

The Goat of Ibex

The mountain goat is one of the bovine species of kind *Capra* who exist in Europe. The other species of Ibex are the Alpine Ibex, Siberian Ibex, the western Caucasus tur, the eastern Caucasus tur, also the wild goat, and others. Formerly in the south of France, Andorra, Spain, and Portugal.

Description: The ibex has got a strong sexual dimorphism. Females have got short horns and they weigh between 30 and 45 kilograms. Males, however, have got heavy and thick horns. Also, the males, have more elongated face than the females. The color and length vary according to the subspecies and the time of the year.

Habits: This species unfolds both day and night but their maximum hours of activity are given in the morning and late afternoon. In general, they are sociable animals but often change herd. The males and females meet at zeal time. Calves are born in May. They live both in forest and grassy expanses. Diet is predominantly herbaceous.

Reproduction: The goat's system in the zeal time is based on the establishment of a strong hierarchy between the males, where the individuals move to subordinates access to the female during estrous cycle. Early November, the males approximate to the female's zone. Also, the males fight for female. About their sexual relations are based on have the head and neck stretched forward so the male is situated behind the female with small strokes with legs

Feed: It is essentially phytophagous, generally the goat eats all kind of plant foods. In the winter eats bark and branches. It shows great craving for salt. They don't have need to drink water. The mountain goat or Ibex has been very widespread. It has varied the diet's amplitude and food types from one area to other different periods. Also, ibex are in high mountains areas with ample pasture; or in habitats with shrub-tree masses. Their feed strategy it is based to consume resources according to their availability

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