Robot Automation Demonstrators

1/29/2024 - Update the paragraph below with a description of what this project is. The overarching project is to build some Robot Automation Demonstration projects. Your Conveyor Belt is just one part... So make it a project below with its own steps. Come talk to me...

Mr. Burnham Notes +

My name is Nathaniel Scott Anderson and my project is the mini conveyor belt. The project is one left over from a past year's student and I'm in charge of it now. So far I've connected 2 main pieces together letting me set up the tracks on the frame. I've been 3D printing pieces that will attach to the belt and after getting the design down I have all of the tracks on the belt.

The following principles may help you to create a tutorial that is appropriate for online delivery of materials:

1. Know your audience - What makes a good tutorial for one person, may be way too complicated for another one. Decide who you think your audience is, and write it down. Most people who make tutorials tend to assume a lot about their audience. Creating tutorials that truly connect with your audience hinges on a fundamental principle: understanding their needs. Your tutorial's effectiveness depends on aligning its content with your readers' knowledge level and specific requirements. Are they beginners seeking a basic understanding or experts looking for advanced insights?

There really isn't much to say about this project, it's really simple and easy to put together. First depending on how it looks you'll have to attach the 2 parts that the conveyor rotates around together. If it's already still attached like when I left it then it should be just fine, you just have to write the code for it. The whole process is pretty self explanatory, you just need to attach the 2 pieces together with nuts and bolts. After you have both the pieces together then you want to attach the track to the frame, it's a very tedious process that takes a bit of dexterity. You have to really focus and pull everything tightly together and make sure one side isn't looser than the other.

- 2. **Create a simulated conversation between learner and teacher** Design the Tutorial as if it was a conversation.
- 3. **Involve learners actively** It is now recognised that students learn when they are actively involved in solving problems. Treat this tutorial as if it was a discussion between you and the learner. Students do not learn simply by accessing information. Rather students construct their ideas and understandings of

- concepts through interactions with your tutorial, so make it hands on. Therefore, effective tutorials will include tasks for students to carry out that lets them try out your learning process.
- 4. Work with what learners already know When we learn, we compare new information with what we already know. The theory of knowledge construction sees the learner not as an empty vessel into which pre-formulated knowledge can be poured undigested, but as someone with an existing knowledge structure onto which they must fit their new learning. A constructivist approach will therefore begin with what the learner already knows (the known), and involve them in active engagement with the new (Mayes 1998).
- 5. Manage the flow of the learning conversation This relates to the way that the tutorial guides the learner to think their way through the material. It is not sufficient simply to provide informative material tutorials need to copy the Step by Step on how to construct and solve construction and creation processes. You are providing an outline, giving the aims of the tutorial, marking the beginning and ending of sections, drawing attention to salient points, making relevant links, summarizing etc. This also relates to how the content is structured Sometimes you really have to "Show Them" how to do something. Theory and explaining works sometimes, but sometimes you really have to show them, do a deep dive into an explanation.
- 6. Go from the particular to the general (at least sometimes) ."... the root of the true practice of education must start from the particular fact, concrete and definite for individual apprehension, and must gradually evolve towards the general idea." -- Alfred North Whitehead. Depending on their learning style, many learners are happiest starting with concrete examples from which they can extract abstract principles, rather than the other way round. This approach fits well with the principle of active learning and allows new learning to be located in the real world and therefore in the known. Tell them how to do the specific task, step, or concept, but also provide some links to more background information about the specific task, step, or concept.
- 7. "Are We Going To Have A Test?" Probably you are not going to give them a test, but you should think about what that looks like, because it will help you answer the questions and explain the steps in a way that they could take a test if needed. Imagine, after the tutorial, you will give them a test. Even if you don't, it's a good idea to think about a test. This will force you to think "what do I want the person who watches the tutorial to learn"
- 8. **ELI5 Explain Like I'm 5** Ask yourself what if someone non-technical had to read/watch the tutorial. You can't teach them all the prerequisites they may need, but you should keep all the concepts simple. No one wants 99 hours of

- prerequisites to 1 hour of the content you are teaching them... That's true, but imagine you're trying to simplify some explanation (esp. "why" they should bother), it can help to think ELI5 (explain it like I'm 5)
- 9. Is There A Gap? How to write a tutorial that truly educates and entertains is a challenge many writers face. The importance of clear communication and engaging content is more critical than ever. Imagine pouring hours into tutorial writing, only to be met with blank stares and bewildered criticism. The gap between your knowledge and your readers' understanding can be disheartening.
- 10. Are Your Sources Valid, and Well Researched? By presenting a well-researched tutorial, you establish yourself as an authority in your field. As your tutorial gains traction and is shared, your reputation grows, earning you admiration and acknowledgment from your peers and readers alike.

11.

Have 1-3 project pictures, videos or other images that will capture the imagination of the reader.

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Update the next 3 sections Prereq, Parts, Project steps intro and Step 1

Mr. Burnham Notes 🕶

Prerequisite & Baseline Knowledge:

- < Replace This Text/Paragraph/Section With Your Explanation Of What The User Should Already Know Provide an Example text here
 - know how to do this ← the "this" should be a link to where to learn more
 - and this...
 - and also this would help

Explain any overarching concept that people need to know about this project. Have you ever read a tutorial and realized midway through that it's beyond your level of experience? The author forgot to mention the skills you need to complete this tutorial, and now you're frustrated because you've wasted time on something you can't use yet.

Parts & Software used in this project:

< Replace This Text/Paragraph/Section With Your Overview Or Introduction to the Parts and Software - This section and paragraph is to list out the parts and software, where to get them or how to access them. This paragraph is to say something about any hard to get or hard to access parts or software. You don't want the reader to jump into this project without understanding what parts may be hard to get or software to access.</p>

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Hardware components

	Item	#	Description / Link
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			

Software components

- List the software needed, with an explanation and likes of access, download, or sign up for a free /trial account.
- More links...
- Include and or link to github to point to software and other electronic files.

Additional Electronic Files and Links

- List the links to other files. These are items like 3D Print STL files, Laser cut files, code examples.
- More links...
- Include and or link to github to point to software and other electronic files.

- Stuff on Vex Servo
 - o https://search.cmu.edu/?q=vex+servo+arduino&siteSearch=&site=&ie=UTF-8
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N2LpwizZARw
 - https://www.digikey.com/en/maker/tutorials/2021/how-to-control-servo-motorswith-a-raspberry-pi
- gear 12T https://www.thingiverse.com/thing:1981261
- https://www.vexrobotics.com/393-motors.html#attr-vex_outputs

BLACK: Ground
ORANGE: Power
WHITE: Signal

< Replace This Text/Paragraph/Section With Your Explanation of the parts & software, how they work and what to think about when using them - Provide a brief explanation of the actual parts and what they do and how to use them so an explanation of how the particular sensor works or particular motor controller works or particular electromagnetic theories and how they work. -->

Project Overview:

< Replace This Text/Paragraph/Section - Do a deep dive in explaining the purpose and goals of the project, and what the reader will know and be able to do... - This paragraph is an intro to getting started on the specific project. The reader has gotten this far, they are ready to start... get them going with some explanations and then jump into the steps.</p>

Do the following in this introduction and/or in the steps:

- Think of any questions the reader will have, and try to answer them here in the
 introduction or in each of the steps. Remember, this is your 2-3 time thinking
 about and trying this lab/tutorial, but your audience may never have seen or
 learned about this topic. Try to proactively answer any questions they will have.
- On all of your images, make sure to provide a detailed caption that really tells the user what they're seeing and WHY.
- If you are posting code, make sure it is selectable if it is a small snippet, but if not make sure there is a link to a github site so your readers can cut and paste it.
- If a step seems too complicated or has multiple topics, then it probably should be split into multiple steps. It's OK to have lots of steps.

 Make sure you provide a time frame for each step. How long should it take your reader to do?

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Step 1: <Step Title >

< Replace This Text/Paragraph/Section - Give an Overview for the Step - This paragraph is an intro to getting started on the specific project. The reader has gotten this far, they are ready to start... get them going with some explanations and then jump into the steps.</p>

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Overview:

Give an overview for this step. Include a "Why are we doing this step in this order". This can be a short or long or multiple paragraphs.

- This Step will include... < list what they are going to accomplish >
- This Step should take about N minutes to complete.

Tools, Components & Software Used:

List any tools, components or software used in this step. Describe how to prepare these items.

- list them
- here...

Let's Get Started:

Now tell them what they are doing, and how to do it... This is the details of the step. This is probably a few paragraphs or sub-steps. It can be a mix of paragraphs and bullet points. Pictures or videos are also good to have.

- Paragraphs describing the step
- Pictures describing the step
- Blocks and links to code. Your code should be nice to look at. It should look like code, so you could put it in a table cell and color the background and change to a monospaced font like Courier New, which is the typical default for a computer terminal font, but you might like other fonts. I currently like Roboto Mono or something like Helvetica Neue. See this Google Docs code font tip

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What Should be Working/Done:

This is just a last paragraph to tell the reader what they should have accomplished, what should be complete, what should be working... AND how they will know. Is there some test to run, is there some mechanical capability the item should have? Just make sure they are done with this step before they move on.

Step 2: <Step Title >

< Replace This Text/Paragraph/Section - Give an Overview for the Step - This paragraph is an intro to getting started on the specific project. The reader has gotten this far, they are ready to start... get them going with some explanations and then jump into the steps.</p>

Overview:

Give an overview for this step. Include a "Why are we doing this step in this order" **Tools, Components & Software Used:**

List any tools, components or software used in this step. Describe how to prepare these items

Let's Get Started:

Now tell them what they are doing, and how to do it... This is the details of the step. This is probably a few paragraphs or sub-steps. It can be a mix or paragraphs and bullet points

What Should be Working/Done:

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Software:

Related and "What's Next?"

- < Replace This Text/Paragraph/Section With Your "Dig Deeper" Plan This where you provide a paragraph on what you think your or reader should do next. Describe what your plan to do or what they should do to learn more, dig deeper, or how to expand their learning on this topic.
 - List links
 - list another...

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< Delete this before you are done > Project Parking Lot - "What's Next", Stuff To Save, Delete or Reorganize:

Each day you work on this project, you should spend some time here moving and organizing topics you have put here... Think of this as the "What am I doing next" section

Save lots of Photos - Choose images that will be useful to illustrate your instructions

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Daily Blog Of Work and Project Progress:

Add blog notes

Add blog notes

Add blog notes

And Burnham Notes

Application of today:

Burnham Notes

Application of today:

Application of today:

Application of today:

Application of today:

Burnham Notes

Applicatio

Reference and Appendix:

https://www.bristol.ac.uk/esu/media/tutorials/design-principles/page_08.htm

https://www.reddit.com/r/learnprogramming/comments/yf9zb2/what_makes_a_good_tutorial/

How to Make an Actually Good Tutorial

https://uwaterloo.ca/centre-for-teaching-excellence/catalogs/tip-sheets/key-strategies-effective-tutorials

https://www.webdew.com/blog/tutorial-video-examples

https://dailyblogtips.com/11-essential-tips-to-writing-the-ultimate-tutorial/

https://codingwriter.com/how-to-write-better-tutorials-part-1/

https://dev.to/savvasstephnds/in-your-own-opinion-what-makes-a-tutorial-beginner-friendly-mg4

https://medium.com/@keshidong.dev/how-to-format-code-in-google-doc-833e28b304f1

Notes Mr. Burnham Notes