

	NOMBRE DEL TIEMPO EN INGLÉS	TRADUCCIÓN EN CASTELLANO	USOS MÁS FRECUENTES
P R E S E N T E	PRESENT SIMPLE I WORK	PRESENTE CANTO	Acciones habituales. (+Adv. De frecuencia) Verdades generales.
	PRESENT CONTINUOUS AM/ARE/IS + -ING	PRESENTE PROGRESIVO ESTOY CANTANDO	Acciones en proceso de realización. (+Now, at the moment, look!) Acciones futuras (con adverbios de tiempo).
	PRESENT SIMPLE PERFECT HAVE/HAS + PARTICIPLE (3ª COL) *	PRETÉRITO PERFECTO HE CANTADO	Acción pasada relacionada con el presente. Acción que ocurre en un pasado indefinido.
	PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS HAVE/HAS BEEN + -ING	PRETÉRITO PERFECTO PROGRESIVO HE ESTADO CANTANDO	Acción pasada que continúa en el presente.
P A S A D O	PAST SIMPLE INFINITIVE + ED (2ª COL) *	PRET. INDEFINIDO / IMPERFECTO CANTÉ / CANTABA	Acciones pasadas terminadas. Narraciones en pasado. Acción puntual.
	PAST CONTINUOUS I WAS / WERE + -ING	PRET. INDEF. / IMPERFECTO PROGRESIVO ESTUVE/ESTABA CANTANDO	Acciones pasadas en proceso de realización.
	PAST PERFECT SIMPLE I HAD + PARTICIPLE *	PRET. PLUSCUAMPERFECTO HABÍA CANTADO	Acciones pasadas anteriores a otra también pasada.
	PAST CONTINUOUS PERFECT I HAD BEEN + -ING	PRET. PLUSCUAMPERFECTO PROGRESIVO HABÍA ESTADO CANTANDO	Acción pasada en proceso de realización anterior a otra también pasada.
F U T U R O	FUTURE SIMPLE I SHALL / WILL +INFINITIVE	FUTURO IMPERFECTO CANTARÉ	
	FUTURE CONTINUOUS I'LL BE + -ING	FUTURO PROGRESIVO ESTARÉ CANTANDO	
	FUTURE PERFECT SIMPLE I WILL HAVE + PARTICIPLE *	FUTURO PERFECTO HABRÉ CANTADO	
	FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOUS I WILL HAVE BEEN + -ING	FUTURO PERFECTO PROGRESIVO HABRÉ ESTADO CANTANDO	

* Es donde van los verbos irregulares.

TIEMPOS VERBALES Y CORRESPONDENCIA EN INGLÉS

En todos los tiempos, donde pone “Yo” sirve igual para las personas: Tú, Nosotros, Vosotros, Ellos excepto los marcados con los símbolos 1ª, 2ª, 3ª, 4ª o %.

En todos los tiempos, donde pone “Él” sirve igual para las personas: Ella, Ello excepto los marcados con los símbolos 1ª, 2ª, 3ª, 4ª o %.

TIEMPO	CASTELLANO	AFIRMATIVO	INTERROGATIVO	NEGATIVO	PASIVA	
INFINITIVO	Ser/estar Haber/tener Trabajar	To be To have To work		Not to be Not to have Not to work	Ser amado	to be loved
INFINITIVO PRETÉRITO (perfecto)	Haber sido/estado Haber habido/tenido Haber trabajado	To have been To have had To have worked		Not have been Not have had Not have worked	Haber sido amado	To have been loved
PARTICIPIO PRESENTE Y GERUNDIO	Siendo/estado – el ser/estar Habiendo/teniendo – el tener/estar Trabajando – el trabajar	Being Having Working		Not being Not having Not working	Siendo amado – el hecho de ser amado	Being loved
PARTICIPIO PASADO (pasivo)	Sido/estado Habido/tenido Trabajado	Been Had Worked			Amado	Loved
IMPERATIVO	Sé tú Sea él – dejadle ser Seamos nosotros - dejadnos ser Sed vosotros Sean ellos – dejadlos ser Ten tú Tenga él – dejadle tener Tengamos nosotros – dejadnos tener Tened vosotros Tengan ellos – dejadlos tener Trabaja tú Trabaje él – dejadle trabajar Trabajemos nosotros – dejadnos trabajar Trabajad vosotros Trabajen ellos – dejadlos trabajar	Be Let him be Let us be Be Let them be Have Let him have Let us have Have Let them have Work Let him work Let us work Work Let them work		Do not be Let not him be Let not us be Do not be Let not them be Do not have Let not him have Let not us have Do not have Let not them have Do not work Let not him work Let not us work Do not work Let not them work		
REFLEXIVA	Yo me lavo	I wash myself				
	Él se lava	He washes himself				

PRESENTE DE INDICATIVO	Yo soy/estoy Yo he/tengo Yo trabajo	I am I have I work	Am I? Have I? Do I work?	I am not I have not I do not work	Yo soy amado	I am loved
	Tú eres/estás Tú has/ tienes Tú trabajas	You are You have You work	Are you? Have you? Do you work?	You are not You have not You do not work	Tú eres amado	You are loved
	Él es/está Él ha/tiene Él trabaja	He is He has He work	Is he? Has he? Does he work?	He is not He has not He does not work	Él es amado	He is loved
PRETÉRITO INDEFINIDO (pretérito imperfecto y indefinido)*	Yo/1ª era/fui/estaba/estuve Yo/% había/hube/tenía/tuve Yo/% trabajaba/trabajé	I was I had I worked	Was I? Had I? Did I work?	I was not I had not I did not work	Yo/1ª era/fui amado	I was loved
	Tú/2ª eras/fuiste/estabas/estuviste	You were	Were you?	You did not work	Tú/2ª eras/fuiste amado	You were loved
PRETÉRITO PERFECTO (pretéritos compuestos del indicativo)	Yo he sido/estado Yo he habido/tenido Yo he trabajado	I have been I have had I have worked	Have I been? Have I had? Have I worked?	I have not been I have not had I have not worked	Yo he sido amado	I have been loved
	Él ha sido/estado Él ha habido/tenido Él ha trabajado	He has been He has had He has worked	Has he been? Has he had? Has he worked?	He has not been He has not had He has not worked	Él ha sido amado	He has been loved
	Yo/% había sido/estado Yo/% había habido/tenido Yo/% había trabajado	I had been I had had I had worked	Had I been? Had I had? Had I worked?	I had not been I had not had I had not worked	Yo/% había sido amado	I had been loved
FUTÚRO IMPERFECTO	Yo/3ª seré/estaré Yo/3ª habré/tendré Yo/3ª trabajaré	I will be I will have I will worked	will I be? will I have? will I work?	I shall not be I shall not have I shall not worked	Yo/3ª seré amado	I shall be loved
	Él/4ª será/estará Él/4ª habrá/tendrá Él/4ª trabajará	He will be He will have He will work	Will he be? Will he have? Will he work?	He will not be He will not have He will not work	Él/4ª será/estará	He will be loved
	Yo/3ª habré sido/estado Yo/3ª habré habido/tenido Yo/3ª habré trabajado	I will have been I will have had I will have worked	will I have been? will I have had? will I have worked?	I will not have been I will not have had I will not have worked	Yo/3ª habré sido amado	I shall have been loved
FUTÚRO PERFECTO	Él/4ª habrá sido/estado Él/4ª habrá habido/tenido Él/4ª habrá trabajado	He will have been He will have had He will have worked	Will he have been? Will he have been? Will he have worked?	He not have been He not have had He not have worked	Él/4ª habrá sido amado	He will have been loved
	Yo/3ª sería/estaría Yo/3ª habría/tendría Yo/3ª trabajaría	I would be I would have I would work	would I be? would I have? would I work?	I would not be I would not have I would not work	Yo/3ª sería amado	I should be loved
	Él/4ª sería/estaría Él/4ª habría/tendría	He would be He would have	Would he be? Would he have?	He would not be He would not have	Él/4ª sería amado	He would be loved

	Él/4ª trabajaría	He would work	Would he work?	He would not work		
CONDICIONAL PRETÉRITO	Yo/3ª habría sido/estado Yo/3ª habría habido/tenido Yo/3ª habría trabajado	I should have been I should have had I should have worked	Should I have been? Should I have had? Should I have worked?	I should not have been I should not have had I should not have worked	Yo/3ª habría sido amado	I should have been loved
	Él/4ª habría sido/estado Él/4ª habría habido/tenido Él/4ª habría trabajado	He would have been He would have had He would have worked	Would he have been? Would he have had? Would he have work?	He would not have been He would not have had He would not have worked	Él/4ª habría sido amado	He would have been loved
SUBJUNTIVO PRESENTE	Yo/% sea/estuviera Yo/% haya/tenga Yo/% trabaje	I be I have I work			Yo/% sea amado	I be loved
SUBJUNTIVO PRETÉRITO PERFECTO	Yo/% fuera/fuese/estuviera/estuviese Yo/% hubiera/hubiese/tuviera/tuviese Yo/% trabajara/trabajase	Was/were Had Worked			Yo/? fuera/fuese amado	I were loved
SUBJUNTIVO PERFECTO					Yo/? haya sido amado	I have been loved
SUBJUNTIVO PLUSCUAMPER PECTO					Yo/? hubiera/hubiese sido amado	I had been loved

* Es donde van los irregulares

1ª Válido para : Yo / Él / Ella / Ello

2ª Válido para : Tú / Nosotros / Vosotros / Ellos

3ª Válido para : Yo / Nosotros

4ª Válido para : Tú / Él / Ella / Ello / Vosotros / Ellos

% Válido para : Todas las personas

El futuro inglés es perifrástico; se forma con los auxiliares *shall* (para las primeras personas) y *will* (para las segundas y terceras personas), seguidos del infinitivo (sin la partícula *to*) del verbo conjugado.

El condicional inglés se forma con los auxiliares *should* (primeras personas) y *would* (segundas y terceras personas), más el infinitivo del verbo conjugado.

REFLEXIVA

(Acción que se realiza uno mismo)

(Se hace igual con todos los tiempos)

I wash myself	Yo me lavo
You wash yourself	Tú te lavas
He washes himself	Él se lava
We wash ourselves	Nosotros nos lavamos
You wash yourselves	Vosotros os laváis
They wash themselves	Ellos se lavan

ESQUEMA GENERAL RESUMIDO

INFINITIVO -> ANDAR -> TO +INFINITIVO
 IMPERATIVO -> ANDES -> QUE +INFINITIVO
 GERUNDIO -> ANDANDO -> INFINITIVO +”ING”
 PASADO -> ANDÉ / ANDABA -> INFINITIVO +”ED”
 PARTICIPIO -> ANDADO -> INFINITIVO +”ED”

	SIMPLE	CONTINUOUS	PERFECT	
			SIMPLE	CONTINUOUS
PRESENT	I walk Acción habitual	I am lo que ocurre en este momento concreto walk ing parti cipio pres ente	walk ue d to nido ado do I have acciones habituales been walkin g	
PAST	I walked <i>*infinitivo</i>	I was	I had	
FUTURE	I will+infi. (I'll)	I will be	I will have	

* ➡ Es donde van los irregulares

¿CÓMO SERIA EN CASTELLANO?

	SIMPLE	CONTINUOUS	PERFECT	
			SIMPLE	CONTINUOUS
PRESENT	Ando	estoy and and o	and ado he desde antes hasta la actualidad esta do and o	
PAST	Andé / andaba	estaba	había desde antes hasta antes	
FUTURE	Andaré	estaré	habré desde ahora hasta luego	