

# Where Our Students Are Known, Loved, and Learning 2024-25 Middle School Student Handbook

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Student Name:			

### Middle School Handbook Table of Contents

<ul> <li>Mission &amp; Vision Statements</li> <li>Essential Academic Learning Requirements</li> <li>Rights, Responsibilities, and Expectations</li> </ul>	
Attendance      Excused, Unexcused, Pre-Planned, & School Sponsored Absences     Tardies, Truancy, Illness During School Day, & Checkout Procedure     Visitors & Withdrawing from School	3 - 5
Clubs, Athletics, and Activities  • Clubs, Activity Card and Code, Financial Assistance & Transportation	5 - 6
Code of Conduct and General Information  Frequently Referenced Policy and Procedures  Accidents, Appeals, & Cheating Policy  Electronic Devices (cell phones), Classroom Rules, & Conduct of Students  Dress Code, Clothing & Grooming  Drug-Free, Weapon-Free Schools, Firearms and Dangerous Weapons  Prohibition of Harassment, Intimidation, and Bullying  Students with Individual Education or Section 504 Plans  Compliance Officer, Anonymous Reporting Tip Line  In-School Intervention (ISI) and Lunch Detention  Lockers and School Supplied Locks  Lunch Procedures & Closed Campus  Medication at School, Including Over the Counter Medications  Personal Relationships and Prohibition of Sexual Harassment  Bus Rules and Regulations, Bikes and Skateboards, Theft and Vandalism  Discipline Policy and Procedures	
<ul> <li>Grade Reporting and Academics</li> <li>Counseling Team, Honor Awards, Incomplete Grades, &amp; Progress Reports</li> <li>On-Line Learning Program and Home Schooling Options</li> <li>Bell Schedules, Emergency School Closure, School Hours and Photo Release</li> </ul>	29
Appendix A - Discrimination Complaint Procedure  Appendix B - RESD Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure  Appendix C - RESD Civil Rights Complaint & Appeal Process  Appendix D - McKinney-Vento Dispute Resolution Process  Appendix E - Washington State Governor's Office of the Education Ombuds  Appendix F - Child Find Screening  Appendix G - Home Language Survey (English and Russian Languages)	33 - 34 35 - 36 37 - 40 41
Parent Confirmation AND Student Access Card Agreement – <b>RETURN THIS PAGE</b>	48 - 49

# Reardan Promise

We promise to be ALL IN on ensuring that EVERY student is KNOWN, LOVED, and LEARNING

## ESSENTIAL ACADEMIC LEARNING REQUIREMENTS The Washington State Learning Goals

Four learning goals provide the foundation for the development of all academic learning standards in Washington state:

**Read** with comprehension, **write** effectively, and **communicate** successfully in a variety of ways and settings and with a variety of audiences;

Know and apply the core concepts and principles of mathematics; social, physical, and life sciences; civics and history, including different cultures and participation in representative government; geography; arts; and health and fitness;

**Think** analytically, logically, and creatively, and to integrate technology literacy and fluency as well as different experiences and knowledge to form reasoned judgments and solve problems; and;

**Understand** the importance of work and finance and how performance, effort, and decisions directly affect **future career and educational opportunities**.

Please see our district website: <a href="http://www.reardan.net">http://www.reardan.net</a> under "Departments" and then "Curriculum" for links to the Washington State K-12 Learning Standards.

#### Rights, Responsibilities, and Expectations

#### **PHILOSOPHY**

One of the major goals of the Reardan-Edwall School District is to promote in each student a sense of their civic rights and responsibilities. As a result of the process of education, each student should clarify their basic values and develop a commitment to act upon these values within the framework of the democratic process.

#### STUDENT RIGHTS

All students have the right to equal educational opportunity regardless of national origin, race, religion, gender, gender identity, disability, or economic status.

Students have the rights of freedom of speech and of the press and the right to peaceably assemble, as long as it does not infringe upon the rights of others. Students have the right to be secure against unreasonable searches and seizures. All students have the right to due process of law.

Any pupil who is aggrieved for any cause has the right to request an informal conference with the appropriate administrator for the purpose of resolving the matter.

#### STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES

It is the responsibility and duty of each student to pursue his or her course of study, comply with written rules of the District and the State, respect the authority of the school staff members, and submit to reasonable corrective action or consequences imposed by the school district.

Each student has the responsibility to come to class prepared to learn with appropriate materials (Chromebook, paper, pencil or pen, books, band instrument, etc.); to be respectfully attentive in class; and to put forth an honest effort toward achieving academic success.

#### STAFF RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The staff of Reardan-Edwall School District will never give up on a student.

Teachers are required to maintain a positive environment for learning and, through due process, may exclude a student from class under certain circumstances.

Teachers will teach, model, review, post, and enforce the expectations of the school and their individual goals.

Every teacher shall have the authority to discipline any student for any disruptive or disorderly conduct while that student is under his or her supervision.

Teachers, administrators, and other district employees charged with the custody of students have full authority to use reasonable and legal disciplinary measures with students.

#### **EXPECTATIONS OF PARENTS**

Parents are encouraged to provide support for their student's efforts. Parents are required by state statute to insist on their child(ren)'s regular and punctual attendance. Please stand behind our staff in promoting the school's programs, curriculum and our desire to serve each student instructionally. Please feel free to contact the school to confer with the staff concerning any problems that may affect student progress. If an issue arises, please call or email the teacher first, as he/she will be able to speak to the situation and move it toward resolution. Staff will return a call or an email within 24 hours of receipt. This may be interrupted by employee absences, illnesses, vacations or holidays. If you are not receiving a return message within a reasonable time, please contact the school office for follow up from a principal or other supervisor.

#### **EXPECTATIONS OF ALL**

All are expected to accept the responsibility to keep the school environment free from disrespect, distraction, fear, and prejudice. Expressions of racial, ethnic or religious bias or discrimination in any form will not be condoned or tolerated. We expect all staff and students to respect the rights, beliefs and feelings of others. We want to promote a positive school environment and create an effective learning atmosphere.

#### DISTRICT NUTRITION, HEALTH, AND PHYSICAL FITNESS POLICY

Our district has comprehensive Nutrition, Health, and Physical Fitness policies and procedures that can be found on our District Website under "Our District" and "Board of Directors". Please refer to Policy 6700 and Procedure 6700P for more information.

#### Attendance

Regular and punctual attendance plays a vital role in student success at Reardan, as well as in the world of work. Our attendance policy revolves around the concept that a student's presence in school is essential for maximizing his/her success in each subject area. We encourage the scheduling of haircuts, routine doctor and dentist appointments, and other such activities to be done outside of school hours. Students returning to school following an absence (except school related) must present a written excuse to the office or call the attendance line. An admit slip will be issued with either "excused", "notified/unexcused" or "unexcused" marked.

Additionally, students absent 10% or more of the school year (18 days) without medical documentation can be characterized as chronically absent. Chronically absent students will be referred to the Community Attendance Review Board after a mitigating conference with the counselor and principal.

#### Importance of Regular School Attendance

"Nationally, an estimated 5 million to 7.5 million students are at risk academically each year because they are chronically absent—missing 10 percent or more of school days due to absence for any reason—excused and unexcused absences as well as suspensions. Starting as early as kindergarten and prekindergarten, chronic absence can have adverse consequences for academic achievement, research shows. By third grade, chronically absent students, especially those who have experienced multiple years of poor attendance are less likely to read on grade level. By sixth grade, chronic absence becomes a warning sign that a student will drop out of high school. By ninth grade, it's a better indicator than eighth-grade test scores. Children with certain risk factors—including poverty, chronic health conditions, homelessness, frequent moves and disabilities—are especially hard hit since they can least afford to miss school."

Learn more here: The Problem - Attendance Works

It is the student's responsibility to contact their individual teachers about make-up work and complete all work within a reasonable length of time (one day for every day missed). In participation-type classes, students will be afforded opportunities to earn equivalent class credit in the event of an excused absence, and it may include requiring student time to be made up before, after or during parts of the school day. Students are to request assignments in advance, be prepared for tests they may have missed, and turn in missed assignments/homework within the one school day per school day missed time frame (Policies 3121 & 3122).

#### **EXCUSED ABSENCES**

Regular school attendance is necessary for mastery of the educational program provided to students of the district. At times, students may be appropriately absent from class. School staff will keep a record of absence and tardiness, including a record of absence statements submitted by a parent/guardian, or in certain cases, students, to document a student's excused absences. The following principles will govern the development and administration of attendance procedures within the district.

#### 1. The following are valid excuses for absences:

- a. Participation in a district or school approved activity or instructional program;
- b. Illness, health condition, or medical appointment (including, but not limited to, medical, counseling, dental or optometry);
- c. Student Mental Health as defined by OSPI and HB1834;
- d. Family emergency, including, but not limited to, a death or illness in the family;

- e. Religious or cultural purpose including observance of a religious or cultural holiday or participation in religious or cultural instruction:
- f. Court, judicial proceeding, or serving on a jury;
- g. Post-secondary, technical school, or apprenticeship program visitation, or scholarship interview;
- h. State-recognized search and rescue activities consistent with RCW 28A.225.055;
- i. Absence directly related to the student's homeless status;
- j. Absence resulting from a disciplinary/corrective action. (e.g., short-term or long-term suspension, emergency removal); and
- k. Principal (or designee) and parent, guardian, or emancipated youth mutually agreed upon approved activity.
- 2. The school principal (or designee) has the authority to determine if an absence meets the above criteria for an excused absence:
- a. If an absence is **excused**, the student will be permitted to make up all missed assignments outside of class under reasonable conditions and time limits established (one school day of makeup for each day missed). In participation-type classes, students will be afforded opportunities to earn equivalent class credit in the event of an excused absence which may include requiring student time to be made up before, after or during parts of the school day.
- b. An excused absence will be verified by a parent/guardian or an adult, emancipated or appropriately aged student, or school authority responsible for the absence. If attendance is taken electronically, either for a course conducted online or for students physically within the district, an absence will default to unexcused until such time as an excused absence may be verified by a parent or other responsible adult. If a student is to be released for health care related to family planning or abortion, the student may require that the district keep the information confidential. Students thirteen and older have the right to keep information about drug, alcohol or mental health treatment confidential. Students fourteen and older have the same confidentiality rights regarding HIV and sexually transmitted diseases.

#### UNEXCUSED ABSENCES

- 1. Any absence from school for more than half the hours or periods in an average school day is unexcused unless it meets one of the criteria above for an excused absence.
- 2. As a means of instilling values of responsibility and personal accountability, a student whose absence is not excused will experience the consequences of their absence. A student's grade may be affected if a graded activity or assignment occurs during the period of time when the student is absent.
- 3. The school will notify a student's parent or guardian in writing or by telephone whenever the student has failed to attend school after one unexcused absence within any month during the current school year. The notification will include the potential consequences of additional unexcused absences.
- 4. In the case of excessive Notified/Unexcused absences (10% absence rate is considered chronic or excessive) the school may require a note from a medical facility to accompany each parental note. This situation could also lead to a referral to the community attendance review board.
- 5. A conference with the parent or guardian will be held after three unexcused absences within any month during the current school year. A student may be referred to the Community Attendance Review Board for habitual truancy or non-attendance. Prior to this referral, the parent will be notified in writing in his/her primary language that the student has unexcused absences. A conference will be scheduled to determine what corrective measures should be taken to improve student attendance. If the parent does not attend the conference, the parent will be notified of the steps the district has decided to take to reduce the student's absences.
- 6. Not later than the student's seventh unexcused absence in a month the district will enter into an agreement with the student and parents that establishes school attendance requirements, refer the student to a community truancy board or file a petition and affidavit with the juvenile court alleging a violation of RCW 28A.225.010.
- 7. If such action is not successful, the district will file a petition and affidavit with the juvenile court alleging a violation of RCW 28A.225.010 by the parent, student, or parent and student no later than the seventh unexcused absence within any month during the current school year or upon the fifteenth unexcused absence during the current school year.
- 8. All referrals to the Community Attendance Review Board and the Lincoln County Juvenile Court will be reported to the Superintendent within 24 hours.

The Superintendent will enforce the district's attendance policies and procedures. Because the full knowledge and cooperation of students and parents are necessary for the success of the policies and procedures, procedures will be disseminated broadly and made available to parents and students annually.

#### STUDENTS DEPENDENT PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 13.34, RCW

A school district representative or certificated staff member will review unexpected or excessive absences of a student who has been found dependent under the Juvenile Court Act with that student and adults involved with that student. Adults include the student's caseworker, educational liaison, attorney if one is appointed, parent or guardians, foster parents and/or the person providing placement for the student. The review will take into consideration the cause of the absences, unplanned school transitions, periods of running from care, in-patient treatment, incarceration, school adjustment, educational gaps, psychosocial issues, and the student's unavoidable appointments that occur during the school day. The representative or staff member must proactively support the student's management of their school work.

#### Legal References:

Chapter 28A.225, Compulsory school attendance and admission

RCW 13.34.300: Relevance of failure to cause juvenile to attend school to neglect petition

WAC 392-400-325, Statewide definition of excused and unexcused daily absences

https://www.k12.wa.us/student-success/support-programs/attendance-chronic-absenteeism-and-truancy

#### PRE-PLANNED ABSENCES-Including family vacations during the school year

Parents must pre-arrange planned absences with the school principal. **Pre-arranged absence forms must be picked up no later than 48 hours before the student will be absent.** Pre-planned absences from school are for family need or clear educational benefit, which is aligned with the appropriate school curriculum. Not all pre-planned absences are considered excused. Those that are unexcused will result in no make-up work being given.

Before obtaining a pre-planned absence, a student must present a written note signed by the parent or guardian stating the time and reason for the absence, or the parent should conference with the principal. It is the student's responsibility to complete all work assigned. Teachers may request make-up work to be completed prior to leaving for an absence. All work assigned on the pre-planned absence form is due the first day back in class. Failure to meet this time frame will result in no credit being given for the work.

#### SCHOOL SPONSORED ABSENCE

Students absent from class for the purpose of participating in a recognized school activity, such as a classroom trip, an athletic event, a music program, or student government, will not be penalized <u>provided the student turns in the work in the agreed upon time frame</u>. In anticipation of missing school for these activities, students must get the assigned work from each class for the day, so as not to fall behind academically. **Students must be in good academic standing (no failing grades) in order to participate in school sponsored activities.** 

#### **TARDINESS**

Being tardy to any class will result in one day of lunch detention the day following the offense. The tenth tardy cumulatively in a quarter will result in a meeting with the principal and a parent conference. Any tardies after 10 will result in a meeting with student, principal, parent or guardian and possible in school intervention. Students should remember to get a pass from their teacher if they are held after class or get permission from the teacher of the class they are going to if they know they are going to be late.

#### TRUANCY

Truancy is an absence from a part of any class or school day without the knowledge or permission of parent/guardian or the approval of the school. Teachers will not be expected to provide make-up work for students on the days they were truant. School discipline will apply.

#### ILLNESS DURING SCHOOL DAY

If a student becomes ill while at school and wishes to go home, the student <u>must</u> first report to the school nurse, or the office. If a student is determined to be ill, the school will contact a parent to pick the student up. If the parent is unable, the student must stay in school. Parents or Guardians must check students out through the office.

#### CHECK-OUT PROCEDURE

All students must have written permission from a parent/guardian to check themselves out of school during the school day. **Students who leave any time during the school day must report to the office prior to leaving the premises.** Students who sign out must leave the campus immediately.

#### **VISITORS**

No student visitors will be allowed during the school day unless pre-approved by the principal prior to the visit. In most cases, visitors will only be permitted to visit during lunch time. Any visitor to school must be signed in at the office and wear a visitor sticker indicating the office has record and approval of the visitor. Staff are asked to send anyone visiting campus to the office to sign in and obtain a visitor sticker.

#### WITHDRAWALS

If a student finds it necessary to withdraw from school at any time during the year, the following procedure should be observed:

- 1. The parent or guardian must give authorization for withdrawal.
- 2. Appropriate forms may be obtained from the office.
- 3. Forms must be filled out by teachers to show that all obligations on books and equipment have been met.
- 4. Return the completed form to the high school office for final clearance.

#### **CLUBS AND ATHLETICS**

The Reardan Middle School staff encourages all of our students to get involved in the school program and contribute in some way to making RMS a better school-one that the students and the community can show with pride and honor. A student's success, happiness, and memories at Reardan will be directly proportional to their efforts. RMS has the following clubs: Washington Drug Free Youth (WDFY), Natural Helpers, and Yearbook.

#### REARDAN MIDDLE SCHOOL ATHLETIC TEAMS AND SEASONS

Fall	Winter	Spring		
Football	Basketball	Track		
Volleyball	Wrestling	Softball		
Cross-Country		Baseball		
Girls Soccer (8th grade)				

#### MS ASB Advisor – Mrs. O'Rourke 2024-2025 Reardan Middle School ASB Officers

Ruby Sprecher-President Piper Smith-Vice President
Connor Clouse-Treasurer Evanfia Basargin-Assistant Treasurer
Landon Jones-Secretary Zoey Benham-Social Chairman

#### ASB FUNDRAISING

All fundraising activities that take place on campus must have prior ASB approval. Students are not allowed to sell items on campus without first seeking ASB approval.

#### **ACTIVITY CARD**

Associated Student Body (ASB) cards are available to students at Reardan Middle School. Money from this source is used to subsidize all student body activities. An ASB card entitles the student to participate in student body activities including free admission to all regular season home athletic contests and reduced prices at scheduled games away from home. The cost of a Middle School ASB card is \$25. Students who qualify for free or reduced lunch will have an automatic reduction in this fee.

#### **ACTIVITY CODE**

Students participating in clubs and sports will be required to sign and adhere to the **Year-Round Activity Code** found in the Activity Packet. **Parents/Guardians are required to sign the document on-line.** As it is a privilege to be involved with extracurricular activities, student club members and athletes are held to an even higher standard as they are representatives of the school. For these students, misconduct is subject to disciplinary action with school disciplinary measures as well as consequences specified in the Reardan Activity Code.

#### FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

For students who find extra-curricular participation too expensive to participate in, we have financial assistance available. Many people in our community and district have offered to help with fees, shoes, equipment and other resources for students so they are able to participate.

<u>Completing the District Free and Reduced Lunch form is the first step in reducing all fees for school</u>. Families who qualify for free or reduced lunch will have their fees waived or significantly reduced.

Housing Issues: Students/Families without a fixed, permanent place to sleep every night, living with another family or relatives or "couch surfing" with friends, are likely eligible for McKinney-Vento programs which not only assist with paying for breakfast and lunch but will also assist with registration fees, ASB dues, and clothing and equipment to allow participation in school and extracurricular activities. Please speak to a counselor, principal, or a teacher to help get the process started.

#### TRANSPORTATION TO AND FROM SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Students attending school-sponsored activities during the school day <u>MUST use district transportation</u> unless special arrangements with administration have been made in advance.

#### CODE OF CONDUCT AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Below is a list of frequently referenced school board policies. A full list is available on our district website: www.reardan.net. Policies below are linked if you are viewing this document on-line.

Please see Board Policy Series 3000 for more details:

Policy 3200 – Rights and Responsibilities

Policy 3205 – Sexual Harassment of Students Prohibited

Policy 3207 – Prohibition of Harassment, Intimidation and Bullying

Policy 3211 – Gender Inclusive Schools

Policy 3226 – Interviews and Interrogations of Students on School Premises

Policy 3230 – Student Privacy and Searches

Policy 3241 – Student Discipline

#### ACCIDENTS

School accidents should be reported immediately to the nearest adult in charge. If additional help is needed, students should contact the office. Accident report forms are in the office and must be completed by a staff member as soon as possible.

#### APPEALS PROCESS

Any parent or student who has a grievance with a school disciplinary action has the right to an informal conference with the principal as the first step in the process. If unsatisfied with the outcome of the principal's decision, the parent or student may then request to appeal the decision to the Superintendent. The office should be notified as soon as possible to check the availability of the Superintendent and schedule the hearing. If the parent continues to disagree with the outcome of the decision after the conference with the Superintendent, procedures will be given by the Superintendent on how to appeal the grievance to the school board.

#### ELECTRONIC DEVICES (SEE POLICY 3245 – STUDENTS AND TELECOMMUNICATION DEVICES)

To access this policy electronically: www.reardan.net

Click on "School Board". Select "Policies and Procedures", then "Policy Series 3000 - Students", then "3245".

Students in possession of telecommunications devices, including, but not limited to smart watches, earbuds, i-Pads, tables, and cellular phones, while on school property during regular school hours must adhere to the following:

Electronic devices are expected to be stored in lockers the entire school day (including lunch). Students who violate this policy will receive disciplinary action:

- 1st Violation: Written (Document) Warning + Parent Communication + Loss of phone for remainder of school day + must sit out practice/game (if applicable).
- 2nd Violation: Loss of phone for remainder of school day + parent must pick up phone + must sit out practice/game (if applicable).
- 3rd Violation: Mandatory Parent Meeting + loss of school activity privileges (dances, field trips, etc.) + must sit out practice/game (if applicable).
- 4th Violation: In school suspension + mandatory intervention/education with a staff member around cell phone dependency + parent/student meeting with school staff to draft individualized intervention/support plan.
- 5th Violation: Conversation and decision around remote learning potentially being the best option for the student due to the level of cell phone dependency.

If parents and students need to communicate with one another, please note that the school office has a phone for student use. Students are prohibited from using any telecommunication device or camera to take or transmit images that may violate a person's privacy. Recording or transmitting secure information, such as classroom assessments, is also prohibited. If a student violates this policy, their electronic device may be confiscated by a staff member and sent to the principal's office. The district will supply combination locks for lockers; locks not returned will be subject to a \$7 replacement fee. Students who wish to lock their lockers MUST use the school issued combination locks. All other locks are subject to immediate removal. The school is not responsible for the theft, damage, or disappearance of any electronic devices.

#### ACADEMIC INTEGRITY/PLAGIARISM AND CHEATING

Cheating is defined as the copying of someone's paper, giving answers to another student(s), writing another student's paper, falsifying a score or answers on another student's paper, or any act deemed of a cheating nature by the teacher. This policy will also apply to plagiarism (using another's information and claiming that as your own).

<u>FIRST OFFENSE</u>: "0" grade on the assignment of one or both students or all in a group. The teacher will notify the principal and conference with the student and parent to review the policy.

<u>SECOND OFFENSE</u>: "0" grade on the assignment in the class where the offense took place. At the end of the quarter, the grade point will be averaged with the "0" and the grade dropped one full grade. A parent/student/teacher conference will be held.

<u>THIRD OFFENSE</u>: "F" grade for the quarter in the class where the offense took place. Cheating will result in a direct referral and disciplinary consequences will be decided.

NOTE: The intent of an "F" grade for the quarter is to average the two quarter grades for a semester grade. For example, if a student earned an "A" for one quarter and an "F" for cheating the other quarter, the semester average would be a 2.0 or "C".

#### Reardan Middle School AI Guidelines on Academic Integrity:

Students shall not engage in AI plagiarism. To maintain academic integrity, while leveraging AI-generated content, we will adhere to the following guidelines:

1. AI-generated content will not be viewed as a student's own work. Such content may, however, be incorporated into student products with the expressed consent of the assigning teacher. Instances of AI-generated content must be credited, referenced, and otherwise cited in a recommended manner.

- 2. Work that has been plagiarized from a generative AI program will result in academic consequences that align with school grading policies, and academic dishonesty procedures.
- 3. Depending on specific learning objectives, teachers may authorize the use of generative AI in some cases while prohibiting its use in others.

# \*\*\*\* ALL AI OFFENSES WILL ADHERE TO THE CHEATING/PLAGIARISM POLICY STATED ABOVE CLASSROOM RULES/SCHOOL EXPECTATIONS

#### CLASSROOM RULES

Teachers will review their classroom rules and this student handbook with students during the first week of each course and will post the rules in the classroom. Teachers' classroom policies and procedures will be sent home with students to share with their parents and be available on-line.

#### CONDUCT OF STUDENTS

Good manners, courtesy, and respect for one another are expected at Reardan Middle School. The general tone of a school is seen in the conduct of its students in the classroom, in the halls, and at school functions. The school is legally responsible for students while in school, in transit to or from school, or to and from a school sponsored activity or event, and while attending an activity or event regardless of location. All students shall comply with school rules and regulations and submit to reasonable directions of school authorities while in school, in transit, and while attending the activity, regardless of the time or day of the event. Any violation of the school rules or inappropriate behavior may constitute cause for discipline, suspension, expulsion, and possible involvement of the authorities.

Additionally, Reardan Middle School will continue with Positive Behavior Intervention Supports (PBIS) this upcoming school year. PBIS is a framework to teach and reinforce behaviors that we want our students to exhibit at school. Students and staff share clear and consistent expectations about how students should act in different settings (classroom, hallways, commons, restrooms, etc.). The school-wide expectations that we will require all students to know, understand, and follow are: BE RESPECTFUL, BE RESPONSIBLE, BE READY TO LEARN. Working together to promote positive behavior helps increase student achievement and success with 21st Century learning skills. Research shows that when the home and school work together, student learning is more successful. Practice the school-wide expectations at home and encourage your child to be "Respectful, Responsible and Ready to Learn". You will get more information on PBIS throughout the school year in our Reardan Weekly updates. We look forward to an exciting school year full of positive experiences.

#### **Screaming Eagle Expectations**

	Respectful	Responsible	Ready to Learn
Hallway	<ul> <li>Walk in the halls</li> <li>Keep hands and feet to self</li> <li>PDA is not permitted</li> <li>Use appropriate language</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Follow directions of Adults</li> <li>Keep voices low - classes may be in progress</li> <li>Use only what belongs to you</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Set a good example</li> <li>Keep hallways clean and clear</li> </ul>
Bathroom	<ul> <li>Respect privacy (no videos)</li> <li>Use kind words and actions</li> <li>Throw trash in the garbage</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report problems to Adults immediately</li> <li>One person in the stall at a time</li> <li>Wash hands w/soap</li> </ul>	Take care of business and then get to class
Classroom	<ul> <li>Follow teacher directions</li> <li>Focus on learning (do not disrupt others' learning).</li> <li>Use appropriate language</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Engage in the learning</li> <li>Keep phone/electronic devices in locker</li> <li>Do your own work and contribute to the group.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Give your best effort</li> <li>Ask for help</li> <li>Be prepared w/supplies</li> <li>Bring Chromebooks charged</li> </ul>

Library	<ul> <li>Use appropriate language</li> <li>Follow directions from adults</li> <li>Put things away in their proper space</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Take care of equipment</li> <li>Clean up after yourself</li> </ul>	Return materials on time
Gym	<ul> <li>Use the rugs as a walk-way</li> <li>Walk "up and around" when possible.</li> <li>Socks or gym shoes on floor only</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Follow safety expectations at all times.</li> <li>Use equipment appropriately.</li> <li>Put equipment away properly.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Try your best</li> <li>Use appropriate language</li> <li>Play by the rules</li> </ul>
Locker Room	<ul> <li>Respect Privacy (no videos/photos)</li> <li>Use assigned locker</li> <li>Use lock for assigned locker</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Keep illegal devices or substances out of the school</li> <li>Clean up your own area</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Change quickly and get to class.</li> <li>Use appropriate language .</li> </ul>
Bus	<ul> <li>Be on time</li> <li>Keep aisle clear</li> <li>Use appropriate language</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Follow Directions of Driver</li> <li>Sit face forward and keep all body parts inside the bus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Obtain a pass when changing buses or stops.</li> <li>Sit in assigned seat.</li> </ul>

#### DRESS CODE (SEE POLICY 3224 – STUDENT DRESS)

Dress and grooming are rightfully the responsibility of the individual and his/her parents. To be appropriate for school, a person's dress and grooming should be clean, neat, and safe. It should not constitute a safety or health hazard nor should it hamper or disrupt the educational process.

It is the responsibility of the campus administrators to ensure that enforcement of this policy is done in a consistent manner with respect to community standards and age appropriateness. Staff who feel a student has violated the dress code will ask the student to go to the office where the administrator or designee will do the following:

- 1. Review the Dress Code and respectfully discuss the violation
- 2. Ask the student to change or put on other clothing:
- 3. If the student has no other clothing some will be provided for them:
- 4. If the student refuses to change clothing, the parent will be called and the student will have in-school intervention.

# While it is inevitable that there will be differences of opinion regarding the appropriateness of a student's attire, the final decision lies with the building administrator.

#### **CLOTHING AND GROOMING**

The goal of the Reardan-Edwall School District dress code is to promote pride among our students and teach appropriate attire for the workforce. School is where we practice choosing appropriate attire that is safe and garners respect. Students should dress in a way that is not disruptive to the educational environment or dangerous to themselves or others.

- 1. Shoes must be worn at all times. Shoes with wheels are not allowed.
- 2. Shorts, skirts, pants, and dresses must cover undergarments and private areas even when sitting.
- 3. Shirts and tank tops neckline and back line must come to the student armpit if measured straight across (no underwear showing).
- 4. Items that display pictures, slogans, or language that is provocative, offensive, violent, profane, sexual, drug related, alcohol related, tobacco related, gang related or promote death or hate messages will not be permitted.
- 5. Ripped jeans are permitted as long as they fully cover all undergarments and private areas.
- 6. Makeup is acceptable, but full-face paint is prohibited (nothing excessive).
- 7. Pajamas are to be worn on spirit days only.
- 8. Crop tops should touch the top of pants and cover the belly button area.
- 9. Flags and blankets are not to be worn as capes/shawls (blankets can be used on the bus and stored in lockers).
- 10. Costumes/tails/ears/wings are not to be worn with the exception of spirit weeks.

- 11. Jewelry must be flat, no spiked collars/dog collars. Excessive chains are not allowed.
- 12. Sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in the school building during the school day.
- 13. Hoods are not to be worn in the building.

The goal of the Reardan-Edwall School District dress code is to promote **PRIDE** among our students and teach appropriate attire for the workforce. This dress code was developed in conjunction with students and administrators.

#### DRUG-FREE, WEAPON-FREE SCHOOLS

Reardan-Edwall School District is a drug-free and weapon-free zone. Any drug, alcohol, tobacco, nicotine products, E-cigarettes and/or vaping devices of any type are not permitted on district property or at any school related event at any time. This includes public attendance at any school function.

Reardan-Edwall Schools maintain all school district facilities in compliance with state law as drug-free and weapon-free facilities. **Students are not allowed to bring weapons, including pocket knives, to school.** The use, possession, or sale of alcohol, tobacco, drugs, or weaponry (as defined by RCW 9.41.280) is prohibited on District property except for:

- 1. Persons engaged in military, law enforcement or district security activities.
- 2. Persons involved in a school-authorized convention, showing, demonstration, lecture or firearms safety courses.
- 3. Persons competing in school authorized firearm or air gun competitions.
- 4. Any federal, state, or local law enforcement officer.
- 5. Persons over 18, who are not enrolled as students, with concealed weapons permits and who are picking up or dropping off students.
- 6. Persons over 18, who are not enrolled as students and are conducting legitimate business at the school, may be in possession of a lawful firearm or other dangerous weapon, but the weapon must be secured in a vehicle; or concealed from view in a locked, unattended vehicle.
- 7. Persons bringing dangerous weapons other than firearms if they are lawfully possessed and are to be used in a school authorized martial arts class.
- 8. Persons, over 18 or between 14-18 years of age, with written parental permission, who possess personal protection spray devices to be used only in self-defense as defined by the state law.

#### FIREARMS AND DANGEROUS WEAPONS (TITLE I, SAFE AND DRUG FREE SCHOOLS)

**Possession of firearms AND/OR dangerous weapons** which include nunchucks, throwing stars, stun guns, black jacks, bb/pellet/air guns and look-alike guns, metal knuckles and other weapons as defined by RCW 9.41.280 are not permitted on school property and will result in suspension or other disciplinary action, subject to appeal with notification to parents and law enforcement.

#### PROHIBITION OF HARASSMENT, INTIMIDATION AND BULLYING

Our Schools Protect Students from Harassment, Intimidation, and Bullying (HIB)

Schools are meant to be safe and inclusive environments where all students are protected from Harassment, Intimidation, and Bullying (HIB), including in the classroom, on the school bus, in school sports, and during other school activities. This section defines HIB, explains what to do when you see or experience it, and our school's process for responding to it.

#### What is HIB?

HIB is any intentional electronic, written, verbal, or physical act of a student that:

- Physically harms another student or damages their property;
- Has the effect of greatly interfering with another student's education; or,
- Is so severe, persistent, or significant that it creates an intimidating or threatening education environment for other students.

HIB generally involves an observed or perceived power imbalance and is repeated multiple times or is highly likely to be repeated. HIB is not allowed, by law, in our schools.

#### How can I make a report or complaint about HIB?

Talk to any school staff member (consider starting with whoever you are most comfortable with!). You may use our district's reporting form or the anonymous tip line to share concerns about HIB (<a href="HIB Reporting Form">HIB Reporting Form</a>) but reports about HIB can be made in writing or verbally. Your report can be made anonymously, if you are uncomfortable revealing your identity, or confidentially if you prefer it not be shared with other students involved with the report. No disciplinary action will be taken against another student based solely on an anonymous or confidential report.

If a staff member is notified of, observes, overhears, or otherwise witnesses HIB, they must take prompt and appropriate action to stop the HIB behavior and to prevent it from happening again. Our district also has a HIB Compliance Officer (Debi Newsum, <a href="mailto:dnewsum@reardansd.net">dnewsum@reardansd.net</a> or 509-796-2701) who supports prevention and response to HIB.

#### What happens after I make a report about HIB?

If you report HIB, school staff must attempt to resolve the concerns. If the concerns are resolved, then no further action may be necessary. However, if you feel that you or someone you know is the victim of unresolved, severe, or persistent HIB that requires further investigation and action, then you should request an official HIB investigation.

Also, the school must take actions to ensure that those who report HIB don't experience retaliation.

#### What is the investigation process?

When you report a complaint, the HIB Compliance Officer or staff member leading the investigation must notify the families of the students involved with the complaint and must make sure a prompt and thorough investigation takes place. The investigation must be completed within 5 school days, unless you agree on a different timeline. If your complaint involves circumstances that require a longer investigation, the district will notify you with the anticipated date for their response.

When the investigation is complete, the HIB Compliance Officer or the staff member leading the investigation must provide you with the outcomes of the investigation within 2 school days. This response should include:

- A summary of the results of the investigation
- A determination of whether the HIB is substantiated
- Any corrective measures or remedies needed
- Clear information about how you can appeal the decision

#### What are the next steps if I disagree with the outcome?

For the student designated as the "targeted student" in a complaint: If you do not agree with the school district's decision, you may appeal the decision and include any additional information regarding the complaint to the superintendent, or the person assigned to lead the appeal, and then to the school board.

For the student designated as the "aggressor" in a complaint: A student found to be an "aggressor" in a HIB complaint may not appeal the decision of a HIB investigation. They can, however, appeal corrective actions that result from the findings of the HIB investigation.

For more information about the HIB complaint process, including important timelines, please see the district's website: reardan.net or the district's HIB Policy [3207] and Procedure [3207P].

#### Our School Stands Against Discrimination

Discrimination can happen when someone is treated differently or unfairly because they are part of a **protected class**, including their race, color, national origin, sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, religion, creed, disability, use of a service animal, or veteran or military status.

#### What is discriminatory harassment?

Discriminatory harassment can include teasing and name-calling; graphic and written statements; or other conduct that may be physically threatening, harmful, or humiliating. Discriminatory harassment happens when the conduct is based on a student's protected class and is serious enough to create a hostile environment. A **hostile environment** is created when conduct is so severe, pervasive, or persistent that it limits a student's ability to participate in, or benefit from, the school's services, activities, or opportunities.

To review the district's Nondiscrimination Policy [3210] and Procedure [3210P], visit [reardan.net].

#### What is sexual harassment?

**Sexual harassment** is any unwelcome conduct or communication that is sexual in nature and substantially interferes with a student's educational performance or creates an intimidating or hostile environment. Sexual harassment can also occur when a student is led to believe they must submit to unwelcome sexual conduct or communication to gain something in return, such as a grade or a place on a sports team.

Examples of sexual harassment can include pressuring a person for sexual actions or favors; unwelcome touching of a sexual nature; graphic or written statements of a sexual nature; distributing sexually explicit texts, e-mails, or pictures; making sexual jokes, rumors, or suggestive remarks; and physical violence, including rape and sexual assault.

Our schools do not discriminate based on sex and prohibit sex discrimination in all of our education programs and employment, as required by Title IX and state law.

To review the district's Sexual Harassment Policy [3205 and Procedure [3205P], visit [reardan.net].

What should my school do about discriminatory and sexual harassment?

When a school becomes aware of possible discriminatory or sexual harassment, it must investigate and stop the harassment. The school must address any effects the harassment had on the student at school, including eliminating the hostile environment, and make sure that the harassment does not happen again.

#### What can I do if I'm concerned about discrimination or harassment?

**Talk to a Coordinator or submit a written complaint.** You may contact the following school district staff members to report your concerns, ask questions, or learn more about how to resolve your concerns.

Concerns about discrimination:

Civil Rights Coordinator: Debi Newsum, MS Principal, 215 E. Spokane Ave. Reardan, WA 99029 <a href="mailto:dnewsum@reardansd.net">dnewsum@reardansd.net</a>, 509-796-2701

Concerns about sex discrimination, including sexual harassment:

Title IX Coordinator: Debi Newsum, MS Principal, 215 E. Spokane Ave. Reardan, WA 99029 <a href="mailto:dnewsum@reardansd.net">dnewsum@reardansd.net</a>, 509-796-2701

Concerns about disability discrimination:

Section 504 Coordinator: Debi Newsum, MS Principal, 215 E. Spokane Ave. Reardan, WA 99029 <a href="mailto:dnewsum@reardansd.net">dnewsum@reardansd.net</a>, 509-796-2701

Concerns about discrimination based on gender identity:

Gender-Inclusive Schools Coordinator: Debi Newsum, MS Principal, 215 E. Spokane Ave. Reardan, WA 99029 dnewsum@reardansd.net, 509-796-2701

To **submit a written complaint**, describe the conduct or incident that may be discriminatory and send it by mail, fax, email, or hand delivery to the school principal, district superintendent, or civil rights coordinator. Submit the complaint as soon as possible for a prompt investigation, and within one year of the conduct or incident.

#### What happens after I file a discrimination complaint?

The Civil Rights Coordinator will give you a copy of the school district's discrimination complaint procedure. The Civil Rights Coordinator must make sure a prompt and thorough investigation takes place. The investigation must be completed within 30 calendar days unless you agree to a different timeline. If your complaint involves exceptional circumstances that require a longer investigation, the Civil Rights Coordinator will notify you in writing with the anticipated date for their response.

When the investigation is complete, the school district superintendent or the staff member leading the investigation will send you a written response. This response will include:

- A summary of the results of the investigation
- A determination of whether the school district failed to comply with civil rights laws
- Any corrective measures or remedies needed
- Notice about how you can appeal the decision

#### What are the next steps if I disagree with the outcome?

If you do not agree with the outcome of your complaint, you may appeal the decision to Superintendent Eric Sobotta, Reardan School Board of Directors, and then to the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI). More information about this process, including important timelines, is included in the district's Nondiscrimination Procedure (3210P) and Sexual Harassment Procedure (3205P).

#### I already submitted an HIB complaint – what will my school do?

Harassment, intimidation, or bullying (HIB) can also be discrimination if it's related to a protected class. If you give your school a written report of HIB that involves discrimination or sexual harassment, your school will notify the Civil Rights Coordinator. The school district will investigate the complaint using both the Nondiscrimination Procedure (3210P) and the HIB Procedure (3207P) to fully resolve your complaint.

#### Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI)

All reports must start locally at the school or district level. However, OSPI can assist students, families, communities, and school staff with questions about state law, the HIB complaint process, and the discrimination and sexual harassment complaint processes.

OSPI School Safety Center (For questions about harassment, intimidation, and bullying)

• Website: ospi.k12.wa.us/student-success/health-safety/school-safety-center

• Email: schoolsafety@k12.wa.us

Phone: 360-725-6068

OSPI Equity and Civil Rights Office (For questions about discrimination and sexual harassment)

• Website: ospi.k12.wa.us/policy-funding/equity-and-civil-rights

Email: equity@k12.wa.usPhone: 360-725-6162

#### Washington State Governor's Office of the Education Ombuds (OEO)

The Washington State Governor's Office of the Education Ombuds works with families, communities, and schools to address problems together so every student can fully participate and thrive in Washington's K-12 public schools. OEO provides informal conflict resolution tools, coaching, facilitation, and training about family, community engagement, and systems advocacy.

Website: <a href="www.oeo.wa.gov">www.oeo.wa.gov</a>
Email: <a href="mailto:oeoinfo@gov.wa.gov">oeoinfo@gov.wa.gov</a>
Phone: 1-866-297-2597

#### U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights (OCR)

The U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights (OCR) enforces federal nondiscrimination laws in public schools, including those that prohibit discrimination based on sex, race, color, national origin, disability, and age. OCR also has a discrimination complaint process.

• Website: <a href="https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html">https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html</a>

Email: orc@ed.govPhone: 800-421-3481

#### Our School is Gender-Inclusive

In Washington, all students have the right to be treated consistent with their gender identity at school. Our school will:

- Address students by their requested name and pronouns, with or without a legal name change
- Change a student's gender designation and have their gender accurately reflected in school records
- Allow students to use restrooms and locker rooms that align with their gender identity
- Allow students to participate in sports, physical education courses, field trips, and overnight trips in accordance with their gender identity
- Keep health and education information confidential and private
- Allow students to wear clothing that reflects their gender identity and apply dress codes without regard to a student's gender or perceived gender
- Protect students from teasing, bullying, or harassment based on their gender or gender identity

To review the district's Gender-Inclusive Schools Policy [3211] and Procedure [3211P], visit [reardan.net]. If you have questions or concerns, please contact the Gender-Inclusive Schools Coordinator:

Debi Newsum, MS Principal, 215 E. Spokane Ave. Reardan, WA 99029 <a href="mailto:dnewsum@reardansd.net">dnewsum@reardansd.net</a>, 509-796-2701 For concerns about discrimination or discriminatory harassment based on gender identity or gender expression, please see the information listed in this handbook or contact your building principal.

#### **Training**

This policy is a component of the district's responsibility to create and maintain a safe, civil, respectful and inclusive learning community and will be implemented in conjunction with comprehensive training of staff and volunteers.

#### Prevention

The district will provide students with strategies aimed at preventing harassment, intimidation and bullying. In its efforts to train students, the district will seek partnerships with families, law enforcement and other community agencies.

#### **Interventions**

Interventions are designed to remediate the impact on the targeted student(s) and others impacted by the violation, to change the behavior of the perpetrator, and to restore a positive school climate.

The district will consider the frequency of incidents, developmental age of the student, and the severity of the conduct in determining intervention strategies. Interventions will range from counseling, correcting behavior and discipline, to law enforcement referrals.

#### Students with Individual Education Plans or Section 504 Plans

If allegations are made that a student with an Individual Education Plan (IEP) or Section 504 Plan has been the target of harassment, intimidation or bullying, the school will convene the student's IEP or Section 504 team to determine whether the incident had an impact on the student's ability to receive a free, appropriate public education (FAPE). The meeting will occur regardless of whether the harassment, intimidation or bullying incident was based on the student's disability. During the meeting, the team will evaluate issues such as the student's academic performance, behavioral issues, attendance, and participation in extracurricular activities. If a determination is made that the student is not receiving a FAPE as a result of the harassment, intimidation or bullying incident, the district will provide all necessary additional services and supports, such as counseling, monitoring and/or reevaluation or revision of the student's IEP or Section 504 plan, to ensure the student receives a FAPE.

#### **Retaliation/False Allegations**

Retaliation is prohibited and will result in appropriate discipline. It is a violation of this policy to threaten or harm someone for reporting harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

It is also a violation of district policy to knowingly report false allegations of harassment, intimidation, and bullying. Students or employees will not be disciplined for making a report in good faith. However, persons found to knowingly report or corroborate false allegations will be subject to appropriate discipline.

ANONYMOUS REPORTING—WE HAVE A NEW APPLICATION FOR REPORTING SAFETY CONCERNS INCLUDING WEAPONS, DRUGS, THREATS, BULLYING, AND HARASSMENT. THIS APPLICATION IS ANONYMOUS AND WE ENCOURAGE PARENTS AND STUDENTS TO REPORT SAFETY CONCERNS HERE OR EMAIL SECURITY DIRECTOR BRAD EYLAR AT <a href="mailto:beylar@reardansd.net">beylar@reardansd.net</a> OR PRINCIPAL DEBI NEWSUM AT <a href="mailto:dnewsum@reardansd.net">DNEWSUM@reardansd.net</a>



HEARMEWA ANONYMOUS REPORTING SYSTEM (TIP-LINE)

VISIT THE WEBSITE: <a href="https://hearmewa.org/">https://hearmewa.org/</a>

CALL: 888-537-1634
TEXT: HEARMEWA TO 738477

USE THE APP: DOWNLOAD THE APP FROM GOOGLE PLAY OR APPLE APP STORE

Thanks in advance for helping to make our school community a safer place to work and learn! We appreciate your support.

#### IN-SCHOOL INTERVENTION

In-School Intervention may be assigned for minor or major disciplinary infractions. Students will be required to keep up on all schoolwork. Special rules and sanctions are enforced while a student is in In-School Intervention. Breaking of these rules will lengthen the days or result in further consequences.

#### **OPPORTUNITY ROOM**

Students who are disruptive to the learning environment will spend the rest of that class period working in the Opportunity Room. An opportunity room is a dedicated space within a school designed to support students who need time away from the classroom to refocus, self-regulate, and prepare themselves to re-engage with their learning. This room provides a calm and structured environment equipped with various tools and resources, such as comfortable seating, sensory materials, calming visuals, and mindfulness activities. Trained staff are available to guide students through strategies to manage their emotions, reduce stress, and develop coping skills. The goal of the opportunity room is to help students regain their composure and return to the classroom feeling centered and ready to participate in their educational activities effectively. Parents will be notified if their student spends time in the Opportunity Room.

#### **LUNCH DETENTION**

Lunch detention may be assigned for minor disciplinary and disruption infractions such as being tardy. Students will be required to get their lunch and take it to the assigned lunch detention location for recess time cleaning. If the student does not report for lunch detention on the assigned day it will be doubled. If the student does not serve their lunch detention, In-School Intervention or other consequences may result.

#### **LOCKERS**

Please refer to the below expectations concerning district lockers:

- 1. Lockers are district property subject to search and investigation.
- 2. All students who choose to secure a locker must have a <u>school-supplied lock</u>. Non-school locks are subject to immediate removal. (See Office Manager for a lock). A fee of \$7.00 will be charged for lost locks.
- 3. Students may not permanently mark on or vandalize lockers. Restitution will be required for any damages assessed.
- 4. Locker decorations must be appropriate for school. Stickers need to be "easy peel" for quick, clean removal.
- 5. Never leave valuables in unlocked lockers.
- 6. The principal will have the discretion to determine and enforce what is appropriate for locker décor.

#### LUNCH PROCEDURES - CLOSED CAMPUS FOR MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENTS

The lunchroom management and your fellow students will appreciate your cooperation in:

- 1. Waiting respectfully in line and not cutting in front of others.
- 2. Remaining seated in the lunchroom until clean up time.
- 3. Depositing all lunch litter in wastebaskets and returning all trays and utensils to the washing area.
- 4. Leaving the table and floor around your place in a clean condition for others.

#### STUDENTS ARE NOT PERMITTED TO LEAVE CAMPUS FOR LUNCH

(SEE POLICY 3242 – CLOSED CAMPUS)

Students are to stay on campus during lunch time unless arrangements have been made with the principal in certain situations.

#### MEDICATION AT SCHOOL

Under normal circumstances, prescribed and over the counter oral medications should be taken before and after school under the supervision of the parent or guardian. According to state law and district policy, if it is necessary for your child to receive medication during school hours, a Medical Authorization Form must be filled out. These forms are available in the school office and on our district website. The form must be signed by the attending physician and the parent. Medications must be turned in to the office or health room in the original containers or prescription bottles to be administered by authorized staff. The exception to this would be situations where the parent or guardian and healthcare provider have signed an authorization for the student to carry an inhaler or Epi-Pen for emergency use. Violations of any conditions placed on the student permitted to carry and or self-administer their own medication may result in termination of the permission as well as the imposition of discipline where appropriate. There are no circumstances under which a student may carry prescription or over the counter medications without having a current medication request form on file. Failure to adhere to this policy may result in disciplinary action.

#### PERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS

Students shall show respect for others by refraining from public displays of affection. Any type of display of affection that makes the recipient or others uncomfortable (including hugging and kissing) will be subject to disciplinary action.

#### SEXUAL HARASSMENT

This District is committed to a positive and productive education and working environment free from discrimination, including sexual harassment. The district prohibits sexual harassment of students, employees and others involved in school district activities. See also, Appendix B, Reardan-Edwall Schools Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure. Sexual Harassment occurs when:

- 1. Submitting to the harasser's sexual demands is a stated or implied condition of obtaining an education or work opportunity or other benefit:
- 2. Submission to or rejection of sexual demands is a factor in an academic, work or other school-related decision affecting an individual; or
- 3. Unwelcome sexual or gender-directed conduct or communication interferes with an individual's performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive environment.

#### **BUS RULES AND REGULATIONS**

The Reardan-Edwall School District and Transportation Department strive to ensure the safety of our students while riding in school buses or other district vehicles. We seek to provide a learning environment that is safe and secure. This learning environment also includes the school buses your students ride to and from school each day.

Please note that riding a bus to school is a privilege and not a right, and this privilege can be lost if students repeatedly refuse to follow bus rules. In addition, Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 392-145 makes certain behaviors on a school bus a crime. Student behaviors that require the driver to divert their attention from the road place all students' safety at risk and will not be tolerated. Finally, to remain on schedule and to avoid safety concerns we ask that parents not board the bus to talk with the driver during the routes. Please call the Transportation Department with any concerns or changes at (509) 796-4361.

While on the bus, students are required to:

- 1. Follow all instructions given by the driver.
- 2. Follow regular classroom rules and always use an inside voice while on the bus.

- 3. Sit in assigned seat unless given permission to change.
- 4. Keep all body parts inside the bus at all times.
- 5. Use personal electronic devices appropriately.

Discipline will be administered for citations written by bus drivers. District Administrators will investigate and oversee disciplinary steps. Depending on the infraction, discipline will be administered from the following options:

- 1. A warning, parent contacted from school, citation and letter sent home.
- 2. Lunch detention, parent contacted from school, citation and letter sent home.
- 3. Loss of riding privilege for 1-3 days, parent contacted from school, citation and letter sent home.
- 4. Loss of riding privilege for 3-5 days, parent contacted from school, citation and letter sent home.
- 5. Riding privilege revoked, parent contacted from school, citation and letter sent home.

#### **BIKES AND SKATEBOARDS**

Bikes and skateboards may not be ridden during the school day, and school district property is not to be used to perform any type of stunt or unsafe activity regardless of time or day. "Heelie" or shoes with wheels inside are prohibited as they are a safety violation.

#### THEFT AND VANDALISM

Students shall respect the property of others. Any theft or vandalism that is a clear violation of the law will require a police report along with school discipline. Students shall be held financially responsible for stolen or damaged property.

#### PROCEDURE 3241P - STUDENT DISCIPLINE

#### **DEFINITIONS**

For purposes of all disciplinary policies and procedures, the following definitions will apply:

- 1. **Behavioral Violation:** A student's behavior that violates the district's discipline policies.
- 2. **Classroom Exclusion:** The exclusion of a student from a classroom or instructional or activity area for behavioral violations, subject to the requirements of WAC 392-400-330 and 392-400-335. Classroom exclusion does not include action that results in missed instruction for a brief duration when:
  - a. A teacher or other school personnel attempts other forms of discipline to support the student in meeting behavioral expectations;
  - b. And the student remains under the supervision of the teacher or other school personnel during such brief duration.
- 3. **Culturally Responsive:** The same meaning as "cultural competency" in RCW 28A.410.270, which states "cultural competency" includes knowledge of student cultural histories and contexts, as well as family norms and values in different cultures; knowledge and skills in accessing community resources and community and parent outreach; and skills in adapting instruction to students' experiences and identifying cultural contexts for individual students.
- 4. **Discipline:** Any action taken by a school district in response to behavioral violations.
- 5. **Disruption of the Educational Process:** The interruption of classwork, the creation of disorder, or the invasion of the rights of a student or group of students.
- 6. **Emergency Removal:** The removal of a student from school because the student's statements or behavior pose an immediate and continuing danger to other students or school personnel, or an immediate and continuing threat of material and substantial disruption of the educational process, subject to the requirements in WAC 392-400-510 through 392-400-530.
- 7. **Expulsion:** A denial of admission to the student's current school placement in response to a behavioral violation, subject to the requirements in WAC 392-400-430 through 392-400-480.
- 8. **Length of an Academic Term:** The total number of school days in a single trimester or semester, as defined by the board of directors.
- 9. **Other Forms of Discipline:** actions used in response to problem behaviors and behavioral violations, other than classroom exclusion, suspension, expulsion, or emergency removal, which may involve the use of best practices and strategies included in the state menu for behavior developed under RCW 28A.165.035.
- 10. Parent: Is defined in WAC 392-172A-01125, and means:
  - a. A biological or adoptive parent of a child;
  - b. A foster parent;
- c. A guardian generally authorized to act as the child's parent, or authorized to make educational decisions for the student, but not the state, if the student is a ward of the state;
- d. An individual acting in the place of a biological or adoptive parent, including a grandparent, stepparent, or other relative with whom the student lives, or an individual who is legally responsible for the student's welfare; or a surrogate parent who has been

appointed in accordance with WAC 392-172A.05130. If the biological or adoptive parent is attempting to act as the parent and more than one party meets the qualifications to act as a parent, the biological or adoptive parent must be presumed to be the parent unless he or she does not have legal authority to make educational decisions for the student. If a judicial decree or order identifies a specific person or persons to act as the "parent" of a child or to make educational decisions on behalf of a child, then that person or persons shall be determined to be the parent for purposes of this policy and procedure.

- 11. **School Board:** The governing board of directors of the local school district.
- 12. **School Business Day:** Any calendar day except Saturdays, Sundays, and any federal and school holidays upon which the office of the Superintendent is open to the public for business. A school business day concludes or terminates upon the closure of the Superintendent's office for the calendar day.
- 13. School Day: Any day or partial day that students are in attendance at school for instructional purposes.
- 14. **Suspension:** The denial of attendance in response to a behavioral violation from any subject or class, or from any full schedule of subjects or classes, but not including classroom exclusions, expulsions, or emergency removals. Suspension may also include denial of admission to or entry upon, real and personal property that is owned, leased, rented, or controlled by the district.
- 15. **In-School Intervention:** An intervention in which a student is excluded from the student's regular educational setting but remains in the student's current school placement for up to ten consecutive school days, subject to the requirements in WAC 392-400-430 through 392-400-475.
- 16. **Short-Term Suspension:** A suspension in which a student is excluded from school for up to ten consecutive school days, subject to the requirements in WAC 392-400-430 through 392-400-475.
- 17. **Long-Term Suspension:** A suspension in which a student is excluded from school for more than ten consecutive school days, subject to the requirements in WAC 392-400-430 through 392-400-475.

#### ENGAGING WITH FAMILIES & LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE

The district must provide for early involvement of parents in efforts to support students in meeting behavioral expectations. Additionally, the district must make every reasonable attempt to involve the student and parent in the resolution of behavioral violations.

The district must ensure that it provides all communications [oral and written] required in connection with this policy and procedure in a language the student and parent(s) understand. These discipline related communications include notices, hearings, conferences, meetings, plans, proceedings, agreements, petitions, and decisions. This effort may require language assistance for students and parents with Limited-English Proficiency under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. For parents who are unable to read any language, the district will provide written material orally.

#### SUPPORTING STUDENTS WITH OTHER FORMS OF DISCIPLINE

Unless a student's on-going behavior poses an immediate and continuing danger to others, or a student's on-going behavior poses an immediate and continuing threat to the educational process, staff members must first attempt one or more other forms of discipline to support students in meeting behavioral expectations before imposing classroom exclusion, short-term suspension, or in-school suspension. Before imposing a long-term suspension or expulsion, the district must first consider other forms of discipline.

The types of behaviors for which the staff members may use other forms of discipline include any violation of the rules of conduct, as developed annually by the Superintendent.

These other forms of discipline may involve the use of best practices and strategies included in the state menu for behavior available online at: <a href="https://www.k12.wa.us/sites/default/files/public/2020%20Behavior%20Menu%20with%20ADA.pdf">https://www.k12.wa.us/sites/default/files/public/2020%20Behavior%20Menu%20with%20ADA.pdf</a>. The district has identified the following for use as other forms of discipline:

- 1. Oral or written feedback.
- 2. Parent notification or conferences.
- 3. Increased supervision.
- 4. Detention (lunch or after school).
- 5. Loss of privileges.
- 6. Behavior monitoring or contract.
- 7. Counseling.
- 8. Community service or restitution.
- 9. Peer mediation.
- 10. De-escalation.
- 11. Restorative justice.

Staff members are not restricted to the above list and may use any other form of discipline compliant with WAC 392-400-025(9). Additionally, staff may use after-school detention as another form of discipline for not more than thirty (30) minutes on any given day. Before assigning after-school detention, the staff member will inform the student of the specific behavior prompting the detention and provide the student with an opportunity to explain or justify the behavior as well as ensure that the parent is notified. At least one professional staff member will directly supervise students in after-school detention.

Administering other forms of discipline cannot result in the denial or delay of the student's nutritionally adequate meal or prevent a student from accomplishing a specific academic grade, subject, or graduation requirements.

Students and parents may challenge the administration of other forms of discipline, including the imposition of after-school detention using the grievance process below.

#### STAFF AUTHORITY AND EXCLUSIONARY DISCIPLINE

District staff members are responsible for supervising students immediately before and after the school day; during the school day; during school activities (whether on or off campus); on school grounds before or after school hours when a school group or school activity is using school grounds; off school grounds, if the actions of the student materially or substantially affect or interferes with the educational process; and on the school bus.

Staff members will seek early involvement of parents in efforts to support students in meeting behavioral expectations. The Superintendent has general authority to administer discipline, including all exclusionary discipline. The Superintendent designates disciplinary authority to impose short-term suspensions, long-term suspensions, expulsions, and emergency removals to School Principals.

#### CLASSROOM EXCLUSIONS

After attempting at least one other form of discipline, as set forth above, school principals, as well as teachers, have statutory authority to impose classroom exclusion. Classroom exclusion means the exclusion of a student from the classroom or instructional activity area based on a behavioral violation that disrupts the educational process.

Classroom exclusion may be for all or any portion of the balance of the school day. Classroom exclusion does not encompass removing a student from school, including sending a student home early or telling a parent to keep a student at home, based on a behavioral violation. Removing a student from school constitutes a suspension, expulsion, or emergency removal and must include the notification and due process as stated in the section below.

Classroom exclusion cannot result in the denial or delay of the student's nutritionally adequate meal or prevent a student from accomplishing a specific academic grade, subject, or graduation requirements.

The school will provide the student an opportunity to make up any assignments and tests missed during a classroom exclusion. The district will not administer any form of discipline, including classroom exclusions, in a manner that would result in the denial or delay of a nutritionally adequate meal to a student or prevent a student from accomplishing a specific academic grade, subject, or graduation requirements.

Following the classroom exclusion of a student, the teacher (or other school personnel as identified) must report the classroom exclusion, including the behavioral violation that led to the classroom exclusion, to the principal or the principal's designee as soon as reasonably possible. The principal or designee must report all classroom exclusions, including the behavioral violation that led to it to the Superintendent. Reporting of the behavioral violation that led to the classroom exclusion as "other" is insufficient.

The teacher, principal, or the principal's designee must notify the student's parents regarding the classroom exclusion as soon as reasonably possible. As noted above, the district must ensure that this notification is in a language and form (i.e. oral or written) the parents understand.

When the teacher or other authorized school personnel administers a classroom exclusion because the student's statements or behavior pose an immediate and continuing danger to other students or school personnel, or an immediate and continuing threat of material and substantial disruption of the educational process:

- 1. The teacher or other school personnel must immediately notify the principal or the principal's designee; and
- 2. The principal or the principal's designee must meet with the student as soon as reasonably possible and administer appropriate discipline.

The district will address student and parent grievances regarding classroom exclusion through the grievance procedures.

#### GRIEVANCE PROCESS FOR OTHER FORMS OF DISCIPLINE AND CLASSROOM EXCLUSION

Any parent/guardian or student who is aggrieved by the imposition of other forms of discipline and/or classroom exclusion has the right to an informal conference with the principal or the principal's designee for the purpose of resolving the grievance. At that informal conference, the student will be provided with an opportunity to share his or her perspective and explanation regarding the behavior violation.

Discipline that may be grieved under this section includes other forms of discipline, including after-school detention; classroom exclusion; removal or suspension from athletic activity or participation; and removal or suspension from school-provided transportation.

#### SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION – GENERAL CONDITIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The district's use of suspension and expulsion will have a real and substantial relationship to the lawful maintenance and operation of the school district, including but not limited to, the preservation of the health and safety of students and employees and the preservation of an educational process that is conducive to learning. The district will not expel, suspend, or discipline in any manner for a student's performance of or failure to perform any act not related to the orderly operation of the school or school-sponsored activities or any other aspect of preserving the educational process. The district will not administer any form of discipline in a manner that would prevent a student from accomplishing a specific academic grade, subject, or graduation requirements.

Additionally, the Superintendent or designee must consider the student's individual circumstances and the nature and circumstances of the violation before administering any suspension or expulsion.

The board recognizes that when a student's behavior is subject to disciplinary action, review by a panel of the student's peers may positively influence the student's behavior. The board has discretion to authorize the establishment of one or more student disciplinary boards, which may also include teachers, administrators, parents, or any combination thereof. The student disciplinary board may recommend to the appropriate school authority other forms of discipline that might benefit the student's behavior and may also provide input on whether exclusionary discipline is needed. The school authority has discretion to set aside or modify the student disciplinary board's recommendation.

The principal or designee at each school must report all suspensions and expulsions, including the behavioral violation that led to the suspension or expulsion, to the Superintendent or designee within twenty-four (24) hours after the administration. Reporting the behavioral violation that led to the suspension or expulsion as "other" is insufficient.

An expulsion or suspension of a student may not be for an indefinite period and must have an end date. After suspending or expelling a student, the district will make reasonable efforts to return the student to the student's regular educational setting as soon as possible. Additionally, the district must allow the student to petition for readmission at any time. The district will not administer any form of discipline in a manner that prevents a student from completing subject, grade-level, or graduation requirements.

When administering a suspension or expulsion, the district may deny a student admission to, or entry upon, real and personal property that the district owns, leases, rents, or controls. The district must provide an opportunity for students to receive educational services during a suspension or expulsion (see below). The district will not suspend or expel a student from school for absences or tardiness.

If during a suspension or expulsion the district enrolls a student in another program or course of study, the district may not preclude the student from returning to the student's regular educational setting following the end of the suspension or expulsion, unless one of the following applies:

The Superintendent or designee grants a petition to extend a student's expulsion under WAC 392-400-480; the change of setting is to protect victims under WAC 392-400-810; or other law precludes the student from returning to his or her regular educational setting.

In accordance with RCW 28A.600.420, a school district must expel a student for no less than one year if the district has determined that the student has carried or possessed a firearm on school premises, school-provided transportation, or areas of facilities while being used exclusively by public schools. The Superintendent may modify the expulsion on a case-by-case basis.

A school district may also suspend or expel a student for up to one year if the student acts with malice (as defined under RCW 9A.04.110) and displays an instrument that appears to be a firearm on school premises, school-provided transportation, or areas of facilities while being used exclusively by public schools. These provisions do not apply to students while engaged in a district authorized military education; a district authorized firearms convention or safety course; or district authorized rifle competition.

#### IN-SCHOOL INTERVENTION AND SHORT-TERM SUSPENSION

The Superintendent designates school principals, vice-principals, and their designees with the authority to impose in-school intervention and short-term suspension. Before administering an in-school intervention or short-term suspension, staff members must have first attempted one or more other forms of discipline to support the student in meeting behavioral expectations and considered the student's individual circumstances. The district will not administer in-school intervention that would result in the denial or delay of the student's nutritionally adequate meal.

Unless otherwise required by law, the district is not required to impose in-school intervention or short-term suspensions and instead, strives to keep students in school, learning in a safe and appropriate environment. However, there are circumstances when the district may determine that in-school intervention or short-term suspension is appropriate.

Behavior which may result in an in-school intervention or short-term suspension include:

- 1. Being intoxicated or under the influence of controlled substance, alcohol or marijuana at school or while present at school activities:
- 2. Bomb scares or false fire alarms that cause a disruption to the school program;
- 3. Cheating or disclosure of exams;
- 4. Commission of any crime on school grounds or during school activities;
- 5. Dress code violations that the student refuses to correct (see student dress policy/procedure 3224); especially clothing with lewd, sexual, drug, tobacco, alcohol related messages, or apparel associated with gangs or hate groups.
- 6. Fighting: Fighting and instigating, promoting, or escalating a fight, as well as failure to disperse. Engaging in any form of fighting where physical blows are exchanged, regardless of who initiated the fight. This prohibition includes hitting, slapping, pulling hair, biting, kicking, choking, and scratching or any other acts in which a student intentionally inflicts or attempts to inflict injury on another:
- 7. Gang-related activity;
- 8. Harassment/intimidation/bullying;
- 9. Intentional deprivation of student and staff use of school facilities;
- 10. Intentional endangerment to self, other students, or staff, including endangering on a school bus;
- 11. Intentional injury to another;
- 12. Intentionally defacing or destroying the property of another;
- 13. Intentionally obstructing the entrance or exit of any school building or room in order to deprive others of passing through;
- 14. Possession, use, sale, or delivery of illegal or controlled chemical substances;
- 15. Refusal to cease prohibited behavior;
- 16. Refusal to leave an area when repeatedly instructed to do so by school personnel;
- 17. Sexual misconduct that could constitute sexual assault or harassment on school grounds, at school activities, or on school provided transportation;
- 18. Substantially and intentionally interfering with or disrupting any class or activity;
- 19. Behavior that adversely impacts the health or safety of other students or educational staff;
- 20. Threats of violence to other students or staff; o
- 21. Use or possession of weapons prohibited by state law and Policy 4210 and Procedure 4210P (Regulation of Dangerous Weapons on School Premises).

#### INITIAL HEARING

Before administering any in-school or short-term suspension, the district will attempt to notify the student's parent(s) as soon as reasonably possible regarding the behavioral violation. Additionally, the principal or designee must conduct an informal initial hearing with the student to hear the student's perspective. The principal or designee must provide the student an opportunity to contact his or her parent(s) regarding the initial hearing. The district must hold the initial hearing in a language the parent and student understand.

At the initial hearing, the principal or designee will provide the student:

- 1. Notice of the student's violation of this policy;
- 2. An explanation of the evidence regarding the behavioral violation;
- 3. An explanation of the discipline that may be administered; and
- 4. An opportunity for the student to share his or her perspective and provide explanation regarding the behavioral violation.

#### NOTICE

Following the initial hearing, the principal or designee must inform the student of the disciplinary decision regarding the behavioral violation, including the date when any suspension or expulsion will begin and end.

No later than one (1) school business day following the initial hearing with the student, the district will provide written notice of the suspension or expulsion to the student and parents in person, by mail, or by email in a language and form the student and parents will understand. The written notice must include:

- 1. A description of the student's behavior and how the behavior violated this policy;
- 2. The duration and conditions of the suspension or expulsion, including the dates on which the suspension or expulsion will begin and end:
- 3. The other forms of discipline that the district considered or attempted, and an explanation of the district's decision to administer the suspension or expulsion;
- 4. The opportunity to receive educational services during the suspension or expulsion;
- 5. The right of the student and parent(s) to an informal conference with the principal or designee; an
- 6. The right of the student and parent(s) to appeal the in-school or short-term suspension.

For students in kindergarten through fourth grade, the district will not administer in-school or short-term suspension for more than ten (10) cumulative school days during any academic term. For students in grades five through twelve, the district will not administer in-school or short-term suspension for more than fifteen (15) cumulative school days during any single semester, or more than ten (10) cumulative school days during any single trimester. Additionally, the district will not administer a short-term or in-school suspension beyond the school year in which the behavioral violation occurred.

The district will not administer in-school or short-term suspensions in a manner that would result in the denial or delay of a nutritionally adequate meal to a student.

When administering an in-school suspension, school personnel must ensure they are physically in the same location as the student to provide direct supervision during the duration of the in-school suspension. Additionally, school personnel must ensure they are accessible to offer support to keep the student current with assignments and coursework for all of the student's regular subjects or classes.

#### LONG-TERM SUSPENSIONS AND EXPULSIONS

Before administering a long-term suspension or an expulsion, district personnel must consider other forms of discipline to support the student in meeting behavioral expectations. The district must also consider the other general conditions and limitations listed above.

Unless otherwise required by law, the district is not required to impose long-term suspension or expulsion and may impose long-term suspension or expulsion only for specified misconduct. In general, the district strives to keep students in school, learning in a safe and appropriate environment. However, in accordance with the other parameters of this policy there are circumstances when the district may determine that long-term suspension or expulsion is appropriate for student behaviors listed in RCW 28A.600.015 (6) (a) through (d), which include:

- 1. Having a firearm on school property or school transportation in violation of RCW 28A.600.420;
- 2. Any of the following offenses listed in RCW 13.04.155, including:
- 3. Any violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, including
- 4. Any felony that Washington law defines as a class A felony or an attempt, criminal conspiracy, or solicitation to commit a class A felony;
- 5. Manslaughter;
- 6. Indecent liberties committed by forcible compulsion;
- 7. Kidnapping;
- 8. Arson;
- 9. Assault in the second degree;
- 10. Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 11. Robbery;
- 12. Drive-by shooting; and
- 13. Vehicular homicide or vehicular assault caused by driving a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or by operating a vehicle in a reckless manner.
- 14. Any sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, which includes any felony violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW (other than failure to registered as a sex offender in violation of 9A.44.132), including rape, rape of a child, child molestation, sexual misconduct with a minor, indecent liberties, voyeurism, and any felony conviction or adjudication with a sexual motivation finding;
- 15. Inhaling toxic fumes in violation of chapter 9.47A RCW;
- 16. Any controlled substance violation of chapter 69.50 RCW;
- 17. Any liquor violation of RCW 66.44.270;
- 18. Any weapons violation of chapter 9.41 RCW, including having a dangerous weapon at school in violation of RCW 9.41.280;
- 19. Any violation of chapter 9A.36 RCW, including assault, malicious harassment, drive-by shooting, reckless endangerment, promoting a suicide attempt, coercion, assault of a child, custodial assault, and failing to summon assistance for an injured victim of a crime in need of assistance;
- 20. Any violation of chapter 9A.40 RCW, including kidnapping, unlawful imprisonment, custodial interference, luring, and human trafficking;
- 21. Any violation of chapter 9A.46 RCW, including harassment, stalking, and criminal gang intimidation; or
- 22. Any violation of chapter 9A.48 RCW, including arson, reckless burning, malicious mischief, and criminal street gang tagging and graffiti.

The district may also determine that a long-term suspension or expulsion is appropriate when a student commits one of the following behaviors two times in a three-year period:

- 1. Criminal gang intimidation in violation of RCW 9A.46.120;
- 2. Gang activity on school grounds in violation of RCW 28A.600.455;
- 3. Willfully disobeying school administrative personnel in violation of RCW 28A.635.020; or,
- 4. Defacing or injuring school property in violation of RCW 28A.635.060.

Additionally, any student behavior that adversely impacts the health or safety of other students or educational staff may result in a long-term suspension or expulsion.

In addition to being a behavior specified in RCW 28A.600.015, before imposing long-term suspension or expulsion, district personnel must also determine that if the student returned to school before completing a long-term suspension or expulsion the student would pose an imminent danger to students, school personnel, or pose an imminent threat of material and substantial disruption to the

educational process. As stated above, the district will work to develop definitions and consensus on what constitutes such an imminent threat to reduce the effect of implicit or unconscious bias.

#### BEHAVIOR AGREEMENTS

The district authorizes staff to enter into behavior agreements with students and parents in response to behavioral violations, including agreements to reduce the length of a suspension conditioned on the participation in treatment services, agreements in lieu of suspension or expulsion, or agreements holding a suspension or expulsion in abeyance. Behavior agreements will also describe district actions planned to support behavior changes by the students. The district will provide any behavior agreement in a language and form the student and parents understand.

A behavior agreement does not waive a student's opportunity to participate in a re-engagement meeting or to receive educational services. The duration of a behavior agreement must not exceed the length of an academic term. A behavior agreement does not preclude the district from administering discipline for behavioral violations that occur after the district enters into an agreement with the student and parents.

#### **INITIAL HEARING**

Before administering any suspension or expulsion, the district will attempt to notify the student's parent(s) as soon as reasonably possible regarding the behavioral violation. Additionally, the principal or designee must conduct an informal initial hearing with the student to hear the student's perspective. The principal or designee must make a reasonable attempt to contact the student's parents and provide an opportunity for the parents to participate in the initial hearing in person or by telephone. The district must hold the initial hearing in a language the parent and student understand. At the initial hearing, the principal or designee will provide the student:

- 1. Notice of the student's violation of this policy;
- 2. An explanation of the evidence regarding the behavioral violation;
- 3. An explanation of the discipline that may be administered; and
- 4. An opportunity for the student to share his or her perspective and provide explanation regarding the behavioral violation.

Following the initial hearing, the principal or designee must inform the student of the disciplinary decision regarding the behavioral violation, including the date when any suspension or expulsion will begin and end.

#### NOTICE

No later than one (1) school business day following the initial hearing with the student, the district will provide written notice of the suspension or expulsion to the student and parents in person, by mail, or by email. If the parent cannot read any language, the district will provide language assistance. The written notice must include:

- 1. A description of the student's behavior and how the behavior violated this policy;
- 2. The duration and conditions of the suspension or expulsion, including the dates on which the suspension or expulsion will begin and end:
- 3. The other forms of discipline that the district considered or attempted, and an explanation of the district's decision to administer the suspension or expulsion;
- 4. The opportunity to receive educational services during the suspension or expulsion;
- 5. The right of the student and parent(s) to an informal conference with the principal or designee;
- 6. The right of the student and parent(s) to appeal the suspension or expulsion; and
- 7. For any long-term suspension or expulsion, the opportunity for the student and parents to participate in a re-engagement meeting.

Other than for the firearm exception under WAC 392-400-820, the district will not impose a long-term suspension or an expulsion for any student in kindergarten through fourth grade.

If a long-term suspension or expulsion may exceed ten (10) days, the district will consider whether the student is currently eligible or might be deemed eligible for special education services. If so, the principal will notify relevant special education staff of the suspension or expulsion so that the district can ensure it follows its special education discipline procedures as well as its general education discipline procedures.

#### DIVERGENCE BETWEEN LONG-TERM SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION

A long-term suspension may not exceed the length of an academic term. The district may not administer a long-term suspension beyond the school year in which the behavioral violation occurred.

An expulsion may not exceed the length of an academic term, unless the Superintendent grants a petition to extend the expulsion under WAC 392-400-480. The district is not prohibited from administering an expulsion beyond the school year in which the behavioral violation occurred.

#### **EMERGENCY REMOVAL**

The district may immediately remove a student from the student's current school placement, subject to the following requirements:

- 1. The district must have sufficient cause to believe that the student's statements or observable behaviors pose:
  - a. An immediate and continuing danger to other students or school personnel; or
  - b. An immediate and continuing threat of material and substantial disruption of the educational process.
- 2. The district may not impose an emergency removal solely for investigating student conduct.
- 3. For purposes of determining sufficient cause for an emergency removal, the phrase "immediate and continuing threat of material and substantial disruption of the educational process" means:
- a. The student's behavior results in an extreme disruption of the educational process that creates a substantial barrier to learning for other students across the school day; and
- b. School personnel have exhausted reasonable attempts at administering other forms of discipline to support the student in meeting behavioral expectations.
- 4. An emergency removal may not exceed ten consecutive school days. An emergency removal must end or be converted to another form of discipline within ten (10) school days from its start.
- 5. After an emergency removal, the district must attempt to notify the student's parents, as soon as reasonably possible, regarding the reason the district believes the student's statements or behaviors pose an immediate and continuing danger to other students or school personnel, or an immediate and continuing threat of material and substantial disruption of the education process.

#### NOTICE

Within twenty-four (24) hours after an emergency removal, the district will provide written notice to the student and parents in person, by mail, or by email. The written notice must include:

- 1. The reason the student's statements or behaviors pose an immediate and continuing danger to students or school personnel, or poses an immediate and continuing threat of material and substantial disruption of the educational process:
- 2. The duration and conditions of the emergency removal, including the date on which the emergency removal will begin and end;
- 3. The opportunity to receive educational services during the emergency removal;
- 4. The right of the student and parent(s) to an informal conference with the principal or designee; and
- 5. The right of the student and parent(s) to appeal the emergency removal, including where and to whom the appeal must be requested.

If the district converts an emergency removal to a suspension or expulsion, the district must:

- 1. Apply any days that the student was emergency removed before the conversion to the total length of the suspension or expulsion; and
- 2. Provide the student and parents with notice and due process rights under WAC 392-400-455 through 392-400-480 appropriate to the new disciplinary action.

All emergency removals, including the reason the student's statements or behaviors pose an immediate and continuing danger to other students or school personnel, must be reported to the Superintendent or designee within twenty-four (24) hours after the start of the emergency removal.

#### APPEAL, RECONSIDERATION, AND PETITION

#### OPTIONAL CONFERENCE WITH PRINCIPAL

If a student or the parent(s) disagree with the district's decision to suspend, remove, or emergency expel the student, the student or parent(s) may request an informal conference with the principal or designee to resolve the disagreement. The parent or student may request an informal conference orally or in writing.

The principal or designee must hold the conference within three (3) school business days after receiving the request, unless otherwise agreed to by the student and parent(s).

During the informal conference, the student and parent(s) will have the opportunity to share the student's perspective and explanation regarding the events that led to the behavioral violation. The student and parent will also have the opportunity to confer with the principal or designee and school personnel involved in the incident that led to the suspension or expulsion. Further, the student and parent will have the opportunity to discuss other forms of discipline that the district could administer.

An informal conference will not limit the right of the student or parent(s) to appeal the suspension or expulsion, participate in a re-engagement meeting, or petition for readmission.

#### **APPEALS**

The appeal provisions for in-school and short-term suspension differ from those for long-term suspension and expulsion. The appeal provisions for long-term suspension or expulsion and emergency removal have similarities but the timelines differ.

A student or the parent(s) may appeal a suspension, expulsion, or emergency removal to the Superintendent or designee orally or in writing. For suspension or expulsion, the request to appeal must be within five (5) school business days from when the district provided the student and parent with written notice. For emergency removal, the request to appeal must be within three (3) school business days from when the district provided the student and parent with written notice.

When an appeal for long-term suspension or expulsion is pending, the district may continue to administer the long-term suspension or expulsion during the appeal process, subject to the following requirements:

- 1. The suspension or expulsion is for no more than ten (10) consecutive school days from the initial hearing or until the appeal is decided, whichever is earlier;
- 2. The district will apply any days of suspension or expulsion occurring before the appeal is decided to the term of the student's suspension or expulsion and may not extend the term of the student's suspension or expulsion; and
- 3. If the student returns to school before the appeal is decided, the district will provide the student an opportunity to make up assignments and tests missed during the suspension or expulsion upon the student's return.

#### IN-SCHOOL INTERVENTIONS AND SHORT-TERM SUSPENSION APPEAL

For short-term and in-school interventions, the Superintendent or designee will provide the student and parents the opportunity to share the student's perspective and explanation regarding the behavioral violation orally or in writing.

The Superintendent or designee must deliver a written appeal decision to the student and parent(s) in person, by mail, or by email within two (2) school business days after receiving the appeal. The written decision must include:

- 1. The decision to affirm, reverse, or modify the suspension;
- 2. The duration and conditions of the suspension, including the beginning and ending dates;
- 3. The educational services the district will offer to the student during the suspension; and
- 4. Notice of the student and parent(s)' right to request review and reconsideration of the appeal decision, including where and to whom to make such a request.

#### LONG-TERM SUSPENSION OR EXPULSION AND EMERGENCY REMOVAL APPEAL

For long-term suspension or expulsion and emergency removals, the Superintendent or designee will provide the student and parent(s) written notice in person, by mail, or by email, within one (1) school business day after receiving the appeal request, unless the parties agree to a different timeline. Written notice will include:

- 1. The time, date, and location of the appeal hearing;
- 2. The name(s) of the official(s) presiding over the appeal;
- 3. The right of the student and parent(s) to inspect the student's education records;
- 4. The right of the student and parent(s) to inspect any documentary or physical evidence and a list of any witnesses that will be introduced at the hearing;
- 5. The rights of the student and parent(s) to be represented by legal counsel; question witnesses; share the student's perspective and explanation; and introduce relevant documentary, physical, or testimonial evidence; and
- 6. Whether the district will offer a re-engagement meeting before the appeal hearing.

For long-term suspension or expulsion, the student, parent(s) and district may agree to hold a re-engagement meeting and develop a re-engagement plan before the appeal hearing. The student, parent(s), and district may mutually agree to postpone the appeal hearing while participating in the re-engagement process.

#### **HEARINGS**

A hearing to appeal a long-term suspension or expulsion or emergency removal is a quasi-judicial process exempt from the Open Public Meetings Act (OPMA). To protect the privacy of student(s) and others involved, the district will hold a hearing without public notice and without public access unless the student(s) and/or the parent(s) or their counsel request an open hearing. Regardless of whether the hearing is open or closed, the district will make reasonable efforts to comply with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) concerning confidentiality of student education records.

When students are charged with violating the same rule and have acted in concert and the facts are essentially the same for all students, a single hearing may be conducted for them if the hearing officer believes that the following conditions exist:

- 1. A single hearing will not likely result in confusion; and
- 2. No student will have his/her interest substantially prejudiced by a group hearing.

If the official presiding over the hearing finds that a student's interests will be substantially prejudiced by a group hearing, the presiding official may order a separate hearing for that student. The parent and student have the right to petition for an individual hearing.

For long-term suspension or expulsion, the district will hold an appeal hearing within three (3) school business days after the Superintendent or designee received the appeal request, unless otherwise agreed to by the student and parent(s).

For emergency removal, the district will hold an appeal hearing within two (2) school business days after the Superintendent or designee received the appeal request, unless the student and parent(s) agree to another time.

The school board may designate a discipline appeal council to hear and decide any appeals in this policy and procedure or to review and reconsider a district's appeal decisions. A discipline appeal council must consist of at least three persons appointed by the school board for fixed terms. All members of a discipline appeal council must be knowledgeable about the rules in Chapter 392-400 WAC and this policy and procedure. The school board may also designate the Superintendent or a hearing officer to hear and decide appeals. The presiding official(s) may not have been involved in the student's behavioral violation or the decision to suspend or expel the student.

Upon request, the student and parent(s) or their legal representative may inspect any documentary or physical evidence and list of any witnesses that the district will introduce at the appeal hearing. The district must make the information available as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than the end of the school business day before the appeal hearing. The district may also request to inspect any documentary or physical evidence and list of any witnesses that the student and parent(s) intend to introduce at the appeal hearing. The student and parent(s) must make this information available as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than the end of the school business day before the appeal hearing.

Upon request, the student and parent(s) may review the student's education records. The district will make the records available as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than the end of the school business day before the appeal hearing.

If a witness for the district cannot or does not appear at the appeal hearing, the presiding official(s) may excuse the witness' nonappearance if the district establishes that:

- 1. The district made a reasonable effort to produce the witness; and
- 2. The witness' failure to appear is excused by fear of reprisal or another compelling reason.

The district will record the appeal hearing by manual, electronic, or other type of recording device and upon request of the student or parent(s) provide them a copy of the recording.

For long-term suspension or expulsion, the presiding official(s) must base the decision solely on the evidence presented at the hearing. The presiding official(s) will provide a written decision to the student and parent(s) in person, by mail, or by email within three (3) school business days after the appeal hearing. The written decision must include:

- 1. The findings of fact;
- 2. A determination whether: (i) the student's behavior violated this policy; (ii) the behavioral violation reasonably warrants the suspension or expulsion and the length of the suspension or expulsion; and (iii) the suspension or expulsion is affirmed, reversed, or modified;
- 3. The duration and conditions of suspension or expulsion, including the beginning and ending dates;
- 4. Notice of the right of the student and parent(s) to request a review and reconsideration of the appeal decision. The notice will include where and to whom to make such a request; and
- 5. Notice of the opportunity for a re-engagement meeting and contact information for the person who will schedule it.

For emergency removal, the district will provide a written decision to the student and parent(s) in person, by mail, or by email within one (1) school business day after the appeal hearing. The written decision must include:

- 1. The findings of fact:
- 2. A determination whether the student's statements or behaviors continue to pose: (i) an immediate and continuing danger to students or school personnel; or (ii) an immediate and continuing threat of material and substantial disruption of the educational process;
- 3. Whether the district will end the emergency removal or convert the emergency removal to a suspension or expulsion. If the district converts the emergency removal to a suspension or expulsion, the district will provide the student and parent(s) notice and due process consistent with the disciplinary action to which the emergency removal was converted; and
- 4. Notice of the right of the student and parent(s) to request a review and reconsideration of the appeal decision. The notice will include where and to whom to make such a request.

#### **RECONSIDERATION OF APPEAL**

The student or parents may request the school board or discipline appeal council, if established by the school board, review and reconsider the district's appeal decision for suspensions or expulsions and emergency removals. This request may be either oral or in writing.

For suspensions or expulsions, the student or parent(s) may request a review within ten (10) school business days from when the district provided the student and parent(s) with the written appeal decision.

For emergency removal, the student or parent(s) may request a review within five (5) school business days from when the district provided the student and parent(s) with the written appeal decision.

In reviewing the district's decision, the school board or discipline appeal council, if established, must consider (i) all documentary and physical evidence from the appeal hearing related to the behavioral violation; (ii) any records from the appeal hearing; (iii) relevant state law; and (iv) this policy adopted.

The school board (or discipline appeal council) may request to meet with the student and parent(s), the principal, witnesses, and/or school personnel to hear further arguments and gather additional information.

The decision of the school board (or discipline appeal council) will be made only by board or discipline council members who were not involved in: (i) the behavioral violation; (ii) the decision to suspend or expel the student; or (iii) the appeal decision. If the discipline appeal council presided over the appeal hearing, the school board will conduct the review and reconsideration.

For long term suspensions or expulsions, the school board (or discipline appeal council) will provide a written decision to the student and parent(s) in person, by mail, or by email within ten (10) school business days after receiving the request for review and reconsideration. The written decision must identify:

- 1. Whether the school board (or discipline appeal council) affirms, reverses, or modifies the suspension or expulsion;
- 2. The duration and conditions of the suspension or expulsion, including the beginning and ending dates of the suspension or expulsion; and
- 3. For long-term suspensions or expulsions, notice of the opportunity to participate in a re-engagement meeting.

For emergency removal, the school board (or discipline appeal council) will provide a written decision to the student and parent(s) in person, by mail, or by email within five (5) school business days after receiving the request for review and reconsideration. The written decision must identify:

- 1. Whether the school board [or discipline appeal council] affirms or reverses the school district's decision that the student's statements or behaviors posed: (i) an immediate and continuing danger to students or school personnel; or (ii) an immediate and continuing threat of material and substantial disruption of the educational process.
- 2. If the emergency removal has not yet ended or been converted, whether the district will end the emergency removal or convert the emergency removal to a suspension or expulsion. If the district converts the emergency removal to a suspension or expulsion, the district will provide the student and parent(s) notice and due process under WAC 392-400-455 through 392-400-480 consistent with the disciplinary action to which the emergency removal was converted.

#### PETITION TO EXTEND AN EXPULSION

When risk to public health or safety warrants extending a student's expulsion, the principal or designee may petition the Superintendent or designee for authorization to exceed the academic term limitation on an expulsion. The petition must inform the Superintendent or designee of:

- 1. The behavioral violation that resulted in the expulsion and the public health or safety concerns;
- 2. The student's academic, attendance, and discipline history;
- 3. Any nonacademic supports and behavioral services the student was offered or received during the expulsion;
- 4. The student's academic progress during the expulsion and the educational services available to the student during the expulsion;
- 5. The proposed extended length of the expulsion; and
- 6. The student's re-engagement plan.

The principal or designee may petition to extend an expulsion only after the development of a re-engagement plan under WAC 392-400-710 and before the end of the expulsion. For violations of WAC 392-400-820 involving a firearm on school premises, school-provided transportation, or areas of facilities while being used exclusively by public schools, the principal or designee may petition to extend an expulsion at any time.

#### **NOTICE**

The district will provide written notice of a petition to the student and parent(s) in person, by mail, or by email within one (1) school business day from the date the Superintendent or designee received the petition. The written notice must include:

- 1. A copy of the petition;
- 2. The right of the student and parent(s) to an informal conference with the Superintendent or designee to be held within five (5) school business days from the date the district provided written notice to the student and parent(s); and
- 3. The right of the student and parent(s) to respond to the petition orally or in writing to the Superintendent or designee within five (5) school business days from the date the district provided the written notice.

The Superintendent or designee may grant the petition only if there is substantial evidence that, if the student were to return to the student's previous school of placement after the length of an academic term, the student would pose a risk to public health or safety. The Superintendent or designee must deliver a written decision to the principal, the student, and the student's parent(s) in person, by mail, or by email within ten (10) school business days after receiving the petition.

If the Superintendent or designee does not grant the petition, the written decision must identify the date when the expulsion will end.

If the Superintendent or designee grants the petition, the written decision must include:

- 1. The date on which the extended expulsion will end;
- 2. The reason that, if the student were to return before the initial expulsion end date, the student would pose a risk to public health or safety; and
- 3. Notice of the right of the student and parent(s) to request a review and reconsideration. The notice will include where and to whom to make such a request.

#### REVIEW AND RECONSIDERATION OF EXTENSION OF EXPULSION

The student or parent(s) may request that the school board (or discipline appeal council, if established by the board) review and reconsider the decision to extend the student's expulsion. The student or parents may request the review orally or in writing within ten (10) school business days from the date the Superintendent or designee provides the written decision.

The school board (or discipline appeal council) may request to meet with the student or parent(s) or the principal to hear further arguments and gather additional information.

The decision of the school board (or discipline appeal council) may be made only by board or discipline appeal council members who were not involved in the behavioral violation, the decision to expel the student, or the appeal decision.

The school board (or discipline appeal council) will provide a written decision to the student and parent(s) in person, by mail, or by email within ten (10) school business days after receiving the request for review and reconsideration. The written decision must identify:

- 1. Whether the school board or discipline appeal council affirms, reverses, or modifies the decision to extend the student's expulsion; and
- 2. The date when the extended expulsion will end.

Any extension of an expulsion may not exceed the length of an academic term.

The district will annually report the number of petitions approved and denied to the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction.

#### **EDUCATIONAL SERVICES**

The district will offer educational services to enable a student who is suspended or expelled to:

- 1. Continue to participate in the general education curriculum;
- 2. Meet the educational standards established within the district; and
- 3. Complete subject, grade-level, and graduation requirements.

When providing a student the opportunity to receive educational services during exclusionary discipline, the school must consider:

- 1. Meaningful input from the student, parents, and the student's teachers;
- 2. Whether the student's regular educational services include English language development services, special education, accommodations and related services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or supplemental services designed to support the student's academic achievement; and
- 3. Access to any necessary technology, transportation, or resources the student needs to participate fully in the educational services.

After considering the factors and input described above, the district will determine a student's educational services on a case-by-case basis. The types of educational services the district will consider include online tutoring, online courses, and one-on-one tutoring. Any educational services in an alternative setting should be comparable, equitable, and appropriate to the regular educational services a student would have received in the absence of exclusionary discipline.

As soon as reasonably possible after administering a suspension or expulsion, the district will provide written notice to the student and parents about the educational services the district will provide. The notice will include a description of the educational services and the name and contact information of the school personnel who can offer support to keep the student current with assignments and coursework.

For students subject to suspension or emergency removal up to five (5) days, a school must provide at least the following:

1. Coursework, including any assigned homework, from all of the student's regular subjects or classes;

- 2. Access to school personnel who can offer support to keep the student current with assignments and coursework for all of the student's regular subjects or classes; and
- 3. An opportunity for the student to make up any assignments and tests missed during the period of suspension or emergency removal.

For students subject to suspension or emergency removal for six (6) to ten (10) consecutive school days, a school must provide at least the following:

- 1. Course work, including any assigned homework, from all of the student's regular subjects or classes;
- 2. An opportunity for the student to make up any assignments and tests missed during the period of suspension or emergency removal; and
- 3. Access to school personnel who can offer support to keep the student current with assignments and coursework for all of the student's regular subjects or classes. School personnel will make a reasonable attempt to contact the student or parents within three (3) school business days following the start of the suspension or emergency removal and periodically thereafter until the suspension or emergency removal ends to:
- a. Coordinate the delivery and grading of course work between the student and the student's teacher(s) at a frequency that would allow the student to keep current with assignments and course work for all of the student's regular subjects or classes; and
- b. Communicate with the student, parents, and the student's teacher(s) about the student's academic progress. For students subject to expulsion or suspension for more than ten (10) consecutive school days, a school will make provisions for educational services in accordance with the "Course of Study" provisions of WAC 392-121-107.

#### READMISSION

#### READMISSION APPLICATION PROCESS

The readmission process is different from and does not replace the appeal process. Students who have been suspended or expelled may make a written request for readmission to the district at any time. If a student desires to be readmitted at the school from which he/she has been suspended/expelled, the student will submit a written application to the principal, who will recommend admission or non-admission. If a student wishes admission to another school, he/she will submit the written application to the Superintendent. The application will include:

- 1. The reasons the student wants to return and why the request should be considered;
- 2. Any evidence that supports the request; and
- 3. A supporting statement from the parent or others who may have assisted the student.

The Superintendent will advise the student and parent of the decision within seven (7) school days of the receipt of such application.

#### **RE-ENGAGEMENT**

#### **RE-ENGAGEMENT MEETING**

The re-engagement process is distinct from a written request for readmission. The reengagement meeting is also distinct from the appeal process, including an appeal hearing, and does not replace an appeal hearing. The district must convene a re-engagement meeting for students with a long-term suspension or expulsion.

Before convening a re-engagement meeting, the district will communicate with the student and parent(s) to schedule the meeting time and location. The purpose of the reengagement meeting is to discuss with the student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) a plan to re-engage the student.

The re-engagement meeting must occur:

- 1. Within twenty (20) calendar days of the start of the student's long-term suspension or expulsion, but no later than five (5) calendar days before the student's return to school; or
- 2. As soon as reasonably possible, if the student or parents request a prompt re-engagement meeting.

#### RE-ENGAGEMENT PLAN

The district will collaborate with the student and parents to develop a culturally-sensitive and culturally-responsive re-engagement plan tailored to the student's individual circumstances to support the student in successfully returning to school. In developing a re-engagement plan, the district must consider:

- 1. The nature and circumstances of the incident that led to the student's suspension or expulsion;
- 2. As appropriate, students' cultural histories and contexts, family cultural norms and values, community resources, and community and parent outreach;
- 3. Shortening the length of time that the student is suspended or expelled;
- 4. Providing academic and nonacademic supports that aid in the student's academic success and keep the student engaged an on track to graduate; and
- 5. Supporting the student parents, or school personnel in taking action to remedy the circumstances that resulted in the suspension or expulsion and preventing similar circumstances from recurring.

The district must document the re-engagement plan and provide a copy of the plan to the student and parents. The district must ensure that both the reengagement meeting and the re-engagement plan are in a language the student and parents understand.

#### **EXCEPTIONS FOR PROTECTING VICTIMS**

The district may preclude a student from returning to the student's regular educational setting following the end date of a suspension or expulsion to protect victims of certain offenses as follows:

- 1. A student committing an offense under RCW 28A.600.460(2), when the activity is directed toward the teacher, shall not be assigned to that teacher's classroom for the duration of the student's attendance at that school or any other school where the teacher is assigned; or
- 2. A student who commits an offense under RCW 28A.600.460(3), when directed toward another student, may be removed from the classroom of the victim for the duration of the student's attendance at that school or any other school where the victim is enrolled.

#### **Grade Reporting and Academics**

#### **COUNSELING SERVICES**

The counselor, Mr. Ballance, is available to schedule, orient, and assist students academically (in building and online). He will also help with students' social, physical, and emotional development. This may be done through individual counseling or through referrals to other local agencies with whom our counselor works cooperatively. If you are planning on attending post-high school programs or a Running Start program, the counselor should be your first point of contact. Parents wishing to make appointments should call the counseling office at 796-2701, extension 4118. email: mballance@reardansd.net

Our Student Assistance Professional (SAP), Catheryn Logwood, is available to help students also. The main focus of our SAP is assisting those affected by drugs and alcohol and factors such as anxiety, depression and stress that may contribute to the use of drugs or alcohol. The SAP phone number is 796-2701, extension 4127. email: <a href="mailto:clogwood@reardansd.net">clogwood@reardansd.net</a>

Additionally, RESD has a Behavioral Health Student Assistance Professional (BHSAP) who works 2-3 days per week with our students on issues related to anxiety, depression, conflict and improving mental health. The BHSAP phone number is 796-2701 extension 4116.

#### HONOR AWARDS

<u>Honor Roll:</u> Honor roll status is achieved and recognized quarterly. Those students enrolled in five graded classes and earning 3.30 - 3.69 on quarter grades receive Honor Roll recognition.

<u>Scholars' List:</u> Consists of those students who are enrolled in five graded classes and who earn a grade point average of at least 3.70 on quarter grades.

#### INCOMPLETE TERM GRADES

All incomplete grades ("I"s on the report card) must be made up within two weeks after the end of the semester. Incompletes that are not made up by that time will automatically become failing grades ("F"s on the report card).

#### PROGRESS REPORTS/REPORT CARDS

Notices of improvement (mid-quarter progress reports) are issued every four and a half weeks to all students. Quarterly report cards are issued after nine weeks, or at the midpoint of each semester; final grades are given at the end of the semester. Each teacher will explain his/her grading system and send a copy home with classroom expectations at the beginning of the year.

Students will be permitted to request a schedule change from the counselor up to the first <u>ten</u> days of each semester. After that point, any schedule change request will require a parental conference with the counselor, teacher, and principal for consideration.

#### ONLINE LEARNING - REARDAN STUDENTS HAVE OPTIONS

Our Options program offers families a choice of on-line courses through Edmentum or creating a homeschool program in partnership with our district. Please contact Eric Sobotta or Amber Whitman at (509) 796-2701 for more information.

HAVE QUESTIONS? CALL 796-2701 TO CONTACT THE FOLLOWING:

Eric Sobotta, Superintendent
Debi Newsum, Principal
Christina Casselberry, Middle & High School Office Manager
Matt Ballance, Counselor
Student Assistance Specialists, Cathryn Logwood & Jon Rogers
Kenton Clairmont, Athletic Director

Monday Late Start Regular Schedule: Tuesday - Friday

Warning Be	ll 8:56	<b>Warning Bell</b>	7:56
Family Conn	nect 9:00-9:35	Period 1 & HR	8:00-8:57
Period 1	9:39-10:16	Period 2	9:01-9:50
Period 2	10:20-10:56	Period 3	9:54-10:43
Period 3	11:00-11:36	Period 4	10:47-11:36
Period 4	11:40-12:16	Period 5	11:40-12:29
Lunch	12:16-12:46	Lunch	12:29-12:59
Period 5	12:50-1:26	Period 6	1:03-1:52
Period 6	1:30-2:06	Period 7	1:56 -2:45
Period 7	2:10-2:45		

#### **EMERGENCY SCHOOL CLOSURE**

School will be closed if road travel becomes too hazardous due to poor weather conditions or if the school experiences any emergency situations. Listen to any of our local radio stations and any of the three major T.V. stations before school for school closure or emergency announcements. As well, you should receive contact via our instant alert automated calling system unless you have opted out of this service (see signature page of handbook). We will also update our district website and district Facebook page with school closure information.

#### **SCHOOL HOURS**

Students should arrive at school **after** 7:30 a.m. but **prior** to the first bell at 7:56 am (8:56 on late start days). Only students participating in extra or curricular activities after school should be in the building after 3:00 p.m. Students staying after school to study need to make arrangements with staff. Activities of any type need to be supervised by a staff member.

#### PHOTO RELEASE

Photos of students are occasionally taken for newsletters, class photos, student of the week, yearbook or other purposes. If there is a concern about your student appearing in school photos, please let us know or stop in to fill out a photo opt out request form. Please indicate your preference regarding photos of your student on the signature page of the handbook.

#### Appendix A

#### DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINT PROCEDURE

#### DISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

Reardan-Edwall School District does not discriminate in any programs or activities on the basis of sex, race, creed, religion, color, national origin, age, veteran or military status, sexual orientation, gender expression or identity, disability, or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal and provides equal access to the Boy Scouts and other designated youth groups. The following employee(s) has been designated to handle questions and complaints of alleged discrimination:

#### COMPLAINTS ABOUT DISCRIMINATION, DISCRIMINATORY HARASSMENT, AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT

#### WHAT IS DISCRIMINATION?

Discrimination is unfair or unlawful treatment of a person or group because they are part of a defined group, known as a protected class. Discrimination may include treating a person differently or denying someone access to a program, service, or activity because they are part of a protected class, or failing to accommodate a person's disability.

#### WHAT IS A PROTECTED CLASS?

A protected class is a group of people who share common characteristics and are protected from discrimination and harassment by federal, state, or local laws. Protected classes under Washington state law include sex, race, color, religion, creed, national origin, disability, sexual orientation, gender expression, gender identity, veteran or military status, and the use of a trained dog guide or service animal.

#### HOW DO I FILE A COMPLAINT ABOUT DISCRIMINATION?

If you believe that you or your child has experienced unlawful discrimination or discriminatory harassment at school based on any protected class, you have the right to file a formal complaint. For a full copy of the school district's nondiscrimination procedure, visit **www.reardan.net** or contact the school district at **509-796-2701**.

Before filing a complaint, you may wish to discuss your concerns with your child's principal or with the school district's Section 504 Coordinator, Title IX Officer, or Civil Rights Compliance Coordinator. This is often the fastest way to resolve your concerns.

Title IX Coordinator	Section 504/ADA Coordinator and Civil Rights Compliance Coordinator	LGBTQ Coordinator
Debi Newsum PO Box 225 Reardan, WA 99029 (509) 796-2701 x 2122 Email: dnewsum@reardansd.net	Debi Newsum PO Box 225 Reardan, WA 99029 (509) 796-2701 x 2122 Email: dnewsum@reardansd.net	Debi Newsum PO Box 225 Reardan, WA 99029 (509) 796-2701 x 2122 Email: dnewsum@reardansd.net

#### STEP 1: COMPLAINT TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

In most cases, complaints must be filed within one year from the date of the event that is the subject matter of the complaint. A complaint must be in writing, describe what happened, and state why you believe it is discrimination. It is also helpful to include what actions you would like the district to take to resolve your complaint.

Complaints may be submitted by mail, fax, e-mail, or hand delivery to any district or school administrator or the district's Compliance Coordinator.

When the school district receives your written complaint, the Compliance Coordinator will give you a copy of the district's discrimination complaint procedure. The Compliance Coordinator will then make sure that the school district conducts a prompt and thorough investigation. You may also agree to resolve your complaint in lieu of an investigation.

The school district must respond to you in writing within 30 calendar days after receiving your complaint, unless you agree on a different date. If exceptional circumstances related to the complaint require an extension of the time limit, the school district will notify you in writing about the reasons for the extension and the anticipated response date.

When the school district responds to your complaint, it must include:

- 1. A summary of the results of the investigation;
- 2. Whether or not the school district has failed to comply with civil rights requirements related to the complaint;
- 3. Notice of your right to appeal, including where and to whom the appeal must be filed; and
- 4. Any corrective measures determined necessary to correct any noncompliance.

#### STEP 2: APPEAL TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

If you disagree with the school district's decision, you may appeal to the school district's board of directors. You must file a notice of appeal in writing to the secretary of the school board within 10 calendar days after you received the school district's response to your complaint.

The school board will schedule a hearing within 20 calendar days after they received your appeal, unless you agree on a different timeline. At the hearing, you may bring witnesses or other information related to your appeal.

The school board will send you a written decision within 30 calendar days after the district received your notice of appeal. The school board's decision will include information about how to file a complaint with OSPI.

#### **STEP 3: COMPLAINT TO OSPI**

If you do not agree with the school district's appeal decision, you may file a complaint with the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI). A complaint must be filed with OSPI within 20 calendar days after you received the district's appeal decision. You may send your complaint to OSPI by e-mail, mail, fax, or hand-delivery:

*E-mail:* Equity@k12.wa.us *Fax:* (360) 664-2967

Mail: OSPI Equity and Civil Rights Office, PO Box 47200, Olympia, WA 98504-7200

Complaints cannot be filed with OSPI unless they have already been raised with the school district and appealed, as outlined in Steps 1 and 2 above, or if the school district did not follow the correct complaint and appeal procedures.

For more information, visit <a href="www.k12.wa.us/Equity/Complaints.aspx">www.k12.wa.us/Equity/Complaints.aspx</a>, or contact OSPI's Equity and Civil Rights Office at (360) 725-6162/TTY: (360) 664-3631 or by e-mail at <a href="equity@k12.wa.us">equity@k12.wa.us</a>.

#### Appendix B

#### REARDAN-EDWALL SCHOOL DISCTRICT SEXUAL HARASSMENT COMPLAINT PROCEDURE

#### HOW DO I REPORT SEXUAL HARASSMENT?

You can report sexual harassment to any school staff member or to the district's Title IX Officer: **Debi Newsum**, (509) 796-2701 ext. 2122

#### SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF STUDENTS PROHIBITED

This district is committed to a positive and productive education free from discrimination, including sexual harassment. This commitment extends to all students involved in academic, educational, extracurricular, athletic, and other programs or activities of the school, whether that program or activity is in a school facility, on school transportation or at a class or school training held elsewhere.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

For purposes of this policy, sexual harassment means unwelcome conduct or communication of a sexual nature. Sexual harassment can occur adult to student, student to student or can be carried out by a group of students or adults and will be investigated by the district even if the alleged harasser is not a part of the school staff or student body. The district prohibits sexual harassment of students by other students, employees or third parties involved in school district activities.

Under federal and state law, the term "sexual harassment" includes:

- 1. Acts of sexual violence:
- 2. Unwelcome sexual or gender-directed conduct or communication that interferes with an individual's educational performance or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment;
- 3. Unwelcome sexual advances:
- 4. Unwelcome requests for sexual favors;
- 5. Sexual demands when submission is a stated or implied condition of obtaining an educational benefit;
- 6. Sexual demands where submission or rejection is a factor in an academic or other school-related decision affecting an individual.

A "hostile environment" has been created for a student when sexual harassment is sufficiently serious to interfere with or limit the student's ability to participate in or benefit from the school's program. The more severe the conduct, the less need there is to demonstrate a repetitive series of incidents. In fact, a single or isolated incident of sexual harassment may create a hostile environment if the incident is sufficiently severe, violent, or egregious.

#### INVESTIGATION AND RESPONSE

If the district knows, or reasonably should know, that sexual harassment has created a hostile environment, it will promptly investigate to determine what occurred and take appropriate steps to resolve the situation. If an investigation reveals that sexual harassment has created a hostile environment, the district will take prompt and effective steps reasonably calculated to end the sexual harassment, eliminate the hostile environment, prevent its recurrence and as appropriate, remedy its effects. The district will take prompt, equitable and remedial action within its authority on reports, complaints and grievances alleging sexual harassment that come to the attention of the district, either formally or informally. The district will take these steps every time a complaint alleging sexual harassment comes to the attention of the district, either formally or informally.

Allegations of criminal misconduct will be reported to law enforcement and suspected child abuse will be reported to law enforcement or Child Protective Services. Regardless of whether the misconduct is reported to law enforcement, school staff will promptly investigate to determine what occurred and take appropriate steps to resolve the situation, to the extent that such investigation does not interfere with an ongoing criminal investigation. A criminal investigation does not relieve the district of its independent obligation to investigate and resolve sexual harassment.

Engaging in sexual harassment will result in appropriate discipline or other appropriate sanctions against offending students, staff or other third parties involved in school district activities. Anyone else who engages in sexual harassment on school property or at school activities will have their access to school property and activities restricted, as appropriate.

#### RETALIATION AND FALSE ALLEGATIONS

Retaliation against any person who makes or is a witness in a sexual harassment complaint is prohibited and will result in appropriate discipline. The district will take appropriate actions to protect involved persons from retaliation.

It is a violation of this policy to knowingly report false allegations of sexual harassment. Persons found to knowingly report or corroborate false allegations will be subject to appropriate discipline.

#### STAFF RESPONSIBILITIES

The Superintendent will develop and implement formal and informal procedures for receiving, investigating and resolving complaints or reports of sexual harassment. The procedures will include reasonable and prompt time lines and delineate staff responsibilities under this policy.

Any school employee who witnesses sexual harassment or receives a report, informal complaint, or written complaint about sexual harassment is responsible for informing the district Title IX or Civil Rights Compliance Coordinator. All staff are also responsible for directing complainants to the formal complaint process.

Reports of discrimination and discriminatory harassment will be referred to the district's Title IX/Civil Rights Compliance Coordinator. Reports of disability discrimination or harassment will be referred to the district's Section 504 Coordinator.

### NOTICE AND TRAINING

The Superintendent will develop procedures to provide age-appropriate information and education to district staff, students, parents and volunteers regarding this policy and the recognition and prevention of sexual harassment. At a minimum sexual harassment recognition and prevention and the elements of this policy will be included in staff, student and regular volunteer orientation. This policy and the procedure, which includes the complaint process, will be posted in each district building in a place available to staff, students, parents, volunteers and visitors. Information about the policy and procedure will be clearly stated and conspicuously posted throughout each school building, provided to each employee and reproduced in each student, staff, volunteer and parent handbook. Such notices will identify the district's Title IX coordinator and provide contact information, including the coordinator's email address.

## **POLICY REVIEW**

The Superintendent will make an annual report to the board reviewing the use and efficacy of this policy and related procedures. Recommendations for changes to this policy, if applicable, will be included in the report. The superintendent is encouraged to involve staff, students, volunteers and parents in the review process.

### Cross References:

Policy 3207, Prohibition of Harassment, Intimidation and Bullying

Policy 3210, Nondiscrimination

Policy 3211, Gender Inclusive Schools

Policy 3240, Student Conduct

Policy 3421, Child Abuse, Neglect and Exploitation Prevention

Policy 5010, Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action

Policy 5011, Sexual Harassment of District Employees Prohibited

## Legal References:

RCW 28A.640.020 Regulations, guidelines to eliminate discrimination - Scope - Sexual

harassment policies

WAC 392-190-058 Sexual harassment

## Appendix C

## REARDAN-EDWALL SD CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT & APPEAL PROCESS

## STEP 1 - WRITE OUT AND SEND YOUR COMPLAINT

- 1. Describe the conduct or incident. Use facts: what, who and when.
- 2. Explain why you believe discrimination has taken place.
- 3. Describe what actions you believe the district should take to resolve the problem.

Send your written complaint—by mail, fax, email, or hand delivery—to Debi Newsum, who is the Civil Rights Coordinator.

## DEADLINE FOR FILING A COMPLAINT

School districts can adopt a filing deadline for complaints. This deadline must be at least one year after the incident or conduct — the subject of the complaint — took place.

## STEP 2 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INVESTIGATES YOUR COMPLAINT

Your Civil Rights Coordinator has an important role to play once the school district receives your written complaint. The coordinator must:

- 1. Give you a copy of the procedure to follow for discrimination complaints;
- 2. Make sure a prompt and thorough investigation takes place

At this point, you could decide to resolve your complaint immediately instead of proceeding with the investigation.

#### 30 CALENDAR DAYS TO RESPOND TO YOUR COMPLAINT

Once the district receives your written complaint, the superintendent or administrator must respond to you in writing within 30 calendar days-unless you agree on a different time period.

If your complaint involves exceptional circumstances that demand a lengthier investigation, the district must notify you in writing with (1) why staff needs this time extension and (2), a new date for their written response.

## STEP 3 - SCHOOL DISTRICT RESPONDS TO YOUR COMPLAINT

In its written response, the district or charter school must include this information:

- 1. Summary of the results of the investigation;
- 2. Determination that states clearly whether or not the district failed to comply with civil rights law;
- 3. Notification that you can appeal this determination: how and where to file an appeal, and to whom it must addressed;
- 4. Any measures, determined through the investigation, necessary to bring the district into compliance with civil rights law.

Any necessary corrective measures must be put into effect within 30 calendar days after this written response-unless you agree to a different time period.

#### **MEDIATION**

**Mediation is an option** you could consider. Under state law, school districts can offer - at their own expense - the option to resolve complaints through an impartial mediator. Mediation must be voluntary on the part of parents and guardians. (WAC 392-190-0751 Mediation)

If you decide to use a mediator, it is possible to extend the 30-calendar day time period during which the district or charter school must respond to your complaint.

Be aware that OSPI does not approve, endorse, or enforce agreements reached through mediation.

#### **APPEAL**

If you do not agree with the determination that follows the district's investigation of your complaint, you can **file an appeal**. Information about the appeal process should be included in the written response you receive once the district has completed their investigation. Follow the appeal procedure closely - appeals must be made to an official or board not involved in the complaint.

## DEADLINE FOR FILING AN APPEAL

School districts are allowed to adopt a filing deadline for appeals. The deadline for filing an appeal in Reardan-Edwall School District is 20 calendar days from the date you received the written response to the investigation that followed from your complaint.

## 30 CALENDAR DAYS TO RESPOND TO YOUR APPEAL

Once the district receives your appeal, it must respond to you in writing - within 30 calendar days - unless you agree on a different time period.

The appeal decision must include how to file a complaint with OSPI. If you do not agree with the appeal decision, state law provides the option to file a complaint with OSPI.

#### FILE A COMPLAINT TO OSPI BASED ON AN APPEAL DECISION

## COMPLAINT TO STATE (OSPI) FOLLOWS LOCAL COMPLAINT AND APPEAL PROCESS

This is a separate complaint process that can take place if one of these two conditions has occurred: (1) you have completed the complaint and appeal process of your school district, OR (2) the school district has not followed the complaint and appeal process correctly.

## STEP 1 - WRITE OUT AND SEND YOUR COMPLAINT

Include these details in your complaint:

- 1. Describe the conduct or incident. Use facts: what, who and when;
- 2. Explain why you believe discrimination has taken place;
- 3. Your name and contact information including a mailing address;
- 4. Name and address of the school district that is the subject of your complaint;
- 5. Copy of the complaint and appeal decisions from the district:
- 6. Describe what actions you believe the district should take to resolve the problem;
- 7. If your complaint relates to a specific student, make sure you include: (1) the name and address of the student, and (2) the school and school district the student attends.

## SEND YOUR WRITTEN COMPLAINT TO THE EQUITY AND CIVIL RIGHTS OFFICE

Email: Equity@k12.wa.us | Fax: 360-664-2967

Mail or hand deliver: OSPI Equity and Civil Rights Office, PO Box 47200, 600 Washington St. S.E., Olympia, WA 98504-7200

## DEADLINE FOR FILING A COMPLAINT TO OSPI

You have **20 calendar days** to file a complaint to OSPI from the day you received the decision on your appeal from the district — unless OSPI extends this deadline based on circumstances.

## STEP 2 - OSPI RESPONDS TO YOUR COMPLAINT

Staff at OSPI will review your complaint and decide whether or not to begin an investigation. If OSPI staff decides to investigate your complaint, they will send written notification to you and the district.

OSPI will not investigate if your complaint:

- 1. Is incomplete or arrives after the 20-day deadline;
- 2. Does not allege a violation of a civil rights law that OSPI enforces. Contact the Equity and Civil Rights Office for this information: (360) 725-6162 | equity@k12.wa.us;
- 3. Has not been brought to the attention of the district or charter school through the local complaint and appeal process;
- 4. Was investigated by another state, federal, or local civil rights agency and OSPI expects a comparable resolution.

If OSPI investigates the complaint, OSPI will send you a written decision that addresses each allegation in the complaint, and includes any corrective actions necessary to correct noncompliance.

## Appendix D

#### MCKINNEY-VENTO DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS

## PARENT/GUARDIAN/UNACCOMPANIED YOUTH PETITION TO APPEAL

Dear Parent, Guardian, or Youth:

Because the district seeks to place your child(ren) in a school other than the school of origin or the school you requested, we are providing this information packet to inform you of your right to appeal our decision.

Included, you will find the following:

- 1. Written contact information for the school district's Homeless Liaison and State Coordinator;
- 2. Receipt of dispute resolution packet;
- 3. A detachable form that you can complete and turn into the school or Homeless Liaison to initiate the dispute process;
- 4. A written step-by-step description of how to dispute the school district's decision, along with information;
- 5. Written notice of the right to enroll immediately in the school where enrollment was sought pending resolution of the dispute;
- 6. Written timelines for resolving district- and state-level appeals.

If, at any time, you have questions regarding the dispute resolution process, you can contact the district Homeless Liaison or the State Homeless Education Coordinator, and they will assist you with the process.

School District Homeless Liaison Debi Newsum Reardan-Edwall-School District PO Box 225 Reardan, WA 99029 (509) 796.2701 x2122 dnewsum@reardansd.net WA State Homeless Education Coordinator
Melinda Dyer
Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction
PO Box 47200
Olympia, WA 98504
(360) 725.605

## **Receipt of Dispute Resolution Information**

Date:	
I,	am the parent, guardian, or youth attempting to enroll my
Child's Name:	
School(s):	
I have received the explanation of my child's placement. T	his explanation included:
<ol> <li>Contact information for the district's Homeless Liaison Instruction's Homeless Education Coordinator;</li> <li>A copy of the dispute resolution process;</li> <li>Paperwork to complete if I wish to dispute the district's</li> <li>Directions on how to complete the dispute resolution pa</li> <li>A summary of the McKinney-Vento Act</li> </ol>	decision;
I understand that the school district will ensure that my chi enrollment is sought while the dispute process is carried or	
Parent/Guardian/Youth Signature	Date
School District Personnel Signature	Date

Upon receipt of the dispute resolution packet, please sign this form and return it to the school where you are attempting to enroll or to the district's Homeless Liaison.

## **Dispute Resolution Form**

Date:		
I have received the explanation of the distric (name):  am appealing that decision for the following	t's placement decision concerning m I disagree with the creasons:	y children/myself, listrict's placement decision, and I
I understand that the district will ensure the school where enrollment is sought while the		unity to attend and participate at the
Parent/Guardian/Youth Signature		Date
School District Personnel Signature		Date
School District Use Only:		
☐ Level I Appeal	☐ Level II Appeal	☐ Level III Appeal

## Parent/Youth's Guide to the McKinney-Vento Dispute Resolution

If a parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth wishes to appeal a school district's decision regarding school placement:

- 1. The parent/unaccompanied youth must submit a request for dispute resolution form to the district Liaison or the school where enrollment is sought within fifteen (15) business days of receiving the district's notification that they plan to enroll the student in a school other than the one requested by the parent, guardian, or youth.
- 2. Within five (5) business days of their receipt of the complaint, the Liaison must make a decision on the complaint and inform the parent or unaccompanied youth of their decision in writing.

If the parent or youth disagrees with the decision made at Level I and wishes to move the dispute resolution process forward to Level II, the parent or unaccompanied youth shall notify the district's Homeless Liaison of their intent to proceed to Level II within ten (10) business days of their receipt of notification of the Level I decision. If the parent or unaccompanied youth wishes to proceed to Level II, the district's Homeless Liaison will provide an appeals package that includes:

- 1. A copy of the parent or youth's complaint which was filed at the district Homeless Liaison at Level I;
- 2. The decision rendered at Level I by the Homeless Liaison;
- 3. Any additional information from the parent, guardian, unaccompanied youth, or Liaison.

If the dispute remains unresolved after a Level I appeal, the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth may appeal the decision to the local school district's Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee. The appeals package from the Level I dispute will be used to facilitate the following:

- 1. The Superintendent or Superintendent's designee (not the Homeless Liaison), will arrange for a personal conference with the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth. This will occur within five **(5) business days** of the parent, guardian, or youth's notification to the district of their intent to proceed to the Level II dispute resolution process. This meeting, once arranged, should happen as quickly as possible.
- 2. The Superintendent, or the Superintendent's designee will provide a decision, in writing, to the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth with supporting evidence and reasons within five (5) business days of the meeting.

If the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth disagrees with the decision at Level II and wishes to move the dispute process to Level III, the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth must notify the district's Homeless Liaison of their intent to proceed to Level III within ten (10) days of receipt of notification of the Level II decision. If the dispute remains unresolved:

- 1. The district Superintendent must forward all written documentation and related paperwork to the OSPI Homeless Education Coordinator or designee, for review within five (5) business days of receiving notification that the parent, guardian, or youth would like to proceed to Level III.
- 2. The entire dispute package including all documentation and related paperwork is to be submitted to OSPI in one complete package via hard copy mail delivery. Documents submitted separately from the dispute package may not be reviewed. It is the responsibility of the district to ensure the dispute packages are complete and ready for review.
- 3. The OSPI Homeless Education coordinator, along with appropriate OSPI personnel, will make a final decision within fifteen (15) business days of receipt of the complaint.
- 4. The final decision will be forwarded to the school district's Homeless Liaison for distribution to the parent and local Superintendent.
- 5. The decision made by OSPI will be the final resolution for placement of a homeless child or youth in the district.

## Appendix E



Web: http://www.oeo.wa.gov/en
Toll-free: 1-866-297-2597
We listen. We inform.

Email: oeoinfo@gov.wa.gov Fax: 844-886-5196 We help solve problems.



## Washington State Governor's Office of the Education Ombuds (OEO)

The Washington State Governor's Office of the Education Ombuds (OEO) is an independent state agency that helps to reduce educational opportunity gaps by supporting families, students, educators, and other stakeholders in communities across WA in understanding the K-12 school system and resolving concerns collaboratively. OEO services are free and confidential. Anyone can contact OEO with a question or concern about school.

OEO listens, shares information and referrals, and works informally with families, communities, and schools to address concerns so that every student can fully participate and thrive in our state's public schools. OEO provides support in multiple languages and has telephone interpretation available. To get help or learn more about what OEO does, please visit our website: <a href="https://www.oeo.wa.gov/en;">https://www.oeo.wa.gov/en;</a> email <a href="mailto:oeoinfo@gov.wa.gov">oeoinfo@gov.wa.gov</a>, or call: <a href="mailto:1-866-297-2597">1-866-297-2597</a> (interpretation available). (English)

Washington State Governor's Office of the Education Ombuds • We listen. We inform. We help solve problems. www.facebook.com/WAEducationOmbuds (English) www.facebook.com/OmbudsdeEducacion/ (Spanish) www.twitter.com/EdOmbuds www.youtube.com/TheWAEdOmbudsman

# Appendix F Child Find Screening

## WHAT IS A CHILD FIND SCREENING?

Screening is a **free** check of your child's development including:

- ☐ Large Muscle Development
- ☐ Eye/Hand Coordination (fine motor skills)
- □ Communication
- □ Concepts
- ☐ Personal/Social Skills
- ☐ Self-help Skills

## WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF A CHILD FIND SCREENING?

The purpose of the screening is to identify any factors that may interfere with your child's learning, growth, strength, and development. The screening is also provided to help parents identify their child's strengths, weaknesses, and provide home suggestions.



## WHAT HAPPENS DURING A CHILD FIND SCREENING?

During the screening, your child may stack small blocks, cut with scissors, draw, count, name colors, jump and have fun! Following the screening, a trained professional will talk with you about the results of the screening. You will have the opportunity to ask any questions about your child's development. You may be given home suggestions, referred on for further testing, or be scheduled to have skills rechecked at a later date. The screening process usually takes about 45 minutes.

## WHO IS ELIGIBLE TO BE SCREENED?

Any child, birth to age five, whose family or caregivers would like more information about their child's development. All school districts within Washington State have Child Find screenings available. If your family is living in a temporary situation, you may contact the district where you are staying to attend a screening.

## WHERE CAN I GO FOR SCREENING?

For more information and to schedule a screening, please contact:

JoLynn Ray, Special Services Director Reardan-Edwall School District PO Box 225 Reardan, WA 99029 (509) 796-2701 x4126 jray@reardansd.net

Appendix G
Home Language Survey (English & Russian Languages)

## Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction Home Language Survey

Student Name:	Date:	
Birth Date:	Gender:	Grade:
Form Completed By:		
Relationship to Student:		
Parent/Guardian Name (Printed):		
Parent/Guardian Signature:		
If available, in what language would you prefer to	receive communication from	n the school?
Did your child receive English language development Program in the last school your child attended?	ent support through the Tran	sitional Bilingual Instruction
Yes: No:	Don't Know	:
In what country was your child born?		
2. What language did your child first learn to speak	k?*	
3. What language does YOUR CHILD use the most	st at home?*	
4. What language(s) do parents/guardians use the r	nost when speaking to your	child?
5. Has your child ever received formal education*	outside of the United States	(Kindergarten - 12 <sup>th</sup> grade)?
Yes:*Formal education does not include refugee camps	No:	
If "yes", in what language(s) was instruction given		
6. When did your child first attend a school in the	, -	
Month/Day/Year:		
7. Do grandparent(s) or parent(s) have a Nativ	e American tribal affiliat	ion?
Yes:	No:	
*WAC 392-160-005: "Primary language" means the parents, guardians or others) for communication in		

Note to district: A response of a language other that English to question #2 OR question #3 triggers ELL placement testing English (May 2014)

## THE PURPOSE OF THE HOME LANGUAGE SURVEY

The Home Language Survey is given to all students enrolling in Washington schools. The following information should help answer some of the questions you may have about this form.

## WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THE HOME LANGUAGE SURVEY?

The primary purpose of the Home Language Survey is to help identify students who may qualify for support to help them develop the English language skills necessary for success in the classroom and who may qualify for other services. It is important that this information be correctly recorded since it can affect the eligibility of students for services they need to be successful in school. Testing may be necessary to determine whether or not additional language and academic supports are needed. No student will be placed in an English language development program based solely on responses to this form.

## WHY DO YOU ASK ABOUT THE STUDENT'S FIRST LANGUAGE AND LANGUAGE(S) USED IN THE HOME?

The two questions about the student's language help us to determine:

- 1. If your student may be eligible for assistance with learning English, and
- 2. Whether staff at the school should be aware of other languages being used by the student at home.

The language your child first learned may be different from the language your child uses for communication at home now. The responses to both of these questions will assist the school in providing instruction appropriate to the individual student's needs as well as help with communication needs that may arise. Students who first learned a language other than English may qualify for additional supports. Even students who speak English well may still need support in developing the language skills needed to be successful in school.

#### WHY DO YOU ASK WHERE THE STUDENT WAS BORN?

This information helps the school district and the state determine if the student meets the definition of immigrant for the purposes of federal funding. This applies even when the student's parents are both US citizens, but the student was born outside of the United States. This form is not used to identify students who may be undocumented.

## WHY DO YOU ASK ABOUT MY STUDENT'S PREVIOUS EDUCATION?

Information about a student's education will help ensure that the student's education both within and outside of the United States is considered in any recommendations made for participation in programs and district services. The student's educational background is also important information to help determine if the student is making adequate progress toward state standards based on their prior educational background.

Thank you for providing the information needed on the Home Language Survey. Contact your school district if you have further questions about this form or about services available at your child's school.



## Офис главного инспектора государственного образования штата (OSPI) Анкета для родителей о родном языке

Имя учащегося:		Дата:	
Дата рождения:	Пол:	Класс:	
Если бы Вам была предоставлена такая возможност	гь, на каком языке Вы предпочли бы получать со	ообщения из шк	олы?
Оказывалась ли Вашему ребенку помощь в развитии навыков владения английским языком по Переходной двуязычной учебной программе в последней школе, которую он посещал? Да: Нет: Не знаю:			
		1	
1. В какой стране родился Ваш ребенок?			
2. На каком языке Ваш ребенок впервые начал говорить?*			
3. Каким языком <u>ВАШ РЕБЕНОК</u> чаще всего пользуется дома?*			
4. Каким языком (языками) чаще всего пользуются родители/опекуны при общении с ребенком дома?			
5. Ваш ребенок когда-либо получал формальное образование* за пределами Соединенных Штатов? (Детский сад - 12-й класс)Да Нет		Если да, то н (языках) вело преподавание	
«Формальное образование» не включает лагеря программы для детей.	беженцев или другие неаккредитованные	Сколько меся	нцев?
6. Когда Ваш ребёнок впервые пошёл в школу в ( (детский сад – 12-й класс)	США?		
( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		месян де	ень гол

\*WAC 392-160-005: «Основным языком» считается язык, которым чаще всего пользуется учащийся (не обязательно родители, опекуны или другие) для общения по месту своего проживания.

Note to district: A response of a language other than English to question #2 OR question #3 triggers ELL placement testing.

## Цель анкетирования о родном языке

Анкета о родном языке предлагается для заполнения *всем* студентам, поступающим в школы Вашингтона. Следующая информация может помочь вам ответить на некоторые из вопросов, которые могут у вас возникнуть относительно анкеты.

## Какова цель анкеты о родном языке?

Основная цель анкеты о родном языке заключается в том, чтобы выявить тех учеников, которые могут претендовать на помощь в развитии у них навыков владения английским языком, необходимых для успеха в учебе и которые могут претендовать на другие услуги. Важно, чтобы эта информация была правильно заполнена, так как это может повлиять на то, могут ли ученики претендовать на те или иные услуги, необходимые для их хорошей успеваемости в школе. Тестирование может быть необходимо для того, чтобы определить, действительно ли ученик нуждается в дополнительной поддержке по учебе и в освоении языка. Ни один ученик не будет помещен в программу по развитию навыков владения английским языком на основании исключительно ответов по данной анкете.

## Почему вы спрашиваете о родном языке учащегося и о языке (языках), используемых в домашних условиях?

Два вопроса о языке учащегося помогут нам определить:

- имеет ли Ваш ребенок право на помощь в изучении английского языка, и
- следует ли сотрудникам школы знать о других языках, используемых учеником дома. Язык, который ваш ребенок впервые освоил, может отличаться от того языка, который ваш ребенок использует в данный момент для общения дома. Ответы на оба эти вопроса помогут школе определить потребности каждого учащегося, а также помочь в решении коммуникационных вопросов, которые могут возникнуть. Студенты, для которых английский язык не является первым языком, могут претендовать на дополнительную поддержку. Даже студенты, которые говорят по-английски, могут по-прежнему нуждаться в поддержке в развитии навыков владения языком, которые необходимы, чтобы быть успешным в школе.

## Почему вы спрашиваете о месте рождения ученика?

Данная информация помогает школьному округу и государству определить, соответствует ли студент определению иммигранта для целей федерального финансирования. Это относится также к тем случаям, когда родители ученика являются гражданами США, а студент родился за пределами Соединенных Штатов. Данная анкета не используется для идентификации тех студентов, у которых может не быть документов.

## Почему вы спрашиваете о предыдущем образовании учащегося?

Сведения об образовании ученика помогут подтвердить тот факт, что его образование как внутри, так и за пределами Соединенных Штатов соответствует любым рекомендациям для участия в программах и услугах, предлагаемых в округе. Информация об образовании ученика также важна, чтобы определить, является ли ученик достаточно успешен в соответствии с государственными стандартами на основе его предварительного образования.

Благодарим Вас за предоставление информации, необходимой для анкетирования о родном языке. Свяжитесь с вашим школьным округом, если у вас есть дополнительные вопросы по данной форме или об услугах, которые предлагаются в школе вашего ребенка.

## Please complete the front and back of this page and return to the office. REARDAN MIDDLE SCHOOL PARENT CONFIRMATION

The staff here at Reardan Middle School have already gone over the Student Handbook with students during the first few days of school. We would appreciate it if you would also discuss the handbook with your son or daughter so everyone will have a clear understanding of policies, expectations, and procedures. Each student will be expected to bring this form back to school signed by their legal guardian showing they have read the Student Handbook.

Thank you.

## ATTENDANCE POLICY AND PROCEDURES

I have read and understand the updated Attendance Policy and Procedures outlined in this

handbook.	
Parent/Guardian Signature: I	Date:
AUTOMATED CALL SYSTEM/SCHOOL No. The FCC has ruled that we must have an affirmative choice for parental calling systems. Please initial next to your preference below.	
I wish to receive phone notifications of school closures information through the school's automated calling system.	s, emergencies, and other
I do <b>NOT</b> want to receive calls from the school's autor	nated calling system.
STUDENT PHOTOGRAPHS  Students participate in various activities throughout the year and may promotional literature (yearbook, student of the month, brochures, not Facebook, Open Door, etc.). Please initial next to your preference by I give permission for my student(s) to be photographed.  I do NOT give permission for my student(s) to be photographed.  I have read and understand the Reardan Middle School Handbook.	ewspaper articles, webpage, elow.  d.  tographed.
Student's Name (Print)	
Student's Signature:	Date:
Guardian's Signature:	Date:
Please Circle Grade Level 7 8	}



## Reardan Middle and High School Student Access Card Agreement Form

Student access cards will allow students access to the doors they need during the course of a normal school day. The cards are active during the hours of 7:30 am to 3:15 pm on school days.

Custody and use of a Student Access Card will require student and parent agreement of the following expectations:

Student, plea	se initial each item below.	
	I will NOT loan out my card to anyone.	
	I will NOT leave my card unsecured.	
	I agree to have my access card on my person or so during the school day.	ecured in my locker at all times
	I will report a lost or stolen card IMMEDIATELY	to Security Officer Brad Eylar
	I agree to pay \$5 for the cost of replacing a lost or	stolen access card.
Student Signature Date		Date
Parent/Guard	lian Signature	Date

Note: Once this form has been filled out and returned to the office your student will receive their student access card.