

Measurement Practice

Name _____

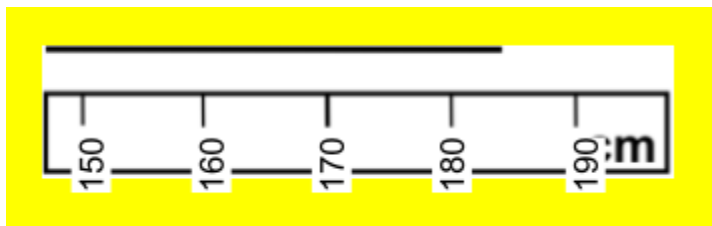
KEY

Chemistry

Date _____ Hour _____

Directions: Complete the following problems in the spaces provided to you.

1. A student measures 184 cm on a ruler. Draw in the markings (not to scale) of the ruler that represent that level of precision. [VIDEO](#)



- a. Which place value(s) (*i.e.* ones, tens, tenths, etc.) is/are certain or marked in the measurement? Which place value is estimated?

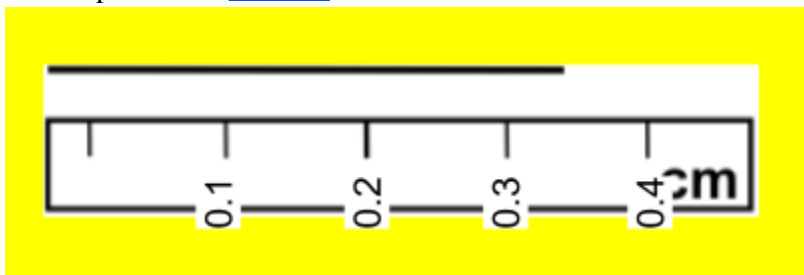
Certain Digits: Hundreds place and tens place

Estimated Digit: Ones place

- b. Looking at the markings you made on the ruler above, would 180.5 cm be a reasonable measurement on this ruler for a different object? Explain your answer.

No -- The estimated digit of the ruler is the ones place. The ruler is not precise enough to round to the tenths place.

2. A student measures 0.35 cm on a ruler. Draw in the markings (not to scale) of the ruler that represent that level of precision. [VIDEO](#)



- a. Which place value(s) (*i.e.* ones, tens, tenths, etc.) is/are certain or marked in the measurement? Which position is estimated?

Certain Digits: Tenths place

Estimated Digit: Hundredths place

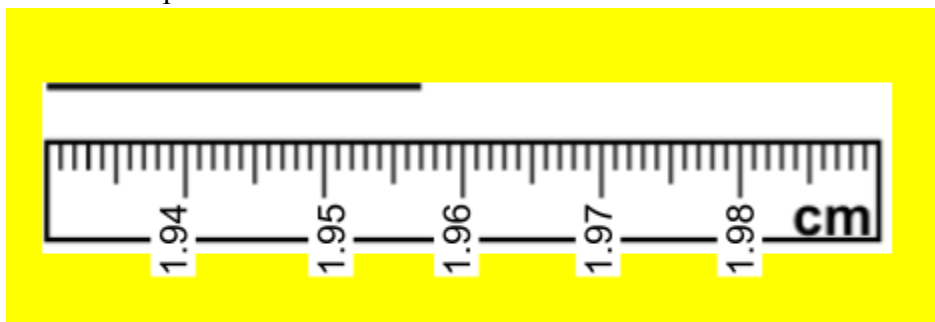
- b. Looking at the markings you made on the ruler above, would 1.78 cm be a reasonable measurement on this ruler for a different object? Explain your answer.

Yes -- this ruler matches the same precision of the measurement. Any measurement using this ruler would have the estimated digit in the hundredths place.

- c. Looking at the markings you made on the ruler above, would 1.0 cm be a reasonable measurement on this ruler for a different object? Explain your answer.

No -- The estimated digit of the ruler is the hundredths place. The ruler is too precise to round to the tenths place.

3. A student measures 1.9568 cm on a ruler. Draw in the markings (not to scale) of the ruler that represent that level of precision.



- a. Which place value(s) (*i.e.* ones, tens, tenths, etc.) is/are certain or marked in the measurement? Which position is estimated?

Certain Digits: Ones, tenths, hundredths and thousandths place

Estimated Digit: Thousandths place

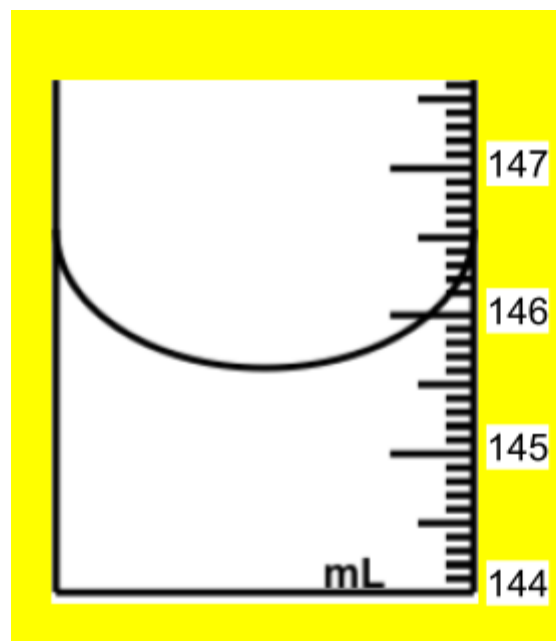
- b. Looking at the markings you made on the ruler above, would 1.0000 cm be a reasonable measurement on this ruler for a different object? Explain your answer.

Yes -- this ruler matches the same precision of the measurement. Any measurement using this ruler would have the estimated digit in the thousandths place.

- c. Looking at the markings you made on the ruler above, would 4.035 cm be a reasonable measurement on this ruler for a different object? Explain your answer.

No -- The estimated digit of the ruler is the thousandths place. The ruler is too precise to round to the hundredths place.

4. A student measures 145.60 mL on a graduated cylinder. Draw in the markings (not to scale) of the graduated cylinder that represent that level of precision. Remember that liquids are read from the bottom of the meniscus. [VIDEO WALK-THROUGH](#)



- a. Which place value(s) (*i.e.* ones, tens, tenths, etc.) is/are certain or marked in the measurement? Which position is estimated?

Certain Digits: Hundreds, tens, ones, tenths

Estimated Digit: Hundredths place

- b. Looking at the markings you made, would 1.15 mL be a reasonable measurement on this graduated cylinder? Explain your answer.

Yes -- this graduated cylinder matches the same precision of the measurement. Any measurement using this graduated cylinder would have the estimated digit in the hundredths place.

- c. Looking at the markings you made, would 90.00 mL be a reasonable measurement on this graduated cylinder? Explain your answer.

Yes -- this graduated cylinder matches the same precision of the measurement. Any measurement using this graduated cylinder would have the estimated digit in the hundredths place.