

Roll No.....  
Total No. of Questions: [09]

Total No. of Printed Pages: 1

**BCA (Semester – 5<sup>th</sup>)**  
**COMPUTER NETWORKS**  
**Subject Code: BCAP1524**  
**Paper ID: [160124]**

**Time: 03 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 60**

**Instruction for candidates:**

1. Section A is compulsory. It consists of 10 parts of two marks each.
2. Section B consist of 5 questions of 5 marks each. The student has to attempt any 4 questions out of it.
3. Section C consist of 3 questions of 10 marks each. The student has to attempt any 2 questions.

**Section – A**

**(2 marks each)**

Q1. Attempt the following:

- a. What are the five components of data communication?
- b. What is transmission mode and its types?
- c. Calculate the number of links and ports required to connect 20 computers using mesh topology?
- d. What is flow control, and why is it necessary in data communication?
- e. Define attenuation? How it affects signal transmission.
- f. What is the function of a repeater in a network?
- g. List the key design issues of the network layer?
- h. What is the key difference between a router and a switch?
- i. Compare and contrast many-to-one and one-to-many communications.
- j. What is a parity check, and how does it help in error detection?

**Section – B**

**(5 marks each)**

- Q2. Define network topology. Compare bus, ring, and star topologies.
- Q3. Write down the differences between guided and unguided transmission media.
- Q4. Explain the working of Go-Back-N ARQ sliding window protocol for flow control.
- Q5. What is routing in computer networks? Compare static and dynamic routing.
- Q6. Explain circuit switching and packet switching in details along with their limitations and advantages

**Section – C**

**(10 marks each)**

- Q7. Name and describe the seven layers of the OSI model. Compare the OSI and TCP/IP models in terms of their structure, layer functions, and real-world application.
- Q8. a) What is error control in computer networks? Explain how checksum is used in error detection?  
b) What is an IP address? Explain the different IP address classes in classful addressing.
- Q9. What is multiplexing in data communication? Explain in detail the working principles of Frequency Division Multiplexing, Time Division Multiplexing, and Wavelength Division Multiplexing, highlighting their key features, applications, and differences.