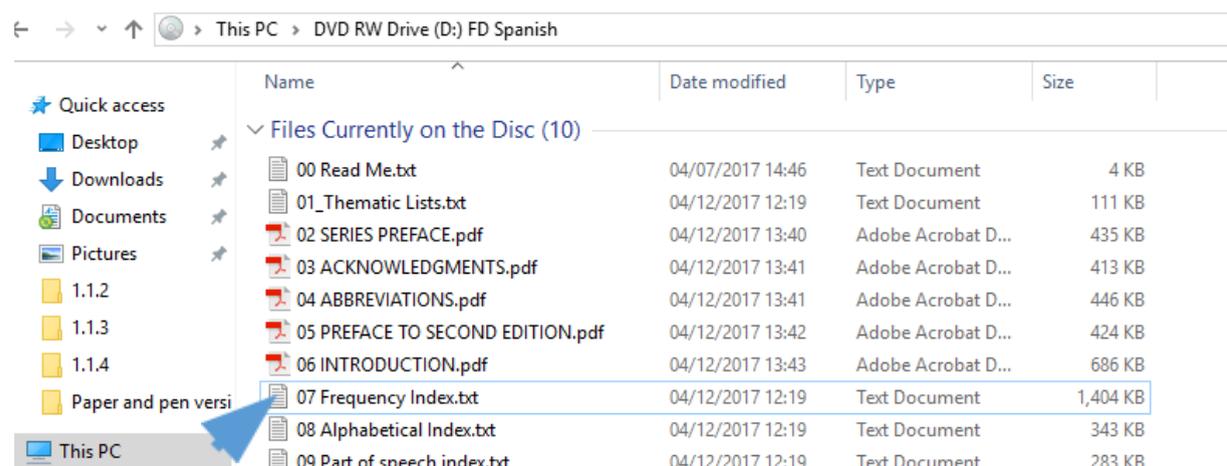
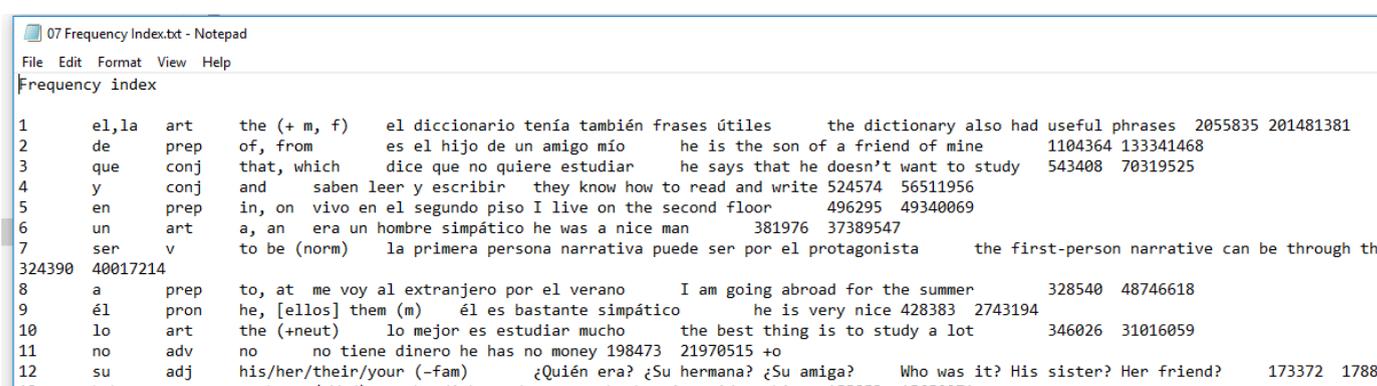


## Using the Routledge frequency dictionary CDs

You can follow the steps below for the French, Spanish or German CDs.



Open the 'Frequency Index' file.



You will see all of the information in .txt format. To see it more clearly, select all of the contents (Ctrl+A), then copy it (Ctrl+C). Open a new Excel sheet and paste it (Ctrl+V).

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Frequency index							
2								
3	1	el,la	art	the (+ m, f)	el diccionario te	the dictionary als	2055835	201481381
4	2	de	prep	of, from	es el hijo de un	he is the son of a	1104364	133341468
5	3	que	conj	that, which	dice que no quie	he says that he d	543408	70319525
6	4	y	conj	and	saben leer y esc	they know how to	524574	56511956
7	5	en	prep	in, on	vivo en el segun	I live on the seco	496295	49340069
8	6	un	art	a, an	era un hombre s	he was a nice ma	381976	37389547

The data are now ordered. The frequency ranking of each word (1=most common) appears in the first column on the left. To search for a particular word, use Ctrl+F. It is also possible to filter the words in each column (e.g. to only see verbs). For an explanation of the filter function, see [here](#). The key for the part-of-speech abbreviations is in a pdf file on the CD.

*Note.* In the Spanish version, the column headers need to be added by the user. From left to right, these are: (1) ranked frequency; (2) headword; (3) part of speech (word class); (4)

English equivalent; (5) sample sentence; (6) translation to English; (7) raw frequency for fiction, spoken and non-fiction; and (8) raw frequency from web corpus.

Source: Davies, M. & Davies, K. (2018). *A frequency dictionary of Spanish: Core vocabulary for learners* (2nd ed.). London: Routledge.