	Name:			12/11/19			
	Analyzing "The Path to Disunion"						
	Throughout the 1850s, repeated debates and conflicts over the politics of slavery increased sectional debates to the point of an impending secessionist crisis by 1860. Today you will analyze how these conflicts contributed to the coming of the secession crisis in 1860.						
;	Sectionalism Scale (sectionalism: differences or divisions between different parts of the country that cause people to put the interests of their region or state over those of the nation). For each event, you will decide how much sectionalism each event caused, using the scale below. It essentially goes from 0 (no conflict) to 10 (ready to rip each other's heads off). In addition, list who would you say is most responsible for each event (ex: a specific person, group of people, section of gov, etc)? O1234567810 (States don't have regional (States in 1 region share same perspectives on issue - view perspective on issue; regional issue differ enough to re-						
	issue from state perspe			•			
Event		Sectionalism Ranking (1-10) & blame?	Summary/Explanation				
The Kansas & Bleeding	s-Nebraska Act Kansas						
The Caning	g of Sumner						
Election of Republican							

Name:	12/11/19

Name.		12/11/13
Event	Sectionalism Ranking (1-10) & blame?	Summary/Explanation
The Lecompton Constitution		
The Dred Scott Decision		
John Brown & Harpers Ferry		

Some people contend that the Civil War was the result of a failure to, or lack of, compromise over slavery. Historian David Blight, on the other hand, contends that "the real story, the great tragedy of the coming of the Civil War, was that there was no middle left anymore in American politics." With which statement do you agree? Explain using evidence and reasoning. Then, decide if you think there was a "point of no return" and explain either what it was or why you do not think there was one. (You are not limited to just the events above).