

ARTICLE TEMPLATE

Article Title; Garamond; Size 13

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Abstract: Abstract is written in one paragraph that includes four things: (1) Statement of the Problem, (2) Research questions, (3) Method; and (4) findings/results. The author can also write down things that are considered very important in this abstract, while paying attention to the maximum word limit [200-300 words].

[Abstract is written in English and Indonesian]

Keywords: contains special concepts (words or phrases); 3-7 words/ phrases

Note: On the first page, it contains; Titles, Authors, Affiliates, Abstract and Keywords written in English. On the second page contains Title, Author, Affiliates, Abstracts and Keywords written in Indonesian.

Introduction (First subtitle; bold in first capital letters)

The introduction is written in Garamondfont font size 11 with 1 space. The introductory section describes the background of the research problem, literature facts, research gaps, and the purpose of writing. The problem must be clear and requires research to solve the problem. For Arabic writing or fragments of verses from the Qur'an, the Traditional Arabic font size is 16. Foreign language words or phrases are written in italics, while Arabic-Latin transliteration refers to Arabic-Indonesian transliteration according to the SKB 3 Menteri. The body of paper must be elaborated between 4.500 - 7.000 words (maximum) including abstract and references.

Literature Review

The literature review contains descriptions of theories, concepts, findings, and other research materials obtained from reference materials to be used as the basis for

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research activities. The description in the literature review is directed to develop a clear framework of thinking about solving the problems that have been described in the formulation of the problem.

The literature review shows a “knowledge map” related to the topic of study, provides theories and concepts that can sharpen the analysis and relies on reputable journal articles published no later than the last 10 years and cites articles on “giants”. The end of the literature review also identifies the logical reasons why this research is important.

Method

This method is written in descriptive and should provide a statement regarding the methodology of the research, include the type of research, research approach, a source of data and analysis method. The author should explain the mechanism to analyze the sharia issues. This method as much as possible to give an idea to the reader through the method used, this method is optional, only for an original research article. **(For Conceptual Ideas without Research Method)**

Results and Discussion

The result is a description of the data obtained which is required from the research question. The results must answer the problems that have been raised in the research question. Research results must be clear and concise. Results should summarize scientific findings rather than simply convey detailed data. The discussion is the main part of the article that discusses and analyzes the results of the research using the main theory and other supporting theories, to find novelty from other studies.

Then, if the data translation requires a table or chart, it can be included in this sub-discussion with an example as follows:

Table Titles**Table 1. Formatting Rules:← 10pt, Book Antiqua**

Object	Font	Alignment	Space above	Space below
Title	14pt bold	Centered	0pt	10pt
Author(s)	12pt bold	Centered	10pt	10pt
Addresses	9pt italics	Centered	0pt	0pt
Heading1	12pt bold	Left	12pt	6pt
Heading2	12pt bold	Left	12pt	6pt
Heading3	12pt bold	Left	12pt	6pt
Body	11pt	Justified	0pt	0pt
Bullet	11pt	Justified	0pt	0pt
Table title	11pt	Centered	10pt	6pt
Figure title	11pt	Centered	3pt	6pt

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Conclusion

Conclusions should be written briefly. Conclusions must include three elements, namely important research findings, contributions to science, and explanations of research limitations. Do not repeat abstracts or simply list research results. Give scientific consideration to your work and state possible applications and developments. You should suggest further research based on the results of your research.

Acknowledgement

This is used to appreciate the efforts of associate, who are not registered as co-authors, for their assistance and fund for your research/publication. Provide acknowledgements accordingly. List here those individuals or institutions who gave help, assistance during the research (e.g., providing grants, laboratory facility, writing assistance or proof reading the article, etc.). In case of the grants, please provide the number and year of the grant received.

Conflict of Interest

This section is a statement from the author that this article has a conflict of interest or not.

References

References of your manuscript must be up to date (in the last of 5 to 10 years and minimum of 30 references that 80% of the references is from primary sources/journal of international repute) and your reference can be accessed by anyone. Authors are responsible for ensuring that the information in each reference is complete and accurate. All references should be cited within the text; otherwise, these references will be automatically removed.

Each time quoting an opinion, the author must give a footnote using **Format Chicago Manual of Style 17th Edition (full note)**. Please use Mendeley or Zotero manager reference app.

The references are arranged alphabetically and is written 1 space by giving tabs the second line and so on, while the first line is not. Please use Mendeley or Zotero manager reference app. The examples of writing references are:

‘Abd al-Bāqy, Muhammad Fuād, *Al-Mu’jam al-Mufabras li al-Fādh al-Qur’an al-Karim*, Ed. I; Mesir: Dār al Hadīth, 1996.

A. Sirry, Mun’im, *Sejarah Fiqh Islam: Sebuah Pengantar*, Ed. II; Surabaya: Risalah Gusti, 1996.

Abu Zahrah, Muhammad, *Uṣūl al-Fiqh*, Mesir: Dār al-Fikr al-Arabī, 1958.

Al- Āmidī, Saifuddīn Abī al-Husain Ali bin Abī Ali bin Muhammad, *Al-Iḥkām fī Uṣūl al-Aḥkām*, Juz I, Ed. I; Lebanon: Dar al-Fikr, 1997.

Devy, Soraya, dan Dwi Mekar Suci. “The Implementation of Verdict Execution on Providing Maḍiyah Maintenance Following Divorce According to Islamic Law

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- (Case Study in Syar'iyah Court Banda Aceh).” *Samarah: Jurnal Hukum Keluarga dan Hukum Islam* 4, no. 2 (2020).
- Djawas, Mursyid. “Implementasi Pengelolaan Zakat di Aceh.” *Mazabib* 15, no. 1 (2016).
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- Kasim, Fajri M, dan Abidin Nurdin. “Study of Sociological Law on Conflict Resolution Through Adat in Aceh Community According to Islamic Law.” *Samarah: Jurnal Hukum Keluarga dan Hukum Islam* 4, no. 2 (2020).