RDA Sensitive Data Interest Group Community meeting October 27, 2021

- 1 Agenda
- 2 Useful Links
- 3 Attendees
- 4 Chat notes

1 Agenda

#	Mins	What	Who
1	10	Acknowledgement of Country Introductions	AM
2	10	Context setting - Recap of the last meeting - Foreshadow the methodologies from the poster (RDA submission poster) - Invitation to present lightning talks at RDA18 (to be returned to at end of meeting)	KS
3	10	Do you have any (Halloween) horror / success stories from working with sensitive data that you would like to share?	KK/NB

- Work on images not really unidentifiable and personal data.
- Sensitive data being put on a server somewhere, but being lost. Where is it now?
- Regulation via contracts (when, where); experimental server so cannot be primary location
- Institutional implications for contravening sensitive data requirements/laws
- Data use agreements for data disposal
- Research which extends beyond national borders > how do you navigate challenges? What rules apply in cross-regional research?
- Do researchers make use of Trusted Research Environments? How does this interact with older methods like sending data out?
- Complications arise when there are multiple stakeholders
- Accidently sending data out to unauthorised people. When unreported this can go on for a long time. There can be a lag in adopting new tech (e.g. even from fax to email).
- Approved Security Plans for ensuring data security (where possible, complications can arise, e.g., people leaving institutions)
- Breaches of data privacy and mishandling of sensitive data
- Email disasters! Forwarding / reply all without looking at full information contained within; cannot be sure with open networks where emails are passing through; encrypted emails also not necessarily safe
- Data retraction procedures; signatory authorisation processes / chain
- Language challenges, understanding university hierarchies structures not always clear
- Escalation processes
- Highly sensitive data can require specific infrastructure; secure physical sites also need to be considered
- Military grade (and other) physical destruction processes
- Expectations regarding destruction
- Dynamic consent models
- Maintaining replicability of analysis
- Cybersecurity/IT security vetting for the sensitive data should not be considered as a one-time thing.
- Repositories with poor data documentation resulting in data being *more* sensitive because we have no idea what is in there

		 Sensitivity to which degree? Found also in GDPR Sensitive to whom? Risk: who and to what extent and what are the consequences? Risk assessment crucial (stakeholders but also bystanders who can also be affected) Importance of citing sources 					
4	15	Drawing on your experience, can you share any sensitive data examples concerning: - military topics - "Dual use" - data that could be used to develop weapons - Cyberterrorism - Terminology used for classifying national secrets not confidentiality - Length of time data must be held > how to make this truly secure over decades? - health data - Fax reports - Biobank tissue - Patient records - biodiversity - environment risk - personal data - Criminal records - Data about minors - GDPR - IP address (sometimes, it is accidentally collected by default via online survey tools) - industrial data - Data with IP value - Data under third-party contractual agreements (sometimes, the level of data/information has restriction on could include the funds associated with the agreement) - Administrative data - Government data - Other - Data indicating the location of valuable assets	KK/NB				

		 Working with data from a culture other than your own Legal data for developing ML techniques Many different ways in which data can be considered sensitive Tensions between individual and communal with regards to sensitive data (e.g., covid examples) Sensitive v secure We spend a lot of time talking about how to KEEP data, but what about destroying sensitive data? Destruction policies Deaccession of data Responding to data provider requests: cannot always be met Backups > difficult issue; data restores - will establish from backup > how to do this in a safe way? 			
5	10	Drawing on your examples, experiences, or case studies, please share common terms used around sensitive data. Please participate in this poll: POLL LINK From Romain: Sensitive data life cycle must be described considering the level of sensitivity they have			
		Aim: Some terms mentioned in the meeting today: - BioBank - Data sharing - Open network - Closed network - Region - Level of sensitive - Computer security - Communication - Encrypted			

Retraction Regulation Signatory authorisation process Structure Legal framework Breach Leak Enclave House data Data centre Vetting Safe space Trusted Physical space Virtual research environment Trusted research environment/Secure research environment Records Personal data Levels of sensitive Dual use data Dual use technology Human error Interoperable Destroying data Data disposal Classifications Sensitive data classifications Confidentiality Privacy Back up Restor

		0 " "	
		- Security vetting	
		- Preservation	
		- Preservation system	
		- Business continuity tape	
		- Assurance	
		- Administrative Data	
		- Resupply (data resupply)	
		- Deidentified	
		- Safeguarding research	
		- Obligation	
		- Data Use Agreement	
		- Stability	
		- Dynamic consent models	
		- Backend	
		- Framework	
		- GDPR	
		- Contract	
		- Formalised deletion method	
		- Disclosure	
		- Risk	
		- Disclosure risk	
		- Risk assessment	
		- Consequences	
		- Stakeholders	
		- Affected people	
6	5	Meeting close	KS
		- Call for presenters for RDA18	
		- Link to poster for RDA18	
		- Roadmap for first publication	
	1	I .	

Homework? We should prepare 5 to 20 terms each about sensitive data / sensitive data levels that are relevant in our disciplinary context to define the core of the terminology

- Where do we use common words which can have different meanings?
- Definition and context / polysemic identification
- What does 'sensitive' mean? Can all data be thought of as sensitive to some degree? Disclosure risks

2 Useful Links

- A living list of resources in our Wiki
- Zenodo community to which we are adding resources produced by our IG
- Previous session at RDA17
- Session report from RDA17
- RDA17 poster
- RDA 18 session proposal
- RDA Sensitive Data Interest Group 1st community meeting minutes (22 Sep)
- Charter
- RDA Principles

3 Attendees

Name	Email	Institution	What is your discipline?	Will you be at RDA18?
Kristan Kang	kristan.kang@ardc.edu.a u	ARDC	Health & medical	Yes

Biru Zhou	biru.zhou@mcgill.ca	McGill University	Social sciences; sensitive data in general	Yes
Lars Eklund	lars.eklund@uppmax.uu. se	SND/UPPMAX Uppsala university	Domain Specialist Sensitve data/Applications Expert HPC in Chemistry and Data management and Datasets	Yes
			Ecology / Pathogenic agents / agronomy / life sciences	
Aleks Michalewicz	aleksm@unimelb.edu.au	MDAP, University of Melbourne	Interdisciplinary research / HASS	Yes
Nichola Burton	nichola.burton@ardc.edu. au	Australian Research Data Commons	Interdisciplinary infrastructure	Yes
Stephanie Thompson	s.e.m.thompson@bham.a c.uk	Advanced Research Computing, University of Birmingham	Previously Biosciences. Provide RDM support to researchers from all disciplines but sensitive data particularly from Social Sciences, Medical Sciences & Psychology.	No but my colleague Aslam Ghumra will be.
Amy Pienta	apienta@umich.edu	ICPSR	Sociology	Yes
Steve McEachern	steven.mceachern@anu. edu.au	Australian Data Archive	Social sciences	Yes
Marion Shadbolt	marion@biocommons.org .au	Australian BioCommons	Bioinformatics	Not sure
Joerg Geiger	joerg.geiger@uni-wuerzb urg.de	Ibdw, University and University Hospital of Wuerzburg	Biomedicine	Yes

4 Chat notes