

ON THI DAI HOC 54

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following

Câu 1.

- A. healthy B. threaten C. breathe D. earthth

Câu 2.

- A. teach B. watch C. bench D. sandwich

Câu 3.

- A. fearless B. rehear C. early D. rear

Câu 4.

- A. boys B. hands C. parents D. chores

Câu 5.

- A. pleasant B. please C. measure D. meadow

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option to fill each of the following blanks.

Câu 6. He lent me _____ yesterday.

- A. which book I need B. the book I need
C. the book when I need D. the book whose I need

Câu 7. I am so _____ that I cannot say anything, but keep silent.

- A. nervously B. nerve C. nervous D. nervousness

Câu 8. _____ open the window for you?

- A. Shall I B. Shall I to C. Should I to D. Do I

Câu 9. John said that his brother _____ at home then.

- A. was B. has been C. is D. were

Câu 10. She failed the test, _____ she studied hard.

- A. despite B. although C. as D. as though

Câu 11. I hate _____ personal questions by newly-acquainted friends.

- A. to be asking B. to be asked C. of asking D. being asked

Câu 12. Reagan _____ an actor years ago.

- A. is said to have been B. was said being
C. is said to be D. was said have been

Câu 13. Sit down, please. _____ a cup of tea?

- A. Do you like to drink B. Do you like
C. Would you like D. Will you like

Câu 14. Don't ask me anything about sports. I like _____ football _____ tennis.

- A. both/ and B. neither/ nor
C. either/ or D. not only/ but also

Câu 15. _____ industrial products can be made from soybeans.

- A. Little B. Many C. Much D. Lot

Câu 16. _____ Jane arrives, we will have finished this group project.

- A. Since B. Now that C. Until D. By the time

Câu 17. There was a shortage _____ food and safe water after the flood.

- A. of B. for C. with D. on

Câu 18. If you don't know what a word means, look it _____ in the dictionary.

- A. over B. on C. up D. at

Câu 19. When I _____ up this morning, my roommate _____ already.

- A. woke/ had left B. wake/ has left
C. am waking/ leaves D. was waking/ left

Câu 20. Alex is busy _____ for his exams.

- A. studying B. studied C. to study D. studies

Câu 21. Whether we go out will depend _____ the weather.

- A. in B. about C. on D. with

Câu 22. What _____ at this time tomorrow?

- A. will you have been doing
- B. will you do
- C. will you be doing
- D. will you have done

Câu 23. There are small _____ between British and American English.

- A. differently
- B. differences
- C. different
- D. difference

Câu 24. School uniform is compulsory in most Vietnamese schools.

- A. required
- B. depended
- C. divided
- D. paid

Câu 25. The young man who lives next door is very kind to my family.

- A. he lives next door
- B. to live next door
- C. lived next door
- D. living next door

Câu 26. He is the man _____ car was stolen last week.

- A. whose
- B. which
- C. whom
- D. that

Câu 27. Some species of rare animals are in _____ of extinction.

- A. dangerous
- B. danger
- C. endanger
- D. dangerously

Câu 28. He has really worked hard so far, _____ he?

- A. hasn't
- B. has
- C. does
- D. doesn't

Câu 29. I'm afraid I have to leave _____ a few days' time.

- A. on
- B. in
- C. at
- D. after

Câu 30. _____ he gets here soon, we will have to start the meeting without him.

- A. If
- B. Unless
- C. Even if
- D. If only

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to show the underlined part that needs correction.

Câu 31. There was less damage after the storm than we had been expected at first.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Câu 32. We had better to review this chapter carefully.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Câu 33. Don't forget phoning him back this evening.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Câu 34. Without the particularly habitat, the species could not survive.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Câu 35. Although his bad cough, he kept on smoking.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence which is closest in meaning to the given one.

Câu 36. The baby slept soundly even with the noise the children made.

- A. The baby and the children slept through the noise.
- B. The children couldn't sleep because of the noise.
- C. The noise didn't prevent the baby from sleeping.
- D. The baby woke up because the children made noise.

Câu 37. "Why don't you ask the teacher for help?" Peter asked me.

- A. Peter suggested that he should ask the teacher for help.
- B. Peter told me the reason why I did not ask the teacher for help.
- C. Peter recommended me not to ask the teacher for help.
- D. Peter advised me to ask the teacher for help.

Câu 38. David drove so fast; it was very dangerous.

- A. David drove so fast, which was very dangerous.
- B. David drove so fast, then was very dangerous.
- C. David drove so fast and was very dangerous.
- D. David drove so fast that was very dangerous.

Câu 39. I found it difficult to communicate in English.

- A. I had no difficulty communicating in English.
- B. I didn't like to communicate in English.
- C. I prefer communicating in English.
- D. I was not used to communicating in English.

Câu 40. He didn't hurry so he missed the plane.

- A. He didn't miss the plane because he hurried.
- B. If he hurried, he wouldn't miss the plane.

- C. If he had hurried, he might catch the plane
D. If he had hurried, he could have caught the plane.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

In 1988, for the first time in British history, a National Curriculum was introduced. The National Curriculum tells pupils which subjects they have to study, what they must learn and when they have to take assessment tests.

Between the ages of 14 and 16, pupils study for their GCSE (General Certificate of Secondary Education) exams. Pupils must take English Language, Maths and Science for GCSE, as well as a half GCSE in a foreign language and Technology. In addition, they must also be taught Physical Education, Religious Education and Sex Education, although they do not take exams in these subjects.

At the age of 16, pupils can leave school. If pupils stay on, they usually take A (Advanced) levels, AS (Advanced Supplementary) level or GNVQs (Greater National Vocational Qualifications). It is quite common to combine, for example, two A levels with one AS level, or one A level with one GNVQ.

Pupils taking A levels study traditional subjects, such as French, Physics or History. To go to university, pupils usually need two or three A levels.

AS levels are the same standard as A levels, but only half of the content: AS level German pupils take the A-level German language exam, but do not take the A-level German Literature exam.

GNVQs are vocational qualifications. Pupils usually take on GNVQ in subjects such as Business, Leisure and Tourism, Manufacturing, and Art and Design. One GNVQ (at advanced level) is equal to two A levels.

Câu 41. Which of the following subjects do British students NOT take exams in?

- A. English Language B. Physical Education
C. Science D. Maths

Câu 42. Britain began to have a National Curriculum _____.

- A. in the nineteenth century B. one hundred years ago
C. in 1898 D. in 1988

Câu 43. Pupils need _____ A levels to continue to study at university.

- A. one or two B. two or three C. five or six D. four or five

Câu 44. Which of the following subjects do pupils NOT take on GNVQ in?

- A. Business B. Art and Design
C. Manufacturing D. German Literature

Câu 45. Pupils normally study for their GCSE between the ages of _____.

- A. 15 and 17 B. 12 and 14 C. 14 and 16 D. 16 and 18

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks.

We know that there is no life on Mars. The Viking robot missions to the Red Planet proved that. The mission was (46) _____ to one man for the most part. Percival Lowell, a rich American businessman, suggested that Mars contained life. He was fascinated by Mars. He spent 23 years studying it. He was so (47) _____ involved in the search for Martian life that he built his own laboratory. It housed a huge telescope. At 7,000 feet (2.13km) (48) _____ sea level in a dry climate, it was a perfect site to view Mars. Lowell believed that he saw a network of lines (49) _____ Mars. He also thought that the lines were built by intelligent life. There was also the chance that water was on the planet. He drew many maps in his notebooks. His idea (50) _____ the public's attention. People soon believed that life on Mars could exist.

Câu 46.

- A. because B. instead C. due D. except

Câu 47.

- A. deep B. depth C. deeply D. deepen

Câu 48.

- A. up B. on C. over D. above

Câu 49.

- A. crossed B. cross C. crossing D. to cross

Câu 50.

A. drew

B. achieved

C. made

D. absorbed

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