Exploring Plimoth - the First Thanksgiving

Name:	Student #: Date
* <u>Directions</u> : Enter this website on y	our computer to find the answers for the following questions
<u>h</u>	ttps://youarethehistorian.org/
1. Location #1:	
2. In, an English ship	o called arrived in Indigenous, or
native homelands where	people had lived for thousands of
years. The ship carried	English men, women, and children known today as
n	
3. Wampanoag means	
4. Artifacts are	
5. Match the time period with the a	rtifact.
Modern	A neville point
Colonial	B cell phone
Woodland	C stone hoe for gardening
Archaic	D coin
Paleoindian	E lanceolate (leaf shaped points
Colonial	F brass arrowhead
Woodland	G small triangular arrowheads
PASSVVORD FOR HIDDEN LOCATION	i

5. Click on the #2 location:							
7. What are sachems?	. What are sachems?						
Reading Primary Sourc	es (original d	ocuments)					
a. Click "R	Read Aloud" to	listen					
b. Click or	n the yellow h	nighlighted sections.					
c. Click or	n the magic g	lass in the bottom ri	ght corner.				
8. Use the word bank t	o fill in the m	nissing parts of the t	ranslation.				
Massasoit t	nouse	bows and arrow	drum and trumpet	treaty			
crossed the brook with 20 men, leaving their behind. Six or seven Wampanoag men stayed with us to ensure the safety of our messenger. Captain Standish and Mr. Williamson met Massasoit at the stream.							
The English fired their muskets to honor Massasoit. In return, Massasoit greeted							
the Pilgrims. Then, (Captain Sta	ndish led Massaso	oit to a	_ that was			
being built. They put a green rug on the ground with three or four cushions. Then,							
the Governor arrived with some militia men with muskets and others playing a							
Ou	ır Governor	greeted Massasoi	t by kissing his hand,	and			
Massasoit kissed the Governor's hand. They sat down and made a							
Now, listen to the s	tory.						

PASSWORD FOR HIDDEN LOCATION: _____

9. #3 location:				
10. Those who came on		struggled to	o. They hoped t	for a better life
in New England where they could	d own	and pract	tice their	
but it was not an easy life.				
11. Why did the Pilgrims build th	eir town close to the c	ocean?		
12. Why did the Wampanoag pe	ople live near the ocea	n in the sprii	ng and summe	er?
13. Identify which artifacts were the Pilgrims. Fill in the table using	made and used by Wo ng the word bank	impanoag p	eople and whic	ch were used by
Word bank:				
stockings clay pots	footballs	s st	orage bags	spoons
glass beads	breastplate	corn		toys
Wampanoag People (Indigenous)	Pilgrims		Вс	oth
14. PASSWORD FOR HIDDEN LOC	ATION:			

When you get to the I	etter: Reading Primary S	Sources (origi	nal documents))	
a. Click "I	Read Aloud" to listen				
b. Click o	n the yellow highlighted	sections.			
11.	The four wild birds they	ate were			
c. Click o	n the magic glass in the	bottom righ	t corner.		
16. Use the word bar	nk to fill in the missing p	parts of the t	ranslation.		
activities The Ma	ssasoit, Ousamequin	governor	three days	wild birds	deer
our barley and cor along with other f week At that time muskets. Many of with about ninety entertainment. The	d our crops, our o that we could celeb n. Those four men kil ood, the wild bird med e, along with other _ the Wampanoag car men, who stayed for e Wampanoag went	rate togeth led so mar at provided me to the t out and kil	ner, after we food for the , we praction own including of feastled five	finished harven one day the colony for all iced shooting and colony and colony with the colony and colony and colony with the colony and colony are colony are colony and colony are colony are colony and colony are colony are colony are colony are colony.	vesting nat, most a y our vhich
Captain Myles Sta was at the harves and we will not st	ie colony and present indish and others. Alt t feast, thanks to the arve. We wish you w beople have kept the	hough ther e goodness ere here to	e is not as m of God, we ho share with u	iuch food as ave enough t is. We have t	there o eat found
PASSWORD FOR HID	DEN LOCATION:			-	

15. The #4 location: _____

Click on the #5 location.

Enter all of your passwords that you've collected.

Wampanoag people pass down the	ir history, traditions, and culture from generation to generation
by	_ of their ancestors.
In the 1600s, as many as	Wampanoag people lived in the
villages that made up the Wampar	noag Nation.
Today,	Wampanoag live in New England.
Many Wampanoag people still live	in their homelands including Patuxet, or modern-day Plymouth.
	Click next.
English men, wome journey took days!	n and children sailed on the Mayflower in The
They built their town in Patuxet, to	day Plymouth, Massachusetts
Some of the Wampanoag and other	er Indigenous people spoke
The Massasoit from Pokanoket ma	de a treaty with the Pilgrims.
	people joined the Pilgrims for a t "the First"

Well done!

You solved the mystery and discovered the stories of the Wampanoag and Pilgrims who were at "The First Thanksgiving."

If you have time left, explore the website by clicking online on the last page.

ANSWER KEY: Exploring Plimoth - the First Thanksgiving

https://youarethehistorian.org/

1. Location #1: Herring Pond			
2. In <u>1620</u> , an English ship calle	ed <u>Mayflower</u> arrived in Ir	ndigenous, or native home	lands where
Wampanoag people had lived f	or thousands of years. T	ne ship carried <u>120</u> English	n men, women,
and children known today as "F	Pilgrims."		
3. Wampanoag means <u>People</u>	of the dawn.		
4. Artifacts are <u>objects that are</u>	e made and used by peop	<u>e</u> .	
5. Match the time period with	the artifact.		
B Modern		A neville point	
D Colonial		B cell phone	
A Woodland		C soapstone	
_A Archaic		D coin	
_E Paleoindian		E lanceolate (lea	ıf shaped points)
PASSWORD FOR HIDDEN LOCA	ATION: corn		
6. Select location #2			
6. What are sachems?	<u>leaders</u>		
Reading Primary Sources (original	inal documents)		
Use the word bank to fill in the	e missing parts of the tro	inslation.	
Massasoit house	bows and arrow	Drum and trumpet	Treaty

Massasoit crossed the brook with 20 men, leaving their bows and arrows behind. Six or seven Wampanoag men stayed with us to ensure the safety of our messenger. Captain Standish and Mr. Williamson met Massasoit at the stream. The English fired their muskets to honor Massasoit. In return, Massasoit greeted the Pilgrims. Then, Captain Standish led Massasoit to a house that was being built. They put a green rug on the ground with three or four cushions. Then, the Governor arrived with some militia men with muskets and others playing a drum and trumpet. Our Governor greeted Massasoit by kissing his hand, and Massasoit kissed the Governor's hand. They sat down and made a treaty.

7. PASSVVORD FOR HIDDEN LOCATION: deer

What is #3 location? Waterfront

- 8. Those who came on <u>Mayflower</u> struggled too. They hoped for a better life in New England where they could own <u>land</u> and practice their <u>religion</u>, but it was not an easy life.
- 9. Why did the Pilgrims build their town close to the ocean? so they could send fur and other supplies back to England
- 10. Why did the Wampanoag people live near the ocean in the spring and summer? so they could fish, travel, and trade as well as grow corn

11. Identify which artifacts were made and used by Wampanoag people and which were used by the Pilgrims.

Wampanoag People	Pilgrims	Both
footballs	stockings	clay pots
storage bags	spoons	glass beads
toys	breastplate	corn

PASSVVORD FOR HIDDEN LOCATION: pumpkin

12. Location #4: Town Square

When you get to the letter: Reading Primary Sources (original documents)

- a. Click "Read Aloud" to listen
- b. Click on the yellow highlighted sections.
- 11. The four wild birds they ate were turkey, goose, duck, pigeon
- c. Click on the magic glass in the bottom right corner.
- 12. Use the word bank to fill in the missing parts of the translation.

activities	the Massasoit, Ousamequin	governor	three days	wild birds	deer
	· ·	3	ı		

After we harvested our crops, our governor sent four men hunting for wild birds, so that we could celebrate together, after we finished harvesting our barley and corn. Those four men killed so many wild birds in one day that, along with other food, the wild bird meat provided food for the colony for almost a week. At that time, along with other activities, we practiced shooting our muskets. Many of the Wampanoag came to the town including the Massasoi, Ousamequin, with about ninety men, who stayed for three days of feasting and entertainment. The Wampanoag went out and killed five deer which they brought to the colony and presented to Governor William Bradford and Captain Myles Standish and others.

PASSWORD FOR HIDDEN LOCATION: pig

The #5 location:

Enter all of your passwords that you've collected.

- Wampanoag people pass down their history, traditions, and culture from generation to generation by <u>telling the stories</u> of their ancestors.
- In the 1600s, as many as $\frac{40,000}{1000}$ Wampanoag people lived in the $\frac{67}{1000}$ villages that made up the Wampanoag Nation.
- Today, 4,000-5,000 Wampanoag live in New England.
- Many Wampanoag people still live in their homelands including Patuxet, or modern-day Plymouth.

•	102 English men, women and children sailed on the Mayflower in1620
	The journey took66 days!
•	They built their town in Patuxet, today Plymouth, Massachusetts
•	Some of the Wampanoag and other Indigenous people spokeEnglish
•	The Massasoit from Pokanoket made a treaty with the Pilgrims.
•	In 1621, the Massasoit and over90 people joined the Pilgrims for a
	harvest celebration. Today, we call this event "the FirstThanksgiving"