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| Description: DEPED-NEW_e78wysqt  **GRADES 1 to 12**  **DAILY LESSON LOG** | **School:** | **DepEdClub.com** | **Grade Level:** | **V** |
| **Teacher:** | **File Created by Ma’am EDNALYN D. MACARAIG** | **Learning Area:** | **MATHEMATICS** |
| **Teaching Dates and Time:** | **JANUARY 4 – 6, 2023 (WEEK 7)** | **Quarter:** | **2ND QUARTER** |

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|  | **MONDAY** | **TUESDAY** | **WEDNESDAY** | **THURSDAY** | **FRIDAY** |

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| **I.OBJECTIVES** |  | | | | |
| 1. **Content Standards** | The learner demonstrates understanding of decimals | The learner demonstrates understanding of the four fundamental  operations involving decimals and ratio and proportion | The learner demonstrates understanding of the four fundamental  operations involving decimals | The learner demonstrates understanding of the four fundamental operations involving decimals | The learner demonstrates understanding of he four fundamental  Operations involving decimals and ratio and proportion. |
| 1. **Performance Standards** | The learner is able to recognize and represent decimals in various  forms and contexts | The learner is able to apply the four fundamental operations involving  decimals and ratio and proportion in mathematical problems and real-life  situations | The learner is able to apply the four fundamental operations involving  decimal in mathematical problems and real-life situations | The learner is able to apply the four fundamental operations involving decimals | The learners are able to apply the four fundamental operations involving decimals and ratio and proportion in mathematical problems and real-life situations |
| 1. **Learning Competencies/Objectives** | Estimates the quotients of decimal numbers with reasonable results  Code: M5NS-Ilg-177 | Solves routine and non-Routine problems involving division without any of  the other operations of decimals and whole numbers including money  using appropriate problem solving strategies and tools  Code: M5NS-IIg-121.1 | Solves routine and non-routine problems involving division with any of  the other operations of decimals and whole numbers including money  using appropriate problem solving strategies and tools  Code: M5NS – II6.120.1 | Creates problems (with reasonable answers) involving multiplication or division or with any of the other operations of decimals and whole numbers including money  Code: M5NS –IIg-121.1 | Creates problems (with reasonable answers) involving multiplication  and division or with any of the other operation and whole numbers  including money.  Code - M5NS- IIg – 121.1, |
| **II.CONTENT** | Estimating the quotients of decimal numbers with reasonable results | Solving routine and non-Routine problems involving division without any of  the other operations of decimals and whole numbers including money  using appropriate problem solving strategies and tools | Solving routine and non-routine problems involving division with any of the  other operations of decimals and whole numbers including money using  appropriate problem solving strategies and tools | Creating problems (with reasonable answers) involving multiplication or division or with any of the other operations of decimals and whole numbers including money | Creating Problems (With Reasonable Answers) Involving Multiplication  and Division or With Any of the Other Operations and Whole Numbers  Including Money |
| **III.LEARNING RESOURCES** |  | | | | |
| A.References |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.Teacher’s Guide pages | Curriculum Guide, page 59 | Curriculum Guide, page 59  Lesson Guide in Elem. Math Grade 5 p. 318-320 | Curriculum Guide, page 59  Lesson Guide in Elementary Mathematics 5 pp 318 - 321 | Curriculum Guide, page 59  Mathematics 4 Teaching Guides pp. 164-167 | Curriculum Guide, page 59  Lesson Guide in Math 5, p 301-305, 318-321 |
| 2.Learners’s Materials pages |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.Textbook pages |  | Excelling in Mathematics 5 pp 220-221 | Mathematics for Better Life, pp 186 - 189 | Growing Up With Math 5 pp., Lesson Guides in Elementary Math 5 pp. 268,270, 301-305, 318-321 | Mathematics for Better Life 5 |
| 4.Additional materials from learning resource (LR) portal | DLP Gr. 6, Module 8 |  | DepEd Learning Portal, Math 6 – Division of Decimals (2166) |  | MISOSA Gr. 5 Module- Word Problems on Multiplication and Division of Decimals |
| B.Other Learning Resource | Flashcards, Power point presentations, tarpapel | Activity sheets, meta cards | metacards, chart, picture of a boy selling newspaper during  weekends | metacards, tarpapel | Flash cards, activity sheets, cartolina strips, charts |
| **IV.PROCEDURES** |  | | | | |
| A.Reviewing previous lesson or presenting the new lesson | 1.Drill  Strategy: Relay Game  Mechanics:  20. Divide the class into 3 groups.  21. Each group holds the cards containing the answers.  22. Flash cards containing division of decimal numbers.  23. As you flash the card the pupil holding the answer stands and come forward. The first pupil with the correct card to stand earns a point for his/her group.  24. The group with the most point wins.  2. Reviewing Previous Lesson  Directions: Perform as indicated.  1. The quotient if you divide 0.426 by 6 is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  2. Find the quotient of 0.455 ÷ 5.  3. If you divide0.258 by 6, what is the answer?  4. 3.65 ÷ 5 = N = \_\_\_\_\_\_.  5. Solve for N in the equation, 0.801 ÷ 9 = N. | Drill  Basic Division Facts  Mechanics:  n. Let 5 pupils stand on the aisle of the room.  o. The pupil who gets the correct answer moves one step forward. (One step for every right answer)  p. The first pupil who reaches the place of the teacher wins the game.  6. Review  Division of whole Numbers  Materials: 4 sets of cards with digits 0-5  Mechanics:  6. Form 4 groups. Give each group a set of cards.  7. Using the numbers on their cards, ask each group to form a division equation that will satisfy the question the teacher will dictate.  a. Form a division equation that gives the smallest possible quotient.  b. Form a division equation that gives the greatest possible quotient.  8. The group who can first get the correct answer gets the point.  9. The first group to earn 3 points wins the game. | 1. Drill  Strategy: Let’s Pick Some Fruits  Mechanics:   Pick up a pupil’s name from a pre-prepared basket.   The one who will be picked will pick an apple from the tree then division sentence written on the apple.  2. Review  Directions: Arrange the jumbled letters to form the different step in solving word problems. | 1. Drill  Conduct a drill on solving problems involving any of the four operations of decimals  Ate learned how to cook beef sinigang. She used 0.5 kg of radish and 0.25 kg. of okra. How many kilograms of vegetables did she use?  Review problem solving steps and strategies. Ask the learners to tell what they understand about the following essential guide questions to problem solving.   What is asked in the problem?   What are given?   How will you solve the problem?   What operation/s will be used?   What is the number sentence?   Is the solution or process correct?   What is he answer? | 1. Drill  Mental computation on multiplying and dividing decimals  (By group)  G – 1 7.11 X 5  G – 2 8.6 X 2  G – 3 3.6 ÷ 4  G – 4 0.45 ÷ 5  G – 5 0.56 ÷ 7  2. Review  Directions: Rearrange the jumbled steps followed in solving  mathematical problem in proper order.  \_\_\_ Transform the word problem into an equation  \_\_\_ Find what is/are given fact s  \_\_\_ Know what is asked  \_\_\_ Determine the operation to be used  \_\_\_ Solve for the answer  \_\_\_ Write the answer |
| B.Establishing a purpose for the lesson | What is estimation?  When do you use it?  How is it important to your daily lives? | How do you keep yourself healthy?  What are the activities that you usually do to make yourselves  healthy and fit?  What kind of food do you prefer? Why? | What items are usually sold by pairs or by pack? | Read and study this problem  It’s Mother’s birthday. Her daughter Gwenyth gave her a pair of slippers that cost P 80.50 and a bandana worth P 250.00. How much was left to her after buying gifts for mother?  Can you solve the problem? Why not?  What is the needed information for you to solve the problem? | How many of you knew how to spend money wisely?  How can you show it?  Original File Submitted and Formatted by DepEd Club Member - visit depedclub.com for more |
| C.Presenting Examples/ instances of the new lesson | Present this problem  Mang Isidro made the electrical installations inside his  house. He bought 10.25 m of electric wire for Php 122.50.  About how much did he pay for each meter of wire? | My sister and I drink 0.5 liter of fresh fruit every day. How many days will 3.5 liters of fruit juice last for both of us? | At the department store, men’s socks sell at 3 pairs for P97.50.  a. How much does each pair of socks cost?  b. If Joel needs only 7 pair of socks how much does he need to pay the cashier? | Post the jumbled word problem on the board  and 2.16 kg. of fruits  Godfrey bought 3.5 kg of chicken  How many kilograms of foods did he buy?  He also bought 5.6 kg. of rice  Ask some pupils to read the sentences written on the strips | Presentation  Strategy: Choosing the Operation  Simplifying the Problem  At a department store, men’s socks sell at 3 pairs for  P97.50. If Sonia bought 6 pairs of the same socks from  sidewalk vendor for P172.50. Which is cheaper to buy and  by how much? If you buy 10 pairs to sidewalk vendor how  much will you pay?  a. Help the pupils understand the problem better by ask-  ing some comprehension questions.  b. Let them plan on how they will solve the problem  What operations should be used?  How will write the equation or number sentence?  Recall the steps in four fundamental operations involving  decimals and whole numbers including money.  Compare the prices from department store and sidewalk  vendor.  If you were to buy this kind of socks in which place will  you go? Why? |
| D.Discussing new concepts and practicing new skills #1 | Group pupils into 3 to answer these questions:   What did Mang Isidro buy?   How many meters of wire did he buy? What was its cost?   About how much did he pay for each meter of wire?  Give them time to work on their activity. Post them on the board and explain.  To estimate, follow these steps:  Mang Isidro made the electrical installations inside his  house. He bought 10.25 m of electric wire for Php 122.50.  About how much did he pay for each meter of wire?  1. Round the divisor and dividend to the nearest whole  number.  2. Use compatible numbers.  3. Divide. about 12   10.25 122.50 10 120   Note: 120 and 10 are compatible numbers.   So, Mang Isidro paid about Php 12.00 for each meter of electric wire.  Why are compatible numbers helpful in estimating decimal quotients? | What is asked in the problem?  What are given?  How will you solve the problem?  What is the number sentence or equation?  Write the number sentence?  Solve for the answer.  Look back if the answer makes sense?  How do fresh fruit juices help our body? | Strategy: Activity Based  Activity: 4A’s  Act How much was the 3 pairs of socks?  Analyze What is the first questions?  How will you solve it?  Apply Now, let us try to solve question 1?  Act How many pairs of socks does Joel need?  Analyze How will you solve that question?  Apply Now, let us try to solve question 2? |  Can you arrange the sentences to form a word problem?   Ask pupils to do the activity by pairs  (Give ample time for the pupils to work on the activity.)   Give time for each pair to finish their work.   Ask them to report and post their output  Godfrey bought 3.5 kg of chicken. He also bought 5.6 kg. of rice, and 2.16 kg. of fruits. How many kilograms of foods did he buy?  Do you all agree that this is the correct arrangement? Why?  Is there any other arrangement? Can you show other  arrangement?  Does your work make sense?  Now let us solve the problem. Do it with your partner.  Let the pupils work on the problem and ask the first  pair to finish to show her solution on the board. | Divide the class into group of 5s. Tell each member of the  group that to create problem, they are going to help each other to  familiarize themselves with the concept about the four fundamental  operations and its application to real-life situation. Then, tell them to  think of the type of problem they are planning to create. Lastly, advise  them to read the problem similar to the one given and study the  solution.  After each group have finished, asked them to post their  output on the board |
| E. Discussing new concepts and practicing new skills #2 | Give more examples | Give more examples | Give more examples | Give more examples | Give more examples |
| F.Developing Mastery | Directions: What compatible numbers will help you make an  estimate for the following numbers?  1). 2.43 ÷ 0.78  2). 4.31 ÷ 0.53  3). 7.68 ÷ 4.2  4). 19.85 ÷ 2.5  5). 15.2 ÷ 2.5 | Directions: Read the problems carefully then solve.  1. Our family can consume 0.75 kg of rice a day. How many  days will it take us to consume 22.5 kg. of rice?  2. Mother paid Php300.65 for 3.5 kg of fish. How much does  a kilogram of fish cost?  3. Mr. David bought 6 white T-shirts for Php599.70. How  much was the cost of each T- shirt?  4. Mang Kanor paid Php689.15 for 5 kg of dried fish. How  much was the cost of each kilogram of dried fish?  10. Alex bought a piece of rattan 2.8m long. He cut it into pieces of 0.4 m each. How many pieces did he make? | Strategy: Practical Inquiry Model  Activity AICDR  Team 1  Jun’s monthly electric bills for the past seven months were: Php1,089.38; Php1,187.86; Php1,086.52; Php1,283.27; Php1,085.64; Php1,187.09 and Php1,185.43. How much was Jun’s average monthly electric bill?  Ask How many months were the given electric bills?  Investigate What is asked in the problem?  Create How will you solve the problem?  Discuss Try to solve the problem.  Reflect What is you answer?  Team 2  For the last four weeks, Rica’s mother recorded the grocery bills as follows: Php1,427.00; Php1,805.75; Php1,753.25 and Php1,263.50. What was the average bill per week?  Ask How many weeks were the given grocery bills?  Investigate What is asked in the problem?  Create How will you solve the problem?  Discuss Try to solve the problem.  Reflect What is you answer?  Team 3  Mr. Dionisio commission for the last five months were: Php12,089.45; Php11,187.80; Php16,686.75; Php18,283.25; Php19,085.70. How much was Mr. Dionisio’s average monthly commission?  Ask How many monthly commissions were the given?  Investigate What is asked in the problem?  Create How will you solve the problem?  Discuss Try to solve the problem.  Reflect What is you answer? | Talk on the problem formed by the pupils.   How do you know that the arranged sentences formed a correct word problem?  Talk on the problem formed by the pupils.   How do you know that the arranged sentences formed a correct word problem?  How many kilograms of foods did he buy?  He also bought 5.6 kg. of rice  Godfrey bought 3.5 kg of chicken. He also bought 5.6 kg. of rice, and 2.16 kg. of fruits. How many kilograms of foods did he buy?  Page403   What are the things a problem should have?   Can you name them?   How do you know that a problem has the complete information?   Can the problem be solved if there is a missing fact/information?  So, what are the things needed to create a complete word  problem?  We familiarized ourselves with the concepts of the four  operations.   We thought of the type of problem we want to create.   We read some sample problems and studied their solutions.  Let’s try to create another problem using these information. Be  sure to show the solution for the problem you made. | After the output have been posted, asked each group to  do the reporting, explaining how they create the problem.  The teacher then will ask: How did you create a problem  similar to the one given?  We familiarized ourselves with the concept and its application  to real-life situation.  We thought of the type of problem we wanted to create.  We read some problems similar to the one given and studied  the solution.  For more practice, let pupils create problems similar to the  given problem provided by the teacher.(Using Think-Pair and  Share)  Directions: Fill the blank with a question to create problem  using the data given.  A pharmacist is filling a prescription that call for 0.20  gram of a vitamin. The vitamin is only available in 0.05  gram tablets. How many tablets should he put in the con-  tainer. If there are 5 prescriptions, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? |
| G.Finding Parctical application of concepts and skills in daily living | Strategy: Group Work- How Fast We Are?  Mechanics:  a. Group the pupils into 3.  b. Distribute envelopes with activity cards.  c. Tell the pupils to estimate the quotients and write them  in the meta cards as fast as they can.  d. The group who finishes first wins | Group Work  Directions: Read each problem carefully then solve for the  correct answer.  1. A group of 5 pupils signed up for a weekend computer  course. They paid a total of Php315.75. How much did each pupil pay?  2. In an EPP class, Lance made 8 hamburgers for lunch  using 1.36 kg of ground beef. How much ground beef  was used in each hamburger?  3. Aunt Lucy paid Php258.45 for 9.2 kg of rice. How  much did a kilogram of rice cost her? | Strategy: Scaffold-Knowledge Integration  Activity: 4A’s  Activity I will give you your respective activity sheets to work on  Analysis (Pupils will work on the activity sheets and discussed  what to do with their problem.)  Abstraction Work with you respective teams actively and be sure toparticipate with the team’s output.  Application Try to solve your problem  Mr. Reyes bought 175 hollow blocks at P6.75 per piece and 3 sacks of cement at P235.50 per sack. How much did Mr. Reyes spend? | Group the pupils into four. Let each group work collaboratively on the assigned task for them based on the table  Presented below:  The table below shows the data of the vegetables harvested by Gwen, Godwin and Jim  Group I - Addition of Decimals  Directions: Based on the table of data presented, create a problem involving addition of decimals.  Group II – Subtraction of Decimals  Directions: Based on the table of data presented, create a problem involving subtraction of decimals.  Group III – Multiplication of Decimals  Directions: Based on the table of data presented,  create a problem involving multiplication of  decimals.  Group IV – Division of Decimals  Directions: Based on the table of data presented, create a problem involving division of decimals. |  |
| H.Making generalization and abstraction about the lesson | How do we estimate decimal quotients? | How do we solve problems involving division of decimals? | How do we solve routine and non-routine problems involving division with any of the other operations of decimals including money using appropriate problem solving strategies and tools? | Lead the pupils to generalize  To create a word problem,  ● familiarize yourself with the concept  ● think of the type of problem to be created.  a. Consider the character, cite the situation/setting, data  presented, word problem to be created and the key  question.  b. Ensure that the word problem is clearly stated and  practical   Read some sample problems and study their solutions. | How will you create a problem (with reasonable answers)  involving multiplication and division or with any of the other  operations and whole numbers including money? |
| I.Evaluating learning | Directions: Estimate each quotient. Letter only.  1). 8.9 ÷ 3.2 =  A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5  2). 41.96 ÷ 5.9 =  A. 5 B. 6 C. 7 D. 8  3). 44.3 ÷ 3.8 =  A. 9 B. 10 C. 11 D.12  4). 15.77 ÷ 2.81 =  A. 5 B. 6 C. 7 D. 8 | Directions: Read the problems carefully then solve.  1. Mr. Ramos paid Php323. 75 for 35 liters of gasoline. How  much did each liter cost?  2. When a greater number is divided by a smaller number,  the quotient is 20. If the smaller number is the tenths digit  of 2.5, find the greater number.  3. A boy bicycles 7.5 km in 40 minutes. Find his average  speed in kilometer per minute?  4. How many pieces of wire each 2.4 dm long can be cut  from a roll of wire 15 m long?  5. Ina has Php400 in her pocket. If she has 8 paper bills,  what are the possible denominations of paper bills she  has? | Analyze and solve the following problems  Albert’s mother gives him Php 50.00 every day. He spends 0.5 of it and saves the other half. How much saving does he have for 5 days? | Directions: Using the data below, create a one -step word problem  involving:  (a) Addition of Decimals  (b) Subtraction of Decimals  (c) Multiplication of Decimals  (d) Division of Decimals | Directions: Read the data given. Ask question to create problem  involving multiplication and division or with any of the other operations and whole number including money.  1. Mrs. Cruz bought 5 mangoes for P45.50. If she has  P136.50, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?  2. A 0.60 sac of fertilizer was used equally at 0.12 sack per  field. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?  3. Mrs. Roxas had 0.81 metre of gold ribbon which he cut  Into pieces. If each piece measured 0.09 metre, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?  4. Josie bought and paid P630.00 for 3.5 kilogram of pork,  good for 3 days. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?  5. At P18.35 a litre, Jun gave the cashier P200-bill and re-  ceived a change of P34.85. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? |
| J.additional activities for application or remediation | Directions: Read and analyze the problem.  1. A newspaper sheet is about 0.68 mm thick. Antonio  has a stack of newspaper sheets 34.94 mm high. About how many newspaper sheets are in the stack? | Directions: Solve each problem following the 4-step plan.   1. Andy travelled 154.5 km. in 3.2 hours. What was his average speed for the journey? 2. 2. An 11-year old boy roller skated around a rink two times in 4.14 minutes. What was her average time per lap? 3. 3. Jose bought 5-metre hose for Php60.55. How much did each meter of hose cost? 4. 4. Lyn, Beth, and Amy bought materials for their project worth ₱276.45. The girls divided the amount equally among themselves. How much is each share? | Directions: Solve the problem below  What will be the total amount of your savings for one week if you are saving 0.25 of Php 60.00 which your mother is giving you everyday? | A. Directions: Create a word problem by completing the data  needed. Supply the data that would complete the  problems below. Then solve for the correct answer.  1. For every that Jonna receives from her mother daily, she saves . How much does she save in a week? | Directions: Create your own problem (with reasonable answers)  involving multiplication and division or with any of the other  operations of whole numbers including money |
| **V.REMARKS** |  | | | | |
| **VI.REFLECTION** |  | | | | |
| A.No. of learners who earned 80% in the evaluation | \_\_\_Lesson carried. Move on to the next objective.  \_\_\_Lesson not carried.  \_\_\_\_\_% of the pupils got 80% mastery | \_\_\_Lesson carried. Move on to the next objective.  \_\_\_Lesson not carried.  \_\_\_\_\_% of the pupils got 80% mastery | \_\_\_Lesson carried. Move on to the next objective.  \_\_\_Lesson not carried.  \_\_\_\_\_% of the pupils got 80% mastery | \_\_\_Lesson carried. Move on to the next objective.  \_\_\_Lesson not carried.  \_\_\_\_\_% of the pupils got 80% mastery | \_\_\_Lesson carried. Move on to the next objective.  \_\_\_Lesson not carried.  \_\_\_\_\_% of the pupils got 80% mastery |
| B.No.of learners who require additional activities for remediation | \_\_\_Pupils did not find difficulties in answering their lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils found difficulties in answering their lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils did not enjoy the lesson because of lack of knowledge, skills and interest about the lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils were interested on the lesson, despite of some difficulties encountered in answering the questions asked by the teacher.  \_\_\_Pupils mastered the lesson despite of limited resources used by the teacher.  \_\_\_Majority of the pupils finished their work on time.  \_\_\_Some pupils did not finish their work on time due to unnecessary behavior. | \_\_\_Pupils did not find difficulties in answering their lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils found difficulties in answering their lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils did not enjoy the lesson because of lack of knowledge, skills and interest about the lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils were interested on the lesson, despite of some difficulties encountered in answering the questions asked by the teacher.  \_\_\_Pupils mastered the lesson despite of limited resources used by the teacher.  \_\_\_Majority of the pupils finished their work on time.  \_\_\_Some pupils did not finish their work on time due to unnecessary behavior. | \_\_\_Pupils did not find difficulties in answering their lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils found difficulties in answering their lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils did not enjoy the lesson because of lack of knowledge, skills and interest about the lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils were interested on the lesson, despite of some difficulties encountered in answering the questions asked by the teacher.  \_\_\_Pupils mastered the lesson despite of limited resources used by the teacher.  \_\_\_Majority of the pupils finished their work on time.  \_\_\_Some pupils did not finish their work on time due to unnecessary behavior. | \_\_\_Pupils did not find difficulties in answering their lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils found difficulties in answering their lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils did not enjoy the lesson because of lack of knowledge, skills and interest about the lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils were interested on the lesson, despite of some difficulties encountered in answering the questions asked by the teacher.  \_\_\_Pupils mastered the lesson despite of limited resources used by the teacher.  \_\_\_Majority of the pupils finished their work on time.  \_\_\_Some pupils did not finish their work on time due to unnecessary behavior. | \_\_\_Pupils did not find difficulties in answering their lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils found difficulties in answering their lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils did not enjoy the lesson because of lack of knowledge, skills and interest about the lesson.  \_\_\_Pupils were interested on the lesson, despite of some difficulties encountered in answering the questions asked by the teacher.  \_\_\_Pupils mastered the lesson despite of limited resources used by the teacher.  \_\_\_Majority of the pupils finished their work on time.  \_\_\_Some pupils did not finish their work on time due to unnecessary behavior. |
| C.Did the remedial work? No.of learners who have caught up with the lesson | \_\_\_ of Learners who earned 80% above | \_\_\_ of Learners who earned 80% above | \_\_\_ of Learners who earned 80% above | \_\_\_ of Learners who earned 80% above | \_\_\_ of Learners who earned 80% above |
| D.No. of learners who continue to require remediation | \_\_\_ of Learners who require additional activities for remediation | \_\_\_ of Learners who require additional activities for remediation | \_\_\_ of Learners who require additional activities for remediation | \_\_\_ of Learners who require additional activities for remediation | \_\_\_ of Learners who require additional activities for remediation |
| E.Which of my teaching strategies worked well? Why did these work? | \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No  \_\_\_\_ of Learners who caught up the lesson | \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No  \_\_\_\_ of Learners who caught up the lesson | \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No  \_\_\_\_ of Learners who caught up the lesson | \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No  \_\_\_\_ of Learners who caught up the lesson | \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No  \_\_\_\_ of Learners who caught up the lesson |
| F.What difficulties did I encounter which my principal or supervisor can helpme solve? | \_\_\_ of Learners who continue to require remediation | \_\_\_ of Learners who continue to require remediation | \_\_\_ of Learners who continue to require remediation | \_\_\_ of Learners who continue to require remediation | \_\_\_ of Learners who continue to require remediation |
| G.What innovation or localized materials did used/discover which I wish to share with other teachers? | *Strategies used that work well:*   * **\_\_\_Metacognitive Development**: **Examples:** Self assessments, note taking and studying techniques, and vocabulary assignments. * **\_\_\_Bridging**: **Examples:** Think-pair-share, quick-writes, and anticipatory charts. * **\_\_\_Schema-Building**: **Examples:** Compare and contrast, jigsaw learning, peer teaching, and projects. * **\_\_\_Contextualization**: * **Examples:** Demonstrations, media, manipulatives, repetition, and local opportunities. * **\_\_\_Text Representation**: * **Examples:** Student created drawings, videos, and games. * **\_\_\_Modeling**: **Examples:** Speaking slowly and clearly, modeling the language you want students to use, and providing samples of student work.   ***Other Techniques and Strategies used:***  *\_\_\_ Explicit Teaching*  \_\_\_ Group collaboration  \_\_\_Gamification/Learning throuh play  \_\_\_ Answering preliminary  activities/exercises  \_\_\_ Carousel  \_\_\_ Diads  \_\_\_ Differentiated Instruction  \_\_\_ Role Playing/Drama  \_\_\_ Discovery Method  \_\_\_ Lecture Method  ***Why?***  \_\_\_ Complete IMs  \_\_\_ Availability of Materials  \_\_\_ Pupils’ eagerness to learn  \_\_\_ Group member’s  collaboration/cooperation  in doing their tasks  \_\_\_ Audio Visual Presentation  of the lesson | *Strategies used that work well:*   * **\_\_\_Metacognitive Development**: **Examples:** Self assessments, note taking and studying techniques, and vocabulary assignments. * **\_\_\_Bridging**: **Examples:** Think-pair-share, quick-writes, and anticipatory charts. * **\_\_\_Schema-Building**: **Examples:** Compare and contrast, jigsaw learning, peer teaching, and projects. * **\_\_\_Contextualization**: * **Examples:** Demonstrations, media, manipulatives, repetition, and local opportunities. * **\_\_\_Text Representation**: * **Examples:** Student created drawings, videos, and 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