

When Should I Keep my Student Home?

You are encouraged to seek medical advice if you have any doubts about sending your student to school. The list below gives guidelines, but is not medical advice.



Symptoms of Illness



The Student May Return After...

(The list below indicates the shortest time to stay home. A student may need to stay home longer for some illnesses.)

Fever: temperature of 100.4°F or greater



Fever-free for 24 hours without taking fever-reducing medicine.

New cough illness OR new difficulty breathing



Symptoms improving for 24 hours (no cough or cough is well controlled and breathing comfortably). The cough can not be disruptive to the class. Students can have cough drops.

Diarrhea: two loose or watery stools in a day or unable to control bowel movements



Symptom-free for 24 hours OR with orders from doctor to the nurse.

Vomiting: two or more episodes that are unexplained



Symptom-free for 24 hours OR with orders from doctor to the nurse.

Red eyes with eye discharge: yellow or green drainage from the eyes



Symptom-free for 24 hours, which means redness and discharge are gone OR with orders from doctor to the nurse.