

# **Reputation & Voting Weight System Product Requirements Document**

# 1. Executive Summary

The Reputation & Voting Weight System aims to improve the decision-making process in SingularityNET's Deep Funding (DF) governance model by incorporating non-monetary contributions into voting weights. The system introduces a modular microservices-based architecture, allowing flexible reputation score calculations based on diverse forms of participation. It ensures privacy-preserving identity verification, pseudonymous reputation scoring, and expandability for future decentralized identity (DID) and Zero-Knowledge Proof (ZKP) integrations.

This document defines the detailed requirements of the system, covering architecture, microservices, user interface, integration, security, and compliance needs.

## 2. System Objectives

### 2.1 Primary Goals

- Enable fairer governance by incorporating contributions (beyond token holdings) into voting weight calculations.
- Support multiple reputation sources through a modular microservices architecture.
- Ensure privacy and security through pseudo-identity mapping and ZKP-ready architecture.
- Integrate with WaLT for decentralized identity (DID) compatibility while maintaining privacy-first principles.
- Allow configurability for different voting scenarios, allowing communities to define reputation models.

### 2.2 Future Expansion Goals

- Full ZKP integration to enable privacy-preserving on-chain reputation scoring.
- Decentralized Governance Mechanisms (e.g., DAO-driven management).
- AI-powered reputation enhancements, such as fraud detection models.
- Interoperability with broader Web3 ecosystems, enabling cross-platform reputation portability.

## 3. System Architecture & Design

### 3.1 High-Level Architecture

The system consists of three core layers:

1. Identity & Authentication Layer

- **Wallet Address & DF Profile Mapping:** Connect multiple wallets and DF profiles to a single pseudo-identity (pseudo-ID).
- **WaLT Integration:** Enable compatibility with SingularityNET's Wallet Linking Tool (WaLT).
- **Future ZKP Integration:** Architect the system for Zero-Knowledge Proof-based identity verification.

## 2. Reputation Computation Layer

- **Microservices-Driven Design:** Reputation is computed by independent, configurable microservices.
- **Scoring Aggregation Engine:** Combines multiple microservice outputs into a final reputation score.
- **Role-Based Access Controls:**
  - **Users:** Can view their own reputation data.
  - **Admins/Developers:** Can oversee scoring models and monitor system behavior.

## 3. Application & User Interface Layer

- **Configurable UI:** Users can select microservices, adjust weights, and run calculations.
- **Reporting & Analytics:** Visualization of historical reputation trends and contributions.
- **Export & API Access:** Support CSV, JSON, PDF exports and API-based access for external integrations.

# 4. Functional Requirements

## 4.1 Must-Have Features

### A. Identity & Reputation Mapping

- **Wallet & DF Profile Linking:**
  - Map wallets + DF profiles to a single pseudo-ID.
  - Ensure one pseudo-ID per human to prevent Sybil attacks.
- **Privacy-Preserving ID Handling:**
  - Pseudo-ID mappings are hidden from normal users but accessible to admins/developers.
  - Reputation scores are calculated without exposing real identities.

### B. Reputation Computation & Weighting

- **Configurable Microservices:**
  - Allow users to select scoring microservices based on contributions (e.g., engagement, voting history, AGIX holdings, proposal participation, etc.).
  - Enable assigning weights to each microservice's output.
- **Standardized APIs for Data Flow:**

- APIs must support secure data exchange between microservices, reputation system, and external tools.
- Error Handling & Fault Isolation:
  - Ensure microservices operate independently, preventing system-wide failures.

### C. User Interface & Governance

- User-Friendly UI:
  - Provide dashboard-style interactions for reputation configuration and monitoring.
- Role-Based Permissions:
  - Users: View own scores.
  - Admins: Configure weighting models, microservices, and integrations.
- Reporting & Analytics:
  - Allow users to export reputation data and view trends.

### D. Security & Compliance

- Pseudonymization & Anonymization Mechanisms to protect user identity.
- Integration Readiness for Zero-Knowledge Proofs (ZKP) to improve privacy in reputation calculations.
- Compliance with GDPR & CCPA by ensuring data transparency and revocation rights.

## 5. Roadmap for Future Enhancements

Phase	Milestone	Description
1	<b>MVP System</b>	Core <b>reputation microservices, UI, APIs</b>
2	<b>WaLT Integration</b>	Connect <b>Wallet Linking Tool</b> for decentralized identity
3	<b>ZKP Research</b>	Define requirements for <b>Zero-Knowledge Proof privacy</b>
4	<b>ZKP Integration</b>	Implement <b>ZKP-based identity verification</b>

## 6. Knowledge Graph (KG) Enhancements

### 6.1 Existing KG framework

- The existing KG framework supports data injection, querying, and modification.

- KG is flexible in structure, allowing future integrations with reputation scoring.
- Reference: <https://deepfunding.ai/proposal/scalable-metta-knowledge-graphs/>

## 6.2 Potential Enhancements

- Microservice Integration with KG
  - Allow KG to store & process decentralized reputation data.
- Hybrid Reputation Model: KG + Bayesian Networks
  - KG provides structured relationships.
  - Bayesian models offer probabilistic trust scores.
- ZKP-Enhanced Queries
  - Implement privacy-focused query systems for KG reputation insights.

## 6.3 Research & Next Steps

- Evaluate the feasibility of integrating KG with ZKP privacy models.
- Assess community-driven governance for KG structure modifications.

## 7. Conclusion

The Reputation & Voting Weight System represents a significant shift in how governance is conducted within SingularityNET's Deep Funding program. The combination of microservices, privacy-first identity handling, and knowledge graph integrations lays the groundwork for a decentralized, trust-driven governance model.

By designing the system to be ZKP-ready from the start, we ensure that future enhancements such as decentralized identity verification, scalable privacy measures, and AI-assisted reputation modeling can be smoothly integrated as the ecosystem evolves.