengali: অবিচ্ছেদ্য অংশ IPA: /ˌpɑːrt ən ˈpɑːrsəl/	Deadlines are part and parcel of journalism.
Peep (Verb/Noun)	To look quickly or secretly; a brief look Bengali: উঁকি মারা; ঝটপট দেখা IPA: /piːp/	He peeped through the curtain to check the audience.
Symbol (Noun)	Something that represents or stands for something else Bengali: প্রতীক IPA: /ˈsɪmbəl/	The dove is a universal symbol of peace.
Tabloid (Noun/Adjective)	A small-format newspaper often focused on sensational stories; relating	Some tabloids prioritize celebrity gossip over investigative reporting.

	to such papers Bengali: ট্যাবলয়েড IPA: /'tæblɔɪd/	
Broadsheet sizes (Noun)	Large newspaper formats (e.g., broadsheet), typically bigger than tabloids and associated with in-depth journalism Bengali: ব্রডশিটের বৃহৎ প্রতিকার মাপ IPA: /'brɔːdʃiːt 'saɪzɪz/	Many newspapers have shifted from broadsheet sizes to compact formats.
Scorching (Adjective)	Extremely hot; burning Bengali: প্রচণ্ড গরম/দহকর IPA: /'skɔːrtʃɪŋ/	We cancelled the hike because of the scorching heat.
Startling news (Noun Phrase)	Information that is very surprising or alarming Bengali: চমকপ্রদ খবর IPA: /'stɑːrtlɪŋ njuːz/	The agency released startling news about the data breach.
Authenticity (Noun)	The quality of being genuine or real Bengali: সত্যতা/প্রামাণিকতা IPA: /ˌɔːθən'ɪsɪti/	Experts verified the painting's authenticity.
Convey (Verb)	To communicate an idea or feeling; to transport Bengali: প্রকাশ/পৌঁছে দেওয়া; বহন করা IPA: /kən'veɪ/	The author uses imagery to convey grief and hope.
Constraint (Noun)	A limitation or restriction Bengali: সীমাবদ্ধতা/বাধা IPA: /kən'streɪnt/	Budget constraints forced the team to scale down the plan.
Legacy (Noun)	Something handed down from the past; long-lasting impact Bengali: উত্তরাধিকার/ঐতিহ্য IPA: /'legəsi/	Her research left a lasting legacy in public health.
Complication (Noun)	A difficulty that makes a situation more complex; a secondary medical problem Bengali: জটিলতা IPA: /ˌkɒmplɪ'keɪʃn/	Travel restrictions added a major complication to the project.
Voraciously (Adverb)	With great appetite or eagerness Bengali: গোগ্রাসে/অত্যন্ত আগ্রহভরে IPA: /və'reɪʃəsli/	She read voraciously, finishing a novel every two days.
Inheritance (Noun)	Property, money, or traits received from predecessors Bengali: উত্তরাধিকার সূত্রে প্রাপ্ত সম্পত্তি/গুণ IPA: /ɪn'hɛrɪtəns/	He used his inheritance to fund postgraduate study.
Social movement (Noun)	Collective, organized efforts to promote or resist social change Bengali:	The social movement mobilized millions through online platforms.

	সামাজিক আন্দোলন IPA: /'səʊʃəl 'mu:vmənt/	
Diagnose (Verb)	To identify an illness or problem from its signs Bengali: রোগ/সমস্যা নির্ণয় করা IPA: /,daɪəg'nəʊz/	Doctors diagnosed the infection early and began treatment.
Admire (Verb)	To respect or approve of someone or something Bengali: প্রশংসা/মুগ্ধ হওয়া IPA: /əd'maɪə(r)/	I truly admire her dedication to community service.

Unit 9

Word	Definition	Example Sentence
Circular (Adjective)	Shaped like a circle; moving or arranged in a round course Bengali: বৃত্তাকার IPA: /'sɜ:r.kjələr/	The museum has a circular hall with a glass dome.
Axis (Noun)	A central line about which a body or object rotates or is symmetrically arranged Bengali: অক্ষ IPA: /'æksɪs/	The Earth rotates on its axis once every 24 hours.
Wagon (Noun)	A vehicle for transporting goods, often pulled by animals or a motor; a railway freight car Bengali: মালবাহী গাড়ি/গাড়ি IPA: /'wæɡən/	The farmers loaded vegetables onto the wagon at dawn.
Propeller (Noun)	A device with rotating blades that drives a vehicle forward, especially in air or water Bengali: প্রপেলার IPA: /prə'pɛlər/	The propeller spun rapidly as the plane taxied to the runway.
Turbine (Noun)	A machine with a rotor that turns to produce power from moving fluid (air, steam, water) Bengali: টারবাইন IPA: /'tɜ:rbaɪn/	Wind turbines generate electricity for the coastal town.
Ordinal Number (Noun)	A number that expresses position in a sequence (first, second, third, etc.) Bengali: ক্রমিক সংখ্যা IPA: /'ɔ:rdɪnl 'nʌmbər/	Use an ordinal number when writing dates, like "the 5th of June."

Chariot (Noun)	An ancient two-wheeled vehicle pulled by horses, used in war, racing, or ceremonies Bengali: রথ IPA: /'tʃæriət/	The museum displays a bronze chariot from the classical era.
Spoked Wheels (Noun, Plural)	Wheels reinforced by slender rods (spokes) radiating from the hub to the rim Bengali: স্পোকযুক্ত চাকা IPA: /spoukt wi:lz/	Early bicycles relied on lightweight spoked wheels for speed.
Gas Turbine (Noun)	A turbine driven by expanding hot gases, commonly used in jet engines and power plants Bengali: গ্যাস টারবাইন IPA: /gæs 'tɜːrbain/	The power station installed a high-efficiency gas turbine last year.
Taking off (Noun/Verb—phrasal)	The act of an aircraft leaving the ground and beginning flight Bengali: উড্ডয়ন শুরু করা IPA: /'teɪkɪŋ ɒf/	Passengers felt a surge of excitement during taking off.
Endeavor (Noun/Verb)	A serious attempt; to try hard to achieve something Bengali: প্রচেষ্টা; প্রচেষ্টা করা IPA: /ɪn'devər/	Their endeavor to design a safer drone finally succeeded.
Supersonic Speed (Noun)	A speed greater than the speed of sound (Mach 1) Bengali: অতিশব্দগতি গতি IPA: /suːpər'sonɪk spi:d/	The prototype reached supersonic speed during testing.
Aviation (Noun)	The design, development, operation, and use of aircraft Bengali: বিমানচালনা/বিমানবিদ্যা IPA: /ˌeɪvi'eɪʃn/	She plans to study aviation and become a pilot.
Withstand (Verb)	To resist or endure successfully without damage Bengali: সহ্য করা/প্রতিরোধ করা IPA: /wɪð'stænd/	The fuselage is engineered to withstand high pressure changes.
Detach (Verb)	To separate or remove from something larger Bengali: পৃথক করা/আলাদা করা IPA: /dɪ'tætʃ/	The booster rockets detach shortly after launch.
Restricted (Adjective)	Limited in access or use; controlled by rules or laws Bengali: সীমাবদ্ধ/নিষিদ্ধ IPA: /rɪ'strɪktɪd/	Only authorized personnel may enter the restricted area.
Wood Plank (Noun)	A long, flat, rectangular piece of timber used in construction Bengali:	They laid a wood plank across the trench as a temporary bridge.

	কাঠের তক্তা IPA: /wʊd plæŋk/	
Contemplation (Noun)	Deep reflective thought; the act of considering something carefully Bengali: গভীর চিন্তাভাবনা/মনন IPA: /ˌkɒntəmˈpleɪʃən/	The engineer sat in contemplation before finalizing the design.

Unit 10

Word	Definition	Example Sentence
Fables (Noun, plural)	Short fictional stories, often with animals as characters, that teach a moral Bengali: নীতিকথা IPA: /ˈfeɪbəlz/	Children love reading fables that end with clear lessons.
Nest (Noun/Verb)	A structure made by birds to lay eggs and raise young; to build such a structure Bengali: বাসা; বাসা বাঁধা IPA: /nest/	The swallows built a nest under the roof.
Shelter (Noun/Verb)	Protection or a place that provides cover from weather or danger; to protect Bengali: আশ্রয়; আশ্রয় দেওয়া IPA: /ˈʃeltər/	The cave offered shelter during the storm.
Grumpy (Adjective)	Bad-tempered and irritable Bengali: খিটখিটে IPA: /ˈɡrʌmpi/	He gets grumpy if he skips breakfast.
Sly (Adjective)	Clever in a deceitful or secretive way Bengali: ধূর্ত/চালাক IPA: /slaɪ/	The sly fox waited silently behind the bushes.
Flattery (Noun)	Excessive and insincere praise given to gain favor Bengali: চাটুকারিতা IPA: /ˈflætəri/	He saw through the flattery and refused the offer.
Puff and Ruffle (Verb phrase)	To inflate oneself slightly and disturb or fluff (feathers/fur), often to appear larger Bengali: ফুলিয়ে ওঠা ও লোম/পালক ঝাঁকানো IPA: /pʌf ænd ˈrʌfəl/	The sparrow would puff and ruffle its feathers in the cold.

Impatient (Adjective)	Having or showing a tendency to be quickly irritated or to want things without delay Bengali: অস্থির/অধৈর্য IPA: /ɪmˈpeɪənt/	Impatient customers tapped their feet in the queue.
Host (Noun/Verb)	A person who receives or entertains guests; to receive guests or present an event Bengali: আতিথেয়; আয়োজন করা IPA: /həʊst/	Our host welcomed us warmly at the cottage.
Hospitality (Noun)	Friendly and generous reception and entertainment of guests Bengali: আতিথেয়তা IPA: /ˌhɒspɪˈtæləti/	The villagers showed remarkable hospitality to travelers.
Ungrateful (Adjective)	Not showing appreciation for help or kindness Bengali: অকৃতজ্ঞ IPA: /ʌnˈɡreɪtʃəl/	The ungrateful prince ignored the peasant's kindness.
Flapping (Noun/Adjective)	Moving or causing to move up and down or back and forth, especially wings Bengali: ডানা ঝাপটানো IPA: /ˈflæpɪŋ/	The flapping of wings startled the resting herd.
Be Off (Phrasal Verb)	To leave or depart Bengali: চলে যাওয়া/রওনা হওয়া IPA: /biː ɒf/	It's late—we should be off now.
Fell Upon (Phrasal Verb)	Attacked or seized suddenly; also, discovered by chance Bengali: হঠাৎ আক্রমণ করা/হঠাৎ পেয়ে যাওয়া IPA: /fel əˈpɒn/	The wolves fell upon the stray goat at dusk.
Drive Out (Phrasal Verb)	To force someone or something to leave Bengali: তাড়িয়ে দেওয়া/বের করে দেওয়া IPA: /draɪv aʊt/	The villagers lit torches to drive out the jackals.
Vicious (Adjective)	Deliberately cruel or violent Bengali: হিংস্র/দুর্মতি IPA: /ˈvɪʃəs/	A vicious rumor spread through the court.
Well (Noun)	A deep hole or shaft from which water is drawn Bengali: কূপ/পুকুরের কূপ IPA: /wel/	The villagers gathered at the well every morning.
Scarce (Adjective)	In short supply; hard to find Bengali: দুস্প্রাপ্য IPA: /skɜːs/	Food was scarce during the harsh winter.
Barred (Adjective)	Fitted with bars or locked; not allowed or permitted	The barred gate kept the cattle from wandering.

	Bengali: শিকল/বার লাগানো; নিষিদ্ধ IPA: /ba:rd/	
Barren (Adjective)	Too poor to produce much or any vegetation; infertile Bengali: অনুর্বর/বাঁজা IPA: /'bæren/	They crossed a barren stretch of land before sunset.
Cisterns (Noun, plural)	Containers or tanks for storing water Bengali: পানির ট্যাংক/রিজার্ভার IPA: /'sistərnz/	Stone cisterns collected rainwater for the village.
Horse-Troughs (Noun, plural)	Long, narrow open containers from which horses drink or eat Bengali: ঘোড়ার জলের/খাবারের কুন্ড IPA: /'ho:rs tro:fs/	The horse-troughs were filled every morning.
Pushcart (Noun)	A small handcart pushed by a person for carrying goods Bengali: ধাক্কা দিয়ে চালানো ঠেলা-গাড়ি IPA: /'puʃka:rt/	The vendor sold fruit from a colorful pushcart.
Beak (Noun)	The hard, pointed mouth of a bird Bengali: ঠোঁট IPA: /bi:k/	The crow carried the pebble in its beak.
Doddering (Adjective)	Feeble and unsteady, especially from old age Bengali: কঁকিয়ে ওঠা/অস্থির বৃদ্ধ IPA: /'dɒdərɪŋ/	A doddering old goat wandered into the yard.
Pebble (Noun)	A small, smooth stone worn by water Bengali: নুড়ি পাথর IPA: /'pɛbəl/	She dropped a pebble into the well to test its depth.
Shudder (Verb/Noun)	To tremble convulsively, typically from fear or cold; a sudden shiver Bengali: কেঁপে ওঠা; শিহরণ IPA: /'ʃʌdə/	The hare gave a shudder when the owl hooted.
Helter-skelter (Adverb/Adjective)	In disorderly haste or confusion Bengali: বিশৃঙ্খলাভাবে/হুড়োহুড়ি করে IPA: /'heltər 'skeltər/	The chicks ran helter-skelter as the fox approached.
Haystack (Noun)	A large, compact pile of dried grass used as animal fodder Bengali: খড়ের গাদা IPA: /'heɪstæk/	The farmer stored tools behind the haystack.
Clipped (Adjective/Verb)	Cut short or trimmed; (of speech) brisk and sharp Bengali: কাটা/ছাঁটা; কড়া উচ্চারণ IPA: /klipt/	In a clipped tone, the guard told them to be off.

Unit 11

Word	Definition	Example Sentence
Repression (Noun)	The act of subduing someone or something by force; suppression of thoughts, feelings, or political dissent Bengali: দমন/নির্বোধন IPA: /rɪˈpreʃən/	The government's repression of protestors drew international criticism.
Autocratic (Adjective)	Characteristic of a ruler who has absolute power; exercising power in a domineering way Bengali: একনায়কতান্ত্রিক/স্বৈরতান্ত্রিক IPA: /ɔːtəˈkrætɪk/	The autocratic regime rejected calls for free elections.
Pave (Verb)	To cover a surface with a firm material such as stone or asphalt; to make a way or provide a route Bengali: পাকা করা/পথ তৈরি করা IPA: /peɪv/	The council decided to pave the muddy road near the school.
Chant (Noun/Verb)	A repeated rhythmic phrase, often used in protest or ritual; to sing or shout repeatedly Bengali: স্লোগান/উচ্চারণ করা IPA: /tʃænt/	Protesters chanted slogans demanding justice.
Beacon (Noun)	A signal light or fire used as a guide; something that inspires or guides others Bengali: বাতিঘর/নির্দেশক আলো IPA: /ˈbiːkən/	The lighthouse served as a beacon for returning ships.
Penetrate (Verb)	To enter or pass through something; to succeed in understanding or influencing Bengali: প্রবেশ করা/ভেদ করা IPA: /ˈpenɪtreɪt/	Sunlight could not penetrate the dense canopy.
Tend (Verb)	To care for or look after; to be likely to behave in a particular way Bengali: যত্ন করা/প্রবণ হওয়া IPA: /tend/	She tends the garden every morning before work.
Defy (Verb)	To openly resist or refuse to obey; to challenge	They decided to defy the curfew and continued to protest peacefully.

	Bengali: চ্যালেঞ্জ করা/বিরোধ করা IPA: /dɪ'faɪ/	
Hierarchy (Noun)	A system in which people or groups are ranked one above another according to status or authority Bengali: শ্রেণীভিত্তিক স্তর/হায়ারার্কি IPA: /'haɪəɾɑːrki/	The company's hierarchy made decision-making slow and bureaucratic.
Persecute (Verb)	To subject someone to hostility and ill-treatment, especially because of race, political beliefs, or religion Bengali: নির্যাতন করা IPA: /'pɜːrsɪkjʊːt/	Many activists were persecuted for speaking out against the regime.
Mofussil (Adjective/Noun)	Relating to or denoting provincial or rural districts (used in South Asia) Bengali: গ্রামীণ অঞ্চল/প্রাদেশিক IPA: /'məʊfəsɪl/	He preferred the slower pace of mofussil life to the bustle of the capital.
Dictator (Noun)	A ruler with total power over a country, typically one who has obtained control by force Bengali: তানাসাহ/স্বৈরশাসক IPA: /'dɪktətər/	The dictator suppressed all opposition and controlled the media.
Oppression (Noun)	Prolonged cruel or unjust treatment or control Bengali: নির্যাতন/পীড়ন IPA: /ə'preʃən/	Historic oppression has left deep scars in the community.
Defiance (Noun)	Open resistance or bold disobedience Bengali: প্রতিহিংসা/প্রতিবাদ IPA: /dɪ'faɪəns/	The students' defiance inspired others to join the movement.
Discrimination (Noun)	Unfair treatment of people based on characteristics like race, gender, or religion Bengali: বৈষম্য IPA: /dɪ'skrɪmɪ'neɪʃən/	Laws aim to reduce discrimination in employment practices.
Dorm (Noun)	Short for dormitory; a building providing sleeping accommodation for students Bengali: ছাত্রাবাস/ঘুমের কক্ষ IPA: /dɔːrm/	The new dorm houses two hundred students.
Reverberated (Verb)	Echoed repeatedly; had continuing effects or repercussions Bengali: প্রতিধ্বনিত হওয়া/প্রতিক্রিয়া সৃষ্টি করা IPA: /rɪ'vɜːrbəreɪtɪd/	The sirens reverberated through the city long after midnight.

Triggered (Verb)	Caused an event or situation to happen; activated a reaction Bengali: উদ্রেক করা/প্রারম্ভ করা IPA: /'trɪɡəd/	The announcement triggered widespread protests across the region.
Legitimacy (Noun)	The quality of being lawful, acceptable, or recognized as valid Bengali: বৈধতা/কানুনি স্বীকৃতি IPA: /lɪ'dʒɪtɪməsi/	Questions over the election's legitimacy led to unrest.
Dormitory (Noun)	A large bedroom for a number of people in a school or institution; student housing Bengali: ছাত্রী/ছাত্রাবাস IPA: /'dɔːrmɪtəri/	The dormitory facilities include study rooms and a cafeteria.
Fiercely (Adverb)	In a powerful, violent, or intense manner Bengali: জোরালোভাবে/প্রচণ্ডভাবে IPA: /'fɪərsli/	They fought fiercely to protect their rights.