# 8

| Word                       | Definition                                                                                                                                        | Example Sentence                                                        |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Bunk off (Phrasal Verb)    | To skip school or work<br>without permission  <br>Bengali: ক্লাস/কাজ ফাঁকি দেও্য়া<br>  IPA: /bʌŋk ɒf/                                            | They bunked off school to go to the matinee movie.                      |
| Self-explained (Adjective) | Easy to understand without<br>further clarification; (also:<br>self-explanatory)   Bengali:<br>নিজে থেকেই বোধগম্য   IPA:<br>/ˌsɛlf ɪkˈspleɪnd/    | The diagram is self-explained and needs no additional notes.            |
| Broadcast (Verb/Noun)      | To transmit programs or<br>information by<br>radio/TV/online; a<br>transmitted program  <br>Bengali: সম্প্রচার/প্রচার করা  <br>IPA: /ˈbrɔːdkɑːst/ | The ceremony will be broadcast live nationwide.                         |
| Curiosity (Noun)           | A strong desire to know or<br>learn something   Bengali:<br>কৌতৃহল   IPA: /ˌkjʊəriˈɒsɪti/                                                         | Her curiosity led her to read widely beyond the syllabus.               |
| Phenomenon (Noun)          | A fact or event observed to exist or happen, especially one that is unusual or remarkable   Bengali: ঘটনা/প্রপঞ্চ   IPA: /fɪˈnɒmɪnən/             | Auroras are a beautiful natural phenomenon.                             |
| Evolution (Noun)           | Gradual development or<br>change, especially from a<br>simple to a more complex<br>form   Bengali: বিবৰ্তন   IPA:<br>/ˌiːvəˈluːʃn/                | The evolution of language fascinates linguists.                         |
| Part and parcel (Idiom)    | An essential or integral<br>part of something  <br>Bengali: অবিচ্ছেদ্য অংশ   IPA:<br>/ˌpɑːrt ən ˈpɑːrsl/                                          | Deadlines are part and parcel of journalism.                            |
| Peep (Verb/Noun)           | To look quickly or secretly;<br>a brief look   Bengali: উঁকি<br>মারা; ঝটপট দেখা   IPA: /piːp/                                                     | He peeped through the curtain to check the audience.                    |
| Symbol (Noun)              | Something that represents<br>or stands for something<br>else   Bengali: গ্ৰতীক   IPA:<br>/ˈsɪmbəl/                                                | The dove is a universal symbol of peace.                                |
| Tabloid (Noun/Adjective)   | A small-format newspaper often focused on sensational stories; relating                                                                           | Some tabloids prioritize celebrity gossip over investigative reporting. |

|                              | to such papers I Papasii:                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                        |
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|                              | l to such papers   Bengali:<br>ট্যাবলয়েড   IPA: /ˈtæblɔɪd/                                                                                                                                           |                                                                        |
| Broadsheet sizes (Noun)      | Large newspaper formats<br>(e.g., broadsheet), typically<br>bigger than tabloids and<br>associated with in-depth<br>journalism   Bengali:<br>ৱডশিটের বৃহৎ পত্রিকার মাপ  <br>IPA: /ˈbrɔːdʃiːt ˈsaɪzɪz/ | Many newspapers have shifted from broadsheet sizes to compact formats. |
| Scorching (Adjective)        | Extremely hot; burning  <br>Bengali: প্রচও গরম/দগ্ধকর  <br>IPA: /ˈskɔːrtʃɪŋ/                                                                                                                          | We cancelled the hike because of the scorching heat.                   |
| Startling news (Noun Phrase) | Information that is very<br>surprising or alarming  <br>Bengali: চমকপ্রদ খবর   IPA:<br>/ˈstɑːrtlɪŋ njuːz/                                                                                             | The agency released startling news about the data breach.              |
| Authenticity (Noun)          | The quality of being<br>genuine or real   Bengali:<br>মত্যতা/গ্রামাণিকতা   IPA:<br>/ˌɔ:θenˈtɪsɪti/                                                                                                    | Experts verified the painting's authenticity.                          |
| Convey (Verb)                | To communicate an idea or<br>feeling; to transport  <br>Bengali: প্ৰকাশ/পৌঁছে দেও্য়া;<br>বহন করা   IPA: /kənˈveɪ/                                                                                    | The author uses imagery to convey grief and hope.                      |
| Constraint (Noun)            | A limitation or restriction  <br>Bengali: সীমাবদ্ধতা/বাধা  <br>IPA: /kənˈstreɪnt/                                                                                                                     | Budget constraints forced the team to scale down the plan.             |
| Legacy (Noun)                | Something handed down<br>from the past; long-lasting<br>impact   Bengali:<br>উত্তরাধিকার/ঐতিহ্য   IPA:<br>/ˈlɛgəsi/                                                                                   | Her research left a lasting legacy in public health.                   |
| Complication (Noun)          | A difficulty that makes a<br>situation more complex; a<br>secondary medical<br>problem   Bengali: জটিলতা  <br>IPA: /ˌkɒmplɪˈkeɪ[n/                                                                    | Travel restrictions added a major complication to the project.         |
| Voraciously (Adverb)         | With great appetite or<br>eagerness   Bengali:<br>গোগ্রাসে/অভ্যন্ত আগ্রহভরে   IPA:<br>/vəˈreɪʃəsli/                                                                                                   | She read voraciously, finishing a novel every two days.                |
| Inheritance (Noun)           | Property, money, or traits<br>received from<br>predecessors   Bengali:<br>উত্তরাধিকার সূত্রে প্রাপ্ত সম্পত্তি/গুণ<br>  IPA: /ɪnˈhɛrɪtəns/                                                             | He used his inheritance to fund postgraduate study.                    |
| Social movement (Noun)       | Collective, organized efforts to promote or resist social change   Bengali:                                                                                                                           | The social movement mobilized millions through online platforms.       |

|                 | সামাজিক আন্দোলন   IPA:<br>/ˈsəʊʃəl ˈmuːvmənt/                                                                    |                                                            |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Diagnose (Verb) | To identify an illness or<br>problem from its signs  <br>Bengali: রোগ/সমস্যা নিৰ্ণ্য<br>করা   IPA: /ˌdaɪəgˈnəʊz/ | Doctors diagnosed the infection early and began treatment. |
| Admire (Verb)   | To respect or approve of<br>someone or something  <br>Bengali: প্রশংসা/মুগ্ধ হও্য়া  <br>IPA: /ədˈmaɪə(r)/       | I truly admire her dedication to community service.        |

| Word                  | Definition                                                                                                                                                | Example Sentence                                                  |
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| Circular (Adjective)  | Shaped like a circle;<br>moving or arranged in a<br>round course   Bengali:<br>বৃত্তাকার   IPA: /ˈsɜːrkjələr/                                             | The museum has a circular hall with a glass dome.                 |
| Axis (Noun)           | A central line about which<br>a body or object rotates or<br>is symmetrically arranged  <br>Bengali: অ্ষ   IPA: /ˈæksɪs/                                  | The Earth rotates on its axis once every 24 hours.                |
| Wagon (Noun)          | A vehicle for transporting<br>goods, often pulled by<br>animals or a motor; a<br>railway freight car  <br>Bengali: মালবাহী গাড়ি/গাড়ি  <br>IPA: /ˈwægən/ | The farmers loaded vegetables onto the wagon at dawn.             |
| Propeller (Noun)      | A device with rotating<br>blades that drives a vehicle<br>forward, especially in air or<br>water   Bengali: প্রপেলার  <br>IPA: /prəˈpɛlər/                | The propeller spun rapidly as the plane taxied to the runway.     |
| Turbine (Noun)        | A machine with a rotor that<br>turns to produce power<br>from moving fluid (air,<br>steam, water)   Bengali:<br>টারবাইন   IPA: /ˈtɜːrbaɪn/                | Wind turbines generate electricity for the coastal town.          |
| Ordinal Number (Noun) | A number that expresses<br>position in a sequence<br>(first, second, third, etc.)  <br>Bengali: ক্রমিক সংখ্যা   IPA:<br>/ˈɔːrdɪnl ˈnʌmbər/                | Use an ordinal number when writing dates, like "the 5th of June." |

| Chariot (Noun)                    | An ancient two-wheeled<br>vehicle pulled by horses,<br>used in war, racing, or<br>ceremonies   Bengali: রুখ  <br>IPA: /ˈt[æriət/                      | The museum displays a bronze chariot from the classical era.         |
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| Spoked Wheels (Noun, Plural)      | Wheels reinforced by<br>slender rods (spokes)<br>radiating from the hub to<br>the rim   Bengali: স্পোকযুক্ত<br>চাকা   IPA: /spoukt wi:lz/             | Early bicycles relied on lightweight spoked wheels for speed.        |
| Gas Turbine (Noun)                | A turbine driven by<br>expanding hot gases,<br>commonly used in jet<br>engines and power plants  <br>Bengali: গ্যাম টারবাইন   IPA:<br>/gæs ˈtɜːrbaɪn/ | The power station installed a high-efficiency gas turbine last year. |
| Taking off<br>(Noun/Verb—phrasal) | The act of an aircraft<br>leaving the ground and<br>beginning flight   Bengali:<br>উড়েয়ৰ শুক্ল করা   IPA:<br>/ˈteɪkɪŋ ɒf/                           | Passengers felt a surge of excitement during taking off.             |
| Endeavor (Noun/Verb)              | A serious attempt; to try<br>hard to achieve something<br>  Bengali: প্রডেষ্টা; প্রডেষ্টা করা  <br>IPA: /ɪnˈdɛvər/                                    | Their endeavor to design a safer drone finally succeeded.            |
| Supersonic Speed (Noun)           | A speed greater than the<br>speed of sound (Mach 1)  <br>Bengali: অভিধ্বনিগত গতি  <br>IPA: /ˌsuːpərˈsɒnɪk spiːd/                                      | The prototype reached supersonic speed during testing.               |
| Aviation (Noun)                   | The design, development, operation, and use of aircraft   Bengali: বিমানচালনা/বিমানবিদ্যা   IPA: / eɪvi eɪ[n/                                         | She plans to study aviation and become a pilot.                      |
| Withstand (Verb)                  | To resist or endure<br>successfully without<br>damage   Bengali: সহ্য<br>করা/প্রভিরোধ করা   IPA:<br>/wɪðˈstænd/                                       | The fuselage is engineered to withstand high pressure changes.       |
| Detach (Verb)                     | To separate or remove<br>from something larger  <br>Bengali: পৃথক করা/আলাদা<br>করা   IPA: /dɪˈtætʃ/                                                   | The booster rockets detach shortly after launch.                     |
| Restricted (Adjective)            | Limited in access or use;<br>controlled by rules or laws  <br>Bengali: সীমাবদ্ধ/নিষিদ্ধ   IPA:<br>/rɪˈstrɪktɪd/                                       | Only authorized personnel may enter the restricted area.             |
| Wood Plank (Noun)                 | A long, flat, rectangular piece of timber used in construction   Bengali:                                                                             | They laid a wood plank across the trench as a temporary bridge.      |

|                      | কাঠের ভক্তা   IPA: /wʊd<br>plæŋk/                                                                                                           |                                                                 |
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| Contemplation (Noun) | Deep reflective thought;<br>the act of considering<br>something carefully  <br>Bengali: গভীর<br>ডিন্তাভাবনা/মনন   IPA:<br>/ˌkɒntɛmˈpleɪ[ən/ | The engineer sat in contemplation before finalizing the design. |

| Word                          | Definition                                                                                                                                                                  | Example Sentence                                            |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fables (Noun, plural)         | Short fictional stories, often<br>with animals as characters,<br>that teach a moral  <br>Bengali: নীতিকথা   IPA:<br>/ˈfeɪbəlz/                                              | Children love reading fables that end with clear lessons.   |
| Nest (Noun/Verb)              | A structure made by birds<br>to lay eggs and raise<br>young; to build such a<br>structure   Bengali: বাসা;<br>বাসা বাঁধা   IPA: /nɛst/                                      | The swallows built a nest under the roof.                   |
| Shelter (Noun/Verb)           | Protection or a place that<br>provides cover from<br>weather or danger; to<br>protect   Bengali: আশ্রম;<br>আশ্রম দেও্য়া   IPA: /ˈʃɛltər/                                   | The cave offered shelter during the storm.                  |
| Grumpy (Adjective)            | Bad-tempered and irritable<br>  Bengali: থিটথিটে   IPA:<br>/ˈgrʌmpi/                                                                                                        | He gets grumpy if he skips breakfast.                       |
| Sly (Adjective)               | Clever in a deceitful or<br>secretive way   Bengali:<br>ধৃৰ্ত/চালাক   IPA: /slaɪ/                                                                                           | The sly fox waited silently behind the bushes.              |
| Flattery (Noun)               | Excessive and insincere<br>praise given to gain favor  <br>Bengali: চাটুকারিতা   IPA:<br>/ˈflætəri/                                                                         | He saw through the flattery and refused the offer.          |
| Puff and Ruffle (Verb phrase) | To inflate oneself slightly<br>and disturb or fluff<br>(feathers/fur), often to<br>appear larger   Bengali:<br>ফুলিয়ে ওঠা ও লোম/পালক<br>ঝাঁকানো   IPA: /pʌf ænd<br>ˈrʌfəl/ | The sparrow would puff and ruffle its feathers in the cold. |

| Impatient (Adjective)     | Having or showing a<br>tendency to be quickly<br>irritated or to want things<br>without delay   Bengali:<br>অস্থির/অধৈৰ্য   IPA:<br>/ɪmˈpeɪʃənt/ | Impatient customers tapped their feet in the queue.       |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Host (Noun/Verb)          | A person who receives or<br>entertains guests; to<br>receive guests or present<br>an event   Bengali: আতিখেয়;<br>আয়োজন করা   IPA: /hoʊst/      | Our host welcomed us warmly at the cottage.               |
| Hospitality (Noun)        | Friendly and generous<br>reception and<br>entertainment of guests  <br>Bengali: আতিথেয়তা   IPA:<br>/ˌhɒspɪˈtæləti/                              | The villagers showed remarkable hospitality to travelers. |
| Ungrateful (Adjective)    | Not showing appreciation<br>for help or kindness  <br>Bengali: অকৃতজ্ঞ   IPA:<br>/ʌnˈgreɪtfəl/                                                   | The ungrateful prince ignored the peasant's kindness.     |
| Flapping (Noun/Adjective) | Moving or causing to move<br>up and down or back and<br>forth, especially wings  <br>Bengali: ডানা ঝাপটানো   IPA:<br>/ˈflæpɪŋ/                   | The flapping of wings startled the resting herd.          |
| Be Off (Phrasal Verb)     | To leave or depart  <br>Bengali: চলে যাওয়া/রওনা<br>হওয়া   IPA: /biː ɒf/                                                                        | It's late—we should be off now.                           |
| Fell Upon (Phrasal Verb)  | Attacked or seized<br>suddenly; also, discovered<br>by chance   Bengali: হঠাৎ<br>আক্রমণ করা/হঠাৎ পেয়ে যাওয়া  <br>IPA: /fɛl əˈpɒn/              | The wolves fell upon the stray goat at dusk.              |
| Drive Out (Phrasal Verb)  | To force someone or<br>something to leave  <br>Bengali: তাড়িয়ে দেওয়া/বের<br>করে দেওয়া   IPA: /draɪv aʊt/                                     | The villagers lit torches to drive out the jackals.       |
| Vicious (Adjective)       | Deliberately cruel or violent<br>  Bengali: হিংস্ল/দুর্মতি   IPA:<br>/ˈvɪʃəs/                                                                    | A vicious rumor spread through the court.                 |
| Well (Noun)               | A deep hole or shaft from<br>which water is drawn  <br>Bengali: কৃপ/পুকুরের কৃপ  <br>IPA: /wɛl/                                                  | The villagers gathered at the well every morning.         |
| Scarce (Adjective)        | In short supply; hard to find<br>  Bengali: দুঙ্গ্ৰাপ্য   IPA:<br>/skɛrs/                                                                        | Food was scarce during the harsh winter.                  |
| Barred (Adjective)        | Fitted with bars or locked; not allowed or permitted                                                                                             | The barred gate kept the cattle from wandering.           |

|                                      | Bengali: শিকল/বার লাগানো;<br>নিষিদ্ধ   IPA: /bɑːrd/                                                                                   |                                                       |
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| Barren (Adjective)                   | Too poor to produce much<br>or any vegetation; infertile  <br>Bengali: অনুর্বর/বাঁজা   IPA:<br>/ˈbærən/                               | They crossed a barren stretch of land before sunset.  |
| Cisterns (Noun, plural)              | Containers or tanks for<br>storing water   Bengali:<br>গানির ট্যাংক/রিজার্ভার   IPA:<br>/ˈsɪstərnz/                                   | Stone cisterns collected rainwater for the village.   |
| Horse-Troughs (Noun, plural)         | Long, narrow open<br>containers from which<br>horses drink or eat  <br>Bengali: ঘোড়ার<br>জলের/থাবারের কুম্ভ   IPA:<br>/hɔːrs trɔːfs/ | The horse-troughs were filled every morning.          |
| Pushcart (Noun)                      | A small handcart pushed<br>by a person for carrying<br>goods   Bengali: ধাক্কা দিয়ে<br>চালানো ঠেলা-গাড়ি   IPA:<br>/ˈpʊʃkɑːrt/       | The vendor sold fruit from a colorful pushcart.       |
| Beak (Noun)                          | The hard, pointed mouth of<br>a bird   Bengali: (ช์โธิ   IPA:<br>/biːk/                                                               | The crow carried the pebble in its beak.              |
| Doddering (Adjective)                | Feeble and unsteady,<br>especially from old age  <br>Bengali: কঁকিয়ে ওঠা/অস্থির<br>বৃদ্ধ   IPA: /ˈdɒdərɪŋ/                           | A doddering old goat wandered into the yard.          |
| Pebble (Noun)                        | A small, smooth stone<br>worn by water   Bengali:<br>লুড়ি পাখর   IPA: /ˈpεbəl/                                                       | She dropped a pebble into the well to test its depth. |
| Shudder (Verb/Noun)                  | To tremble convulsively,<br>typically from fear or cold;<br>a sudden shiver   Bengali:<br>কেঁপে ওঠা; শিহরণ   IPA:<br>/ˈʃʌdər/         | The hare gave a shudder when the owl hooted.          |
| Helter-skelter<br>(Adverb/Adjective) | In disorderly haste or<br>confusion   Bengali:<br>বিশ্ঙালাভাবে/হড়োহড়ি করে  <br>IPA: /ˌhɛltər ˈskɛltər/                              | The chicks ran helter-skelter as the fox approached.  |
| Haystack (Noun)                      | A large, compact pile of<br>dried grass used as animal<br>fodder   Bengali: থড়ের গাদা  <br>IPA: /ˈheɪstæk/                           | The farmer stored tools behind the haystack.          |
| Clipped (Adjective/Verb)             | Cut short or trimmed; (of<br>speech) brisk and sharp  <br>Bengali: কাটা/ঘাঁটা; কড়া<br>উদ্যারণ   IPA: /klɪpt/                         | In a clipped tone, the guard told them to be off.     |

| Word                   | Definition                                                                                                                                                              | Example Sentence                                                        |
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| Repression (Noun)      | The act of subduing<br>someone or something by<br>force; suppression of<br>thoughts, feelings, or<br>political dissent   Bengali:<br>দমল/লিৰ্বোধন   IPA:<br>/rɪˈprɛʃən/ | The government's repression of protestors drew international criticism. |
| Autocratic (Adjective) | Characteristic of a ruler<br>who has absolute power;<br>exercising power in a<br>domineering way   Bengali:<br>একনায়কভান্ত্ৰিক/ষৈৱভান্ত্ৰিক  <br>IPA: /ˌɔːtəˈkrætɪk/   | The autocratic regime rejected calls for free elections.                |
| Pave (Verb)            | To cover a surface with a<br>firm material such as stone<br>or asphalt; to make a way<br>or provide a route  <br>Bengali: পাকা করা/পথ তৈরি<br>করা   IPA: /peɪv/         | The council decided to pave the muddy road near the school.             |
| Chant (Noun/Verb)      | A repeated rhythmic phrase, often used in protest or ritual; to sing or shout repeatedly   Bengali: স্লোগান/উদ্ভাৱণ করা   IPA: /t[ænt/                                  | Protesters chanted slogans demanding justice.                           |
| Beacon (Noun)          | A signal light or fire used<br>as a guide; something that<br>inspires or guides others  <br>Bengali: বাতিঘর/নির্দেশক<br>আলো   IPA: /ˈbiːkən/                            | The lighthouse served as a beacon for returning ships.                  |
| Penetrate (Verb)       | To enter or pass through<br>something; to succeed in<br>understanding or<br>influencing   Bengali: প্রবেশ<br>করা/ভেদ করা   IPA:<br>/ˈpɛnɪtreɪt/                         | Sunlight could not penetrate the dense canopy.                          |
| Tend (Verb)            | To care for or look after; to<br>be likely to behave in a<br>particular way   Bengali: যত্ন<br>করা/প্রবণ হও্য়া   IPA: /tɛnd/                                           | She tends the garden every morning before work.                         |
| Defy (Verb)            | To openly resist or refuse to obey; to challenge                                                                                                                        | They decided to defy the curfew and continued to protest peacefully.    |

|                           | Bengali: চ্যালেঞ্জ করা/বিরোধ<br>করা   IPA: /dɪˈfaɪ/                                                                                                                               |                                                                             |
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| Hierarchy (Noun)          | A system in which people<br>or groups are ranked one<br>above another according to<br>status or authority  <br>Bengali: শ্রেণীভিত্তিক<br>স্তর/হা্যারার্কি   IPA:<br>/ˈhaɪərɑːrki/ | The company's hierarchy made decision-making slow and bureaucratic.         |
| Persecute (Verb)          | To subject someone to hostility and ill-treatment, especially because of race, political beliefs, or religion   Bengali: নিৰ্যাভন করা   IPA: /ˈpɜːrsɪkjuːt/                       | Many activists were persecuted for speaking out against the regime.         |
| Mofussil (Adjective/Noun) | Relating to or denoting<br>provincial or rural districts<br>(used in South Asia)  <br>Bengali: গ্রামীণ অঞ্চল/প্রাদেশিক<br>  IPA: /ˈməʊfəsɪl/                                      | He preferred the slower pace of mofussil life to the bustle of the capital. |
| Dictator (Noun)           | A ruler with total power over a country, typically one who has obtained control by force   Bengali: ভানাশাহ/স্থৈরশাসক   IPA: /ˈdɪkteɪtər/                                         | The dictator suppressed all opposition and controlled the media.            |
| Oppression (Noun)         | Prolonged cruel or unjust<br>treatment or control  <br>Bengali: নিৰ্যাতন/গীড়ন   IPA:<br>/əˈprɛ[ən/                                                                               | Historic oppression has left deep scars in the community.                   |
| Defiance (Noun)           | Open resistance or bold<br>disobedience   Bengali:<br>প্রতিহিংসা/প্রতিবাদ   IPA:<br>/dɪˈfaɪəns/                                                                                   | The students' defiance inspired others to join the movement.                |
| Discrimination (Noun)     | Unfair treatment of people<br>based on characteristics<br>like race, gender, or<br>religion   Bengali: বৈষম্য  <br>IPA: /dɪˌskrɪmɪˈneɪʃən/                                        | Laws aim to reduce discrimination in employment practices.                  |
| Dorm (Noun)               | Short for dormitory; a<br>building providing sleeping<br>accommodation for<br>students   Bengali:<br>ছাত্ৰাবাস/ঘুমের কক্ষ   IPA:<br>/do:rm/                                       | The new dorm houses two hundred students.                                   |
| Reverberated (Verb)       | Echoed repeatedly; had<br>continuing effects or<br>repercussions   Bengali:<br>প্রতিধ্বনিত হওয়া/প্রতিক্রিয়া সৃষ্টি<br>করা   IPA: /rɪˈvɜːrbəreɪtɪd/                              | The sirens reverberated through the city long after midnight.               |

| Triggered (Verb)  | Caused an event or<br>situation to happen;<br>activated a reaction  <br>Bengali: উদ্রেক করা/প্রারম্ভ করা<br>  IPA: /ˈtrɪgərd/                      | The announcement triggered widespread protests across the region. |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Legitimacy (Noun) | The quality of being lawful,<br>acceptable, or recognized<br>as valid   Bengali:<br>বেধতা/কানুনি স্বীকৃতি   IPA:<br>/lɪˈdʒɪtɪməsi/                 | Questions over the election's legitimacy led to unrest.           |
| Dormitory (Noun)  | A large bedroom for a<br>number of people in a<br>school or institution;<br>student housing   Bengali:<br>ছাত্ৰী/ছাত্ৰাবাস   IPA:<br>/ˈdɔːrmɪtəri/ | The dormitory facilities include study rooms and a cafeteria.     |
| Fiercely (Adverb) | In a powerful, violent, or<br>intense manner   Bengali:<br>জোরালোভাবে/প্রচণ্ডভাবে   IPA:<br>/ˈfɪərsli/                                             | They fought fiercely to protect their rights.                     |